## **ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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	Board of Supervisors	
Dean K. Pratt, Vice Chairman Ranny E. O'Dell	Andy McCready, Chair	Joseph Guthrie
	Ashley Edmonds, Clerk	Charles R. Bopp
	County School Board	
Michael Barbour, Vice Chair	Timothy Hurst, Chair	Bill Benson
Dr. Paige Cash	Teresa Porter, Clerk	Beckie Cox
	Social Services Board	
Don Hanshew	Faye Powell, Chair	Dean Pratt
Kimberly Matthews	Kim Riffey, Clerk	Terri Sternberg
	Library Board	
	Lynne Clark, Chair	
Margaret Spradlin, Vice Chair Lora Corey Dr. Kevin Siers		Meagan Pratt Parks Lanier, Jr. Jennifer McCarthy
Jan Booker		Andrew Foxx

### Other Officials

Commonwealth's Attorney	K. Mike Fleenor
Commissioner of the Revenue	Donna Gray
Treasurer	Melinda Worrell
Sheriff	Michael W. Worrell
Clerk of the Circuit Court	Maetta H. Crewe
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Kevin Siers
Director of Social Services	Guy Smith
County Administrator	Jonathan Sweet
County Attorney	Timothy Kirtner





# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

#### Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Pulaski, Virginia

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pulaski, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pulaski, Virginia, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 22 to the financial statements, in 2019, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 88 *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 6-15, 102, and 103-115 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Pulaski, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

#### Supplementary and Other Information (continued)

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2019 on our consideration of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia December 4, 2019

Robinson, Famer, Cox associates

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The discussion and analysis of the Pulaski County finances for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 (FY19) is offered as a way to broaden understanding of the County finances and the impact of those finances on services provided to Pulaski County residents. This report should be read in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow this section. In accordance with GASB 34 accounting standards, this report includes all County government functions including the Board of Supervisors and the Discretely Presented Component Units School Board, Pulaski County Public Service Authority (PSA), and Economic Development Authority of Pulaski County (EDA).

#### Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year 2018-19

- Total net position value of the primary government was \$53.9 million at the end of FY 19 based on total assets of \$144.6 million, total liabilities of \$81.2 million, deferred outflows of resources of \$1.4 million, and deferred inflows of resources of \$10.9 million (Exhibit 1). As noted in Exhibit 1, liabilities include total payout of long-term debt associated with school construction and remodeling, lease purchase agreements, landfill post-closure monitoring costs, compensated absences, pension liabilities, and other post-employment benefits while the total assets reflect the depreciated value of existing county owned facilities.
- For FY 19 combined program and general revenues of \$57.2 million exceeded general expenditures of \$46.9 million by approximately \$10.3 million (Exhibit 2). The increase in net position is explained further in the Statement of Activities analysis of the Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole section below.
- As described in Exhibit 11, total general fund revenues were \$2.2 million or 4% less than the budgeted \$60.8 million revenue estimate while expenditures were \$6.8 million, or 11% less than the \$61.4 million budgeted expenditures (including transfers). The net change in fund balance was an increase of \$4.6 million.
- The County's total outstanding debt for school improvements, school construction, economic development, compensated absences, landfill monitoring, net pension liability, and other post-employment benefits showed a net decrease of \$5.2 million from \$75.2 million on July 1, 2018 to \$70 million on June 30, 2019 (Note 6).
- As described in Note 19, the unassigned fund balance as of June 30, 2019 for the General fund was \$15.8 million, or 10.9% of budgeted FY 19 total County General fund, other governmental funds and Component Unit, School Board operating expenditures in the amount of \$144.3 million. The Board of Supervisors has historically tried to maintain a reserve of the General fund balance of at least 10% of General, Special Revenue and Component Unit fund expenditures in order to ensure adequate cash flow throughout the budget cycle and in accordance with good management practices.
- As described in Exhibit 5, the general fund balance increased by approximately \$4 million. That amount is explained further in the Analysis of the County Funds section below.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County of Pulaski's basic financial statements which are comprised of three sections: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements** - The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the County is improving or deteriorating when considering both financial condition and physical assets.

The *statement of activities* shows how the government's *net position* changed during the recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for items that will result in financial changes in the present *and* future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, education, parks, recreation and cultural, and community development. Business-type activities include the operation of the water, sewer, and refuse services by the Public Service Authority; and leasing of industrial buildings by the Economic Development Authority.

The government-wide financial statements include the County (known as the *primary government*), as well as funds of the Pulaski County School Board, the Pulaski County Public Service Authority, and the Economic Development Authority of Pulaski County (known as the *component units*). Financial information for component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find this portion of the audit report more familiar. The focus of this section of the audit report is on the County's most significant funds, and the fund financial statements provide more information about these funds – not the County as a whole.

The County has three kinds of funds:

<u>Governmental funds</u> – Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on how cash and other financial assets, that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements report financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided in separate exhibits (4&6) that explains the relationship (or difference) between them.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> – When the County charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported utilizing the full accrual accounting method as are all activities reported in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. The County's proprietary funds consist of two internal service funds, the Health Insurance Premiums Fund and the Information Technology, Garage, and Communication Service Fund. The assets, deferred outflows of

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds are reported in the governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> – The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The County's fiduciary funds include Special Welfare, Performance Bond, and the Employee Flexible Benefits.

<u>Notes to the basic financial statements</u> - The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Required supplementary information</u> - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's budgetary comparisons and progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

#### Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole

A comparative analysis of government-wide information is as follows:

#### **Summary of Net Position:**

Details in the government-wide financial statements for FY 19 can be found in Exhibit 1. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position (in millions) comparing FY 18 to FY 19.

#### **Summary of Net Position:**

	Total Primary Government				Component Unit School Board			
		<u>2019</u>		2018	-	<u> 2019</u>	<u> </u>	2018
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$	80.0 64.7	\$	83.4 50.4	\$	5.7 9.8	\$	6.0 9.5
Total assets	\$	144.7	\$	133.8	\$	15.5	\$	15.5
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1.4	\$	1.4	\$	4.6	\$	4.6
Other liabilities Long term liabilities	\$	11.2 70.0	\$	5.4 75.2	\$	3.7 41.3	\$	3.9 44.2
Total liabilities	\$	81.2	\$	80.6	\$	45.0	\$	48.1
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	10.9	\$	10.9	\$	6.6	\$	6.6
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	33.9 0.3 19.8	\$	28.2 0.0 15.4	\$	9.8 0.0 (41.2)	\$	9.5 0.0 (44.1)
Total net position	\$	54.0	\$	43.6	\$	(31.4)	\$	(34.6)

The County's combined net position increased from \$43.6 million to \$54 million, as explained in the Statement of Activities section below. Unrestricted net position, the portion of net position that can be used to finance the day-to-day activities of the County, totaled \$19.8 million. The County's net investment in capital assets represents the amount of capital assets owned by the County totaling \$33.9 million. Net position is reported as restricted when constraints on asset use are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, regulators, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. For example, seized asset funds are restricted so that they can be used for specific law enforcement purposes. The Component Unit School Board net position increased by \$3.2 million, from \$(34.6) million in FY18 to (\$31.4) million in FY 19. The School Board net investment in capital assets totaled \$9.8 million.

#### **Capital Assets**

The following tables display the County's and School Board's (Component Unit) capital assets at June 30, 2019, as well as the change in capital assets for FY 19 in millions of dollars:

#### **Capital Assets:**

	Total Primary					Component Unit			
		Gover	nmer	nt		School Board			
	2019		<u> </u>	2018	2019		2	2018	
Non-Depreciable Assets:									
Land	\$	3.0	\$	2.8	\$	0.9	\$	0.9	
Construction in Progress		17.0		2.8		0.2		0.2	
Other Capital Assets:									
Buildings and systems		62.3		61.2		21.7		21.7	
Machinery and Equipment		16.5		15.3		11.0		10.5	
Accumulated Depreciation		(34.1)		(31.7)		(24.0)		(23.8)	
Totals	\$	64.7	\$	50.4	\$	9.8	\$	9.5	

# **County Changes in Capital Assets:**

Non-Depreciable Assets:	Ju	Balance, June 30, 2018 <u>Additions</u> <u>Deletions</u>						Balance, June 30, <u>2019</u>			
•	<b>ው</b>	2.8	φ	0.0	φ		φ	2.0			
Land	\$	2.0	\$	0.2	\$	-	\$	3.0			
Construction in Progress		2.8		15.0		(8.0)		17.0			
Other Capital Assets:											
Buildings and systems		61.2		1.1		0.0		62.3			
Machinery and Equipment		15.2		1.3		0.0		16.5			
Accumulated Depreciation		(31.7)		(2.4)		0.0		(34.1)			
Totals	\$	50.3	\$	15.2	\$	(8.0)	\$	64.7			

# Component Unit-School Board Changes in Capital Assets:

	Ju	alance, ne 30, 2 <u>018</u>	0,					Balance, June 30, <u>2019</u>		
Non-Depreciable Assets:	•	0.0	•		•		•			
Land	\$	0.9	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0.9		
Construction in Progress		0.2		0.0		0.0		0.2		
Other Capital Assets:										
Buildings and systems		21.7		0.5		(0.5)		21.7		
Machinery and Equipment		10.5		8.0		(0.3)		11.0		
Accumulated Depreciation		(23.7)		(1.0)		0.7		(24.0)		
Totals	\$	9.6	\$	0.3	\$	(0.1)	\$	9.8		

These amounts include School Board assets presented as part of the Primary Government's capital assets because they are financed through long-term debt. Additional detailed capital asset information can be found in Note 13 in the "Notes to Financial Statements" section of the report.

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

The following table displays the County and Component Unit – School Board's outstanding long-term obligations at June 30, 2019, in millions of dollars:

		Prim Goveri	,	+		•	nent Unit ol Board		
		2019		2 <u>018</u>	<u>2019</u>			2 <u>018</u>	
General Obligation Bonds	\$	51.8	\$	54.5	\$	_	\$	_	
Literary Loans	Ψ	3.7	Ψ	4.2	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	
Lease Revenue Note		6.9		7.8		-		-	
Notes Payable		-		0.1		-		-	
Unamortized Bond Premium		1.6		2.0		-		-	
Unamortized Bond Discount		(0.5)		(0.5)		-		-	
Landfill Post Closure Liability		0.3		0.3		-		-	
Net OPEB Liabilites		2.0		2.0		8.3		8.6	
Net Pension Liability		2.9		3.6		31.6		34.2	
Compensated Absences		1.3		1.2		1.4		1.4	
Total	\$	70.0	\$	75.2	\$	41.3	\$	44.2	

Long-term obligations for the County decreased by \$5.2 million in FY19. Long-term obligations of the Component Unit-School Board decreased by \$2.9 million due to a significant decrease in net pension liability. Additional detailed information on long-term obligations activity can be found in Note 6 and Note 7 in the "Notes to Financial Statements".

#### **Statement of Activities:**

The following comparative table shows the revenues and expenses of the governmental activities for FY19 and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 (FY19) (in millions) as show in Exhibit 2:

	Total Primary Government					Component Unit School Board			
	2	<u> 2019</u>	2	<u>2018</u>	2	<u> 2019</u>	2	<u> 2018</u>	
Revenues:									
Program Revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	1.2	\$	0.7	\$	1.1	\$	1.5	
Operating grants and contributions		12.0		12.6		32.5		31.4	
Capital grants and contributions		0.1		0.1		-		0.4	
General Revenues:									
General property taxes		31.4		28.8		-		-	
Other local taxes		7.8		7.6		-		-	
Other		1.9		0.8		0.1		0.1	
Payments from County		-		-		14.9		15.2	
Total Revenues	\$	54.4	\$	50.6	\$	48.6	\$	48.6	
Expenses:									
General government	\$	2.7	\$	2.8	\$	_	\$	_	
Judicial administration	·	1.9	·	2.1		_		_	
Public safety		10.7		9.9		_		_	
Public works		1.9		2.6		_		_	
Health and welfare		9.5		10.5		_		_	
Education		15.5		16.5		45.4		45.1	
Parks, recreation and cultural		1.6		1.6		_		_	
Community development		1.2		3.5		_		_	
Non-Departmental		_		_		_		_	
Interest on long term debt		1.9		1.7		-		-	
Total Expenses	\$	46.9	\$	51.2	\$	45.4	\$	45.1	
Grants and Contributions (Not related to specific programs)	\$	2.7	\$	2.6	\$	-	\$	-	
Transfers		-		-		_		-	
Net Position, Beginning of Year		43.7		41.7		(34.6)		(38.1)	
Net Position, End of Year	\$	53.9	\$	43.7	\$	(31.4)	\$	(34.6)	

#### Revenues

For FY19, revenues from governmental funds totaled \$54.4 million. General property tax revenues, the County's largest revenue source, were \$31.4 million, an increase of \$2.6 million. Other local taxes (including local sales tax, communications tax, hotel and motel room taxes, and meals tax) were \$7.8 million, with a \$0.2 increase over FY18. All other revenues increased with the exception of operating grants and capital grants.

The Component Unit School Board revenues totaled \$48.6 million for FY19, which equals revenues for fiscal year 2018 while expenses increased by \$0.3 million. Component Unit School Board state and federal revenues increased by \$1.1 million, while charges for services increased by \$0.3 million which resulted in a decrease of local government transfer of \$0.3 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

#### **Expenses**

For FY 19, expenses for primary governmental activities totaled \$46.9 million, a decrease of \$3.3 million over the prior year. Details on categorical expenditures are shown in the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance chart below.

Education is a very high priority in Pulaski County; consequently, the Board of Supervisors contributed \$14.9 million to the operation of the Pulaski County schools excluding debt service costs. This accounts for approximately 25% of the County's total budgeted expenditures. It should also be noted that the Board of Supervisors has carried over any unused portion of the FY19 contribution to FY20 to use towards School capital improvements in the amount of \$647,504.

#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

For FY19, the general fund reflects a fund balance of \$18.7 million, an increase of \$4 million from FY18. The following table shows a comparison of revenues and expenditures between the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 amounts for the General Fund as shown in Exhibit 5.

	General Fund							
		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>C</u>	hange		
Revenues:								
General Property Taxes	\$	31.3	\$	28.8	\$	2.5		
Other Local Taxes		7.8		7.5		0.3		
Permits, Fees and Licences		0.3		0.1		0.2		
Fines and Forfeitures		0.4		0.1		0.3		
Revenue from Use of Money/Property		0.5		0.4		0.1		
Charges for Services		0.5		0.5		-		
Miscellaneous		0.2		0.1		0.1		
Recovered Costs		0.9		1.3		(0.4)		
Revenue from Local Government		-		0.1		(0.1)		
Revenue from Commonwealth		11.3		11.3		-		
Revenue from Federal Government		3.5		3.7		(0.2)		
Total Revenues	\$	56.7	\$	53.9	\$	2.8		
Evnandituras								
Expenditures: General Government Administration	\$	2.9	\$	2.8	\$	0.1		
Judicial Administration	φ	2.9	Φ	2.0	Φ	0.1		
Public Safety		9.8		9.2		0.6		
Public Works		2.2		2.2		0.0		
Health and Welfare		9.8		10.5		(0.7)		
Education		14.9		14.9		(0.7)		
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1.6		1.5		0.1		
Community Development		1.2		3.5		(2.3)		
Non-Departmental		-		0.0		(0.1)		
Principal		4.2		2.5		1.7		
Interest		2.1		0.7		1.4		
Bond Issuance Costs				0.2		(0.2)		
Total Expenditures	\$	50.8	\$	50.2	\$	0.6		
Excess	\$	5.9	\$	3.7	\$	2.2		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1.9)		(4.9)		3.0		
Net Change in Fund Balance		4.00		(1.20)		5.2		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		14.7		15.9		(1.2)		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	18.7	\$	14.7	\$	4.0		

The General Fund saw increases in all revenue categories except for charges for services, recovered costs and state and federal revenues from FY18 to FY19 with an overall increase of \$2.8 million. This is mainly the result of an increase in the real estate tax rate increase due to issuance of school bonds in FY 18.

The total General Fund expenditures were decreased by \$2.4 million due largely to the decrease in other financing uses. Overall, other expenditure categories remained fairly consistent in FY19 with FY18 figures, with the exception of school debt service, resulting in a net increase in fund balance of \$4 million during FY 2019.

All school board unused appropriations from the 2019 fiscal year were carried over by the Board of Supervisors for use in the FY 2020 School Capital fund capital improvements in the amount of \$647,504.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The following table presents revenues and expenditures for the General Fund only for FY 19 (in millions):

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$ 30.4 \$	31.0 \$	31.3 \$	0.3
Other Local Taxes	7.6	7.8	7.8	-
Permits, Fees and Licenses	0.1	0.3	0.3	-
Fines and Forfeitures	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.1
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.2
Charges for Services	0.6	0.5	0.5	-
Miscellaneous	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1
Recovered Costs	1.0	1.2	0.9	(0.3)
Intergovermental	13.1	13.2	11.3	(1.9)
Other	3.6	3.8	3.5	-0.3
Total	\$ 56.8 \$	58.5 \$	56.7 \$	(1.8)
Expenditures and transfers:				
General Government Administration	\$ 3.1 \$	3.3 \$	2.9 \$	0.4
Judicial Administration	2.0	2.2	2.1	0.1
Public Safety	9.8	10.6	9.8	0.8
Public Works	2.3	2.5	2.2	0.3
Health and Welfare	13.0	13.1	9.8	3.3
Education	15.1	15.5	14.9	0.6
Parks, Recreation and Cultural	1.5	1.7	1.6	0.1
Community Development	1.2	1.3	1.2	0.1
Non-departmental	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Debt Service	5.1	5.0	4.2	0.8
Transfers	1.0	1.1	2.1	-1.0
Total	\$ 54.1 \$	56.3 \$	50.8 \$	5.5

It should be noted that this schedule is shown on the budgetary basis. In comparing the original budget to the amended budget both revenues and expenditures increased with the amended budget. Most of this change can be attributed to carry-over appropriations for County construction projects, economic development projects, and unused FY18 local funding for the Component Unit – School Board.

#### **Economic Factors and Future Budgets**

The primary factors affecting the financial viability of Pulaski County are limited options for revenue increases, continued fluctuations in state and federal revenues, public school funding demands, and capital projects and improvement priorities.

<u>Limited Revenue Options</u> - Community needs and inflationary pressures require that revenues or governmental efficiencies continue to increase in order to maintain and improve the quality of public services currently enjoyed by county residents. Locally generated revenues have historically increased at a rate of approximately 3%. During FY19, the rate of increase in local revenues was 5%, however we expect the trend to continue at 3% annually. There are legal limits placed by the General Assembly on how counties can raise revenue to meet community needs. An analysis of options indicates that the primary remaining options for raising needed revenue are limited to real estate taxes and personal property taxes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

State Revenues - Currently, state funding is projected to account or 32% or \$40.3 million, of the County and Component Unit School Board FY 2020 total budget, while local real estate taxes account for 39.8% percent of total County general fund revenues. A one percent change in state revenue results in a \$0.403 million change in the local budget, or the equivalent of a \$0.013 cent change on the real estate tax rate. Changes in State revenue have a direct impact on the financial picture of the County and on its ability to meet the needs of County residents.

<u>Public School Funding</u> – The demand for public school funding continues to increase year-to-year based on various factors relating to operations, personnel, capital needs and the continuation of the State to partially fund initiatives. General fund contributions to the public school system amount to 31.3% of the county's annual budget in FY 19-20 and there was a 2.48% increase in the local contribution for FY 19-20 over the FY 18-19 contribution.

<u>Capital Projects and Improvement Priorities</u> – The County has more than 50 general properties and buildings to maintain with more than 622,000 sq. ft. of facility space. Significant maintenance and repairs on many of these facilities are necessary in the next few years to insure their safe and continued use. Along with this need, the county will responsibly continue with their plans to replace expensive first responder apparatus that is reaching the end of its useful life.

Other factors that are expected to impact future budgets include:

- 1. Loss of capacity to further adjust the tax levy for future need based on the required increase needed to service the debt for the \$47 million consolidated Pulaski County Middle School project.
- 2. Future anticipated GASB Statement #75 increases for currently unfunded other post employment benefits.
- 3. Future anticipated GASB Statement #68 increases in County and School pension liability through the Virginia Retirement System.
- 4. Funding for the Capital Improvement Plan will need to address office space needs, preventative and proactive maintenance of the facilities, funding for the dissolution of joint services with the school system, and future equipment replacement.
- 5. The ability to maintain increasing operational costs will be dependent on revenue growth from business activity in the County and/or finding better ways of providing community services through resourceful and innovative means.
- 6. Funding of potential increases in healthcare costs.
- 7. Funding of continually increasing costs for the regional jail, social services, and State mandated comprehensive services provided to certain County youth.
- 8. The County will need to invest in additional economic development initiatives including the purchase of the next industrial park and conceptualization of future "shell" buildings making possible rapid response to business and industrial needs for new facilities.
- 9. There remains a long-term need for reducing operational costs through joint services, initiatives in the provision of public safety services, tax bill collections, and improved property maintenance.
- 10. The condition of the local, regional, state, and national economies and a resulting increase in demand for services should economic conditions continue their improvement.

#### **Contacting the County's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the resources it receives and their uses. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Jonathan Sweet, County Administrator at 143 Third Street NW, Suite 1, Pulaski, Virginia 24301, or telephone (540) 980-7705. The County's website address is <a href="https://www.pulaskicounty.org">www.pulaskicounty.org</a>. We welcome the opportunity to present the financial status of the County to citizens, community groups, and state agencies in which the resources of the County have a direct effect on the ability to improve the quality of life, while addressing nationwide economic and social changes impacting the community.



#### County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	<u>Pr</u> im	nary Government				Component l	Jnits	
	(	Governmental		School	Pι	ıblic Service	Econo	mic Development
		<u>Activities</u>		<b>Board</b>		Authority		<u>Authority</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	24,591,427	\$	2,051,593	\$	2,222,257	\$	482,828
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):								
Taxes		13,073,258		-		-		-
Other Local Taxes and Fees		401,337		-				-
Accounts Receivable		170,130		-		1,675,442		1,938
Capital Lease Receivable		-		-		-		4,898,100
Note Receivable		92,701		-		1,257,568		21,597,082
Rent Receivable		-		-		-		51,424
Interest Receivable		-		-		-		28,803
Prepaid Items		198,472		468,365		12,460		2,115
Due from Primary Government		-		2,258,138		-		300,000
Due from Other Governmental Units		2,136,155		1,007,599		-		-
Due from Component Units		405,481		-		-		-
Advances to Component Units		500,000		-		-		
Restricted Assets:		,						
Cash and Cash Equivalents		38,409,346		_		281,481		517,691
		30,407,340				201,401		317,071
Capital Assets:		2,996,331		050 340		225 254		2 202 042
Land		, ,		858,360		225,354		2,283,812
Buildings and Improvements		41,025,541		5,334,758		464,650		7,973,637
Machinery and Equipment		3,663,777		3,349,076		1,916,915		47,252
Infrastructure		-		-		21,393,505		-
Construction in Progress		16,996,732		214,121		2,109,040		277,400
Total Assets	\$	144,660,688	\$	15,542,010	\$	31,558,672	\$	38,462,082
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
	\$	274 711	\$		\$		ċ	
Deferred Charges on Refunding	Ş	274,711	þ	2 002 744	Þ	-	\$	-
Pension Related Items		859,240		3,802,714		143,644		-
OPEB Related Items		291,447	_	835,948	_	17,783		-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,425,398	\$	4,638,662	\$	161,427	\$	-
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	7,841,995	\$	89,147	ς	735,869	ς	252,575
Amounts Held for Others	*	7,011,773	7	07,117	7	733,007	7	517,691
Accrued Wages				3,596,513				317,071
_		1 525		3,370,313		-		-
Accrued Expenses		1,525		-		455.000		-
Customer Deposits		-		-		155,828		-
Accrued Interest Payable		852,049		-		15,200		31,612
Due to Component Units		2,558,138		-		-		-
Due to Primary Government		-		-		-		405,481
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		22,416
Long-Term Liabilities:								
Due Within One Year		5,400,447		1,048,328		440,915		1,489,264
Due in More Than One Year		64,587,409		40,295,541		9,894,773		21,177,562
Total Liabilities	\$	81,241,563	\$	45,029,529	\$	11,242,585	\$	23,896,601
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes	\$	9,953,929	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Pension Related Items		868,167		5,858,047		137,752		-
OPEB Related Items		77,555		738,600		33,981		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	10,899,651	\$	6,596,647	\$	171,733	\$	-
NET POSITION								
NET POSITION	¢	22 002 445	¢	0 754 245	ċ	16 724 024	¢	10 502 404
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	33,892,115	\$	9,756,315	þ	16,736,924	Ş	10,582,101
Restricted		287,975				281,481		
Unrestricted (Deficit)		19,764,782	_	(41,201,819)		3,287,376		3,983,380
Total Net Position	\$	53,944,872	\$	(31,445,504)	\$	20,305,781	\$	14,565,481

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Prograr	Program Revenue					_	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Revenue Net Positi	and on		
	I		O	Operating	Capital	ital	Primary G	Primary Government		,	Com	Component Units	S	
		Charges	ั้	Grants and	Grants and	and	Gover	Governmental	Sc	School	Public	Public Service		<b>Economic Development</b>
Functions/Programs	Expenses	for Services	Col	Contributions	Contributions	utions	Acti	Activities	ΔĬ	Board	Anth	Authority	41	Authority
Primary Government:														
Governmental Activities:														
General Government Administration	\$ 2,660,377	\$ 470	۰ %	292,457	s		\$	(2,367,450)						
Judicial Administration	1,945,251	403,131	_	1,928,086				385,966						
Public Safety	10,668,415	427,323	3	2,414,874				(7,826,218)						
Public Works	1,949,125	26,615	2	12,407				(1,910,103)						
Health and Welfare	9,518,680	•		7,302,208				(2,216,472)						
Education	15,549,922	•						(15,549,922)						
Parks, Recreation and Cultural	1,566,378	294,141	_	139,294				(1,132,943)						
Community Development	1,181,486	•		•		128,397		(1,053,089)						
Interest	1,870,352	•						(1,870,352)						
Total Primary Government	\$ 46,909,986	\$ 1,151,680	\$ 0	12,089,326	\$	128,397	\$	(33,540,583)						
Component Units:														
School Board	\$ 45,365,648	\$ 1.132.536	۷,	32,542,305	v	,			2	(11,690,807)	v	,	<i>~</i>	
Public Service Authority		Ū			,					, ,,,,,,,	<b>,</b>	(189 135)	<b>&gt;</b>	
Economic Development Authority	5.661.990	654,611	· <del>-</del>	790.378								(551,651)		(4.217.001)
Total Company High	027 02C 07 3	4	, (	רטי נוני נו	ų				,	7700 002 77	ų	(100 405)	Ų	(4.24.7.004)
lotal Component Omes	6/1,0/5,00 \$	\$ 10,940,33		33,332,003	n					1,09,060,1	٠	(109, 133)	^	(4,217,001)
	General Revenues:													
	General Property Taxes	Se					Ş	31,370,107	s		s		s	
	Other Local Taxes													
	Local Sales and Use Taxes	Taxes						3,543,264						
	Consumers' Utility T	Taxes						657,497						
	Business Licenses							894,443						
	Consumption Taxes							103,268						
	Motor Vehicle Licenses	nses						576,367						
	Bank Stock Taxes							21,402						
	Taxes on Recordation and Wills	on and Wills						126,195						
	Hotel and Motel Room Taxes	om Taxes						365,125						
	Restaurant Food Taxes	ixes						1,562,132						
	Unrestricted Revenues from Use of Money and Property	s from Use of Mor	ney and Pro	perty				1,612,865		13,826		38,934		14,206
	Miscellaneous							301,726		35,574		185,639		1,123
	Payments from Primary Government	ry Government							_	14,842,894		135,930		50,367
	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs	ons Not Restricte	d to Specifi	c Programs				2,663,341				000,6		
	Total General Revenues	unes		)			\$	43,797,732	\$	14,892,294	s	369,503	s	969,699
	Change in Net Position							10,257,149		3,201,487		180,368		(4,151,305)
	Net Position - Beginning,	, as restated						43,687,723	3	(34,646,991)	20	20,125,413		18,716,786
	Net Position - Ending						\$	53,944,872	\$ (3	(31,445,504)	\$ 50	20,305,781	s	14,565,481

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### County of Pulaski, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

ASSETS		<u>General</u>		School CIP Fund		County CIP Fund		<u>Total</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	18,731,804	Ś		Ś	1,563,614	Ś	20,295,418
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):	*	.0,75.,00.	7		~	.,555,51.	7	20,270,
Taxes		13,073,258		_		-		13,073,258
Other Local Taxes and Fees		401,337		-		-		401,337
Accounts		3,871		66,376		1,415		71,662
Loans		92,701				-		92,701
Due from Other Funds		248,104		294,412		-		542,516
Due from Other Governmental Units		2,092,850		-		43,305		2,136,155
Prepaid items		86,575		-		-		86,575
Due from Component Units		136,441		-		269,040		405,481
Advances to Component Units		500,000		-		-		500,000
Restricted:								
Cash and cash equivalents		-		38,409,346		-		38,409,346
Total Assets	\$	35,366,941	\$	38,770,134	\$	1,877,374	\$	76,014,449
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	984,185	\$	5,973,934	\$	150,254	\$	7,108,373
Due to Other Funds		181,612		248,104		181,228		610,944
Due to Component Units		2,558,138		-		-		2,558,138
Accrued liabilities		1,525		-		-		1,525
Total Liabilities	\$	3,725,460	\$	6,222,038	\$	331,482	\$	10,278,980
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$	12,782,400	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,782,400
Unearned Revenue - Loans		92,701		-		-		92,701
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	12,875,101	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,875,101
FUND BALANCE								
Nonspendable	\$	586,575	\$	-	\$	-	\$	586,575
Restricted		287,975		32,548,096		-		32,836,071
Committed		-				1,545,892		1,545,892
Assigned		2,150,749		-		-		2,150,749
Unassigned		15,741,081		-		-		15,741,081
Total Fund Balances	\$	18,766,380	\$	32,548,096	\$	1,545,892	\$	52,860,368
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	35,366,941	\$	38,770,134	\$	1,877,374	\$	76,014,449

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$ 52,860,368
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Land	\$ 2,996,331	
Building and Improvements	41,025,541	
Machinery and Equipment	3,663,777	
Construction in Progress	 16,996,732	64,682,381
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures		
and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$ 2,828,471	
Loans Receivable	 92,701	2,921,172
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities,		
such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds.		
The assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows of the internal		
service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		3,841,180
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Pension related items	\$ 859,240	
OPEB related items	 291,447	1,150,687
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the		
current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ (51,754,587)	
Literary Loans	(3,732,865)	
Lease Revenue Notes	(6,926,969)	
Unamortized Bond Premiums	(1,607,901)	
Unamortized Bond Discounts	455,557	
Landfill Post-Closure Monitoring Costs	(270,116)	
Net Pension Liability	(2,873,283)	
Net OPEB Liabilities	(2,007,449)	
Deferred Charge on Refunding	274,711	
Compensated Absences	(1,270,243)	
Accrued Interest Payable	 (852,049)	(70,565,194)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore,		
are not reported in the funds.		
Pension related items	\$ (868,167)	
OPEB related items	 (77,555)	(945,722)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 53,944,872

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		General <u>Fund</u>		School CIP Fund		County <u>CIP Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES								
General Property Taxes	\$	31,255,925	\$	-	\$	-	\$	31,255,925
Other Local Taxes		7,849,693		-		-		7,849,693
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses		258,938		-		-		258,938
Fines and Forfeitures		390,284		-		-		390,284
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		532,178		1,080,687		-		1,612,865
Charges for Services		502,458		-		-		502,458
Miscellaneous		229,624		-		109,375		338,999
Recovered Costs		950,000		-		5,590		955,590
Intergovernmental		14,752,667		-		128,397		14,881,064
Total Revenues	\$	56,721,767	\$	1,080,687	\$	243,362	\$	58,045,816
EXPENDITURES								
Current:		2 024 475	,		,	207.425	,	2 200 200
General Government Administration	\$	2,921,675	\$	-	\$	387,625	\$	3,309,300
Judicial Administration		2,083,683		-		-		2,083,683
Public Safety		9,812,450		-		1,537,936		11,350,386
Public Works		2,208,951		-		155,296		2,364,247
Health and Welfare		9,777,818		-		-		9,777,818
Education		14,858,552		-				14,858,552
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1,587,933		-		499,458		2,087,391
Community Development		1,171,361		-		40,404		1,211,765
Non-Departmental		-		-		-		-
Capital Projects		-		14,213,262		-		14,213,262
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		4,177,665		-		-		4,177,665
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		2,190,675		-		-		2,190,675
Total Expenditures	\$	50,790,763	\$	14,213,262	\$	2,620,719	\$	67,624,744
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	5,931,004	\$	(13,132,575)	\$	(2,377,357)	\$	(9,578,928)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In	\$	1,921,235	\$	-	\$	1,200,592	\$	3,121,827
Transfers Out		(3,816,721)		-		-		(3,816,721)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(1,895,486)	\$	-	\$	1,200,592	\$	(694,894)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	4,035,518	\$	(13,132,575)	\$	(1,176,765)	\$	(10,273,822)
Fund Balance - Beginning	•	14,730,862	·	45,680,671		2,722,657	•	63,134,190
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	18,766,380	\$	32,548,096	\$	1,545,892	\$	52,860,368

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

·				
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:				
Net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds			\$ (10,273,82	22)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the				
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their				
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the				
amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.				
Capital outlays	\$	16,784,979		
Depreciation expenses		(2,463,664)	14,321,31	15
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales,				
trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.				
Transfer of asset to IDA			(50,36	57)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources				
are not reported as revenues in the funds.				
Decrease (Increase) in unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	114,182		
Decrease (Increase) in unavailable revenue - loans		(37,273)	76,90	)9
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current				
financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal				
of long-term obligation consumes the current financial resources of				
governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.				
Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar				
items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and				
amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the effect of these				
differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.				
Debt issued or incurred:		40 TOT)		
Landfill post-closure monitoring costs	\$	(2,735)		
Principal repayments:		2 775 720		
General obligation bonds		2,775,738		
Literary loans		425,914		
Lease revenue notes Note payable		912,548 63,465	4,174,93	٩n
ноге рауавте		03,703	7,177,75	,0
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of				
current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.				
Changes in OPEB related items	\$	149,012		
Changes in pension related items	7	770,852		
(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences		(98,074)		
(Increase) Decrease in accrued interest payable		(54,929)		
Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding		(34,339)		
Amortization of bond premiums and discounts		409,591	1,142,11	13
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain				
activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The				
net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with				
governmental activities.			866,07	71
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ 10,257,14	49
			+ .0,20.,1	<u> </u>

#### County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

ASSETS	Ith Insurance Premiums <u>Fund</u>	Te Ga Com	formation chnology, trage, and munication vice Fund	tal Internal rvice Funds
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,296,009	\$	-	\$ 4,296,009
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):				
Accounts Receivable	-		98,468	98,468
Due from Other Funds	-		68,428	68,428
Prepaid Items	 -		111,897	 111,897
Total Assets	\$ 4,296,009	\$	278,793	\$ 4,574,802
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 64,354	\$	82,290	\$ 146,644
IBNR Payable	586,978		-	586,978
Total Liabilities	\$ 651,332	\$	82,290	\$ 733,622
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted	\$ 3,644,677	\$	196,503	\$ 3,841,180
Total Net Position	\$ 3,644,677	\$	196,503	\$ 3,841,180

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

CPERATING REVENUES           Charges for Services:         1         \$ 354,975         \$ 354,975         \$ 354,975         \$ 354,975         \$ 354,975         \$ 354,975         \$ 354,975         \$ 354,975         \$ 354,975         \$ 1,723,547         1,723,547         \$ 3,179         \$ 3,179<		ilth Insurance Premiums <u>Fund</u>	T G Coi	nformation echnology, arage, and mmunication ervice Fund	otal Internal ervice Funds
Name	OPERATING REVENUES				
Garage Charges         -         1,723,547         1,723,547           Communication Charges         -         105,664         105,664           Other Revenues:         ************************************	Charges for Services:				
Communication Charges         -         105,664         105,664           Other Revenues:         -         53,179         53,179           Miscellaneous         8,497,965         -         8,497,965           Insurance Premiums         \$ 8,497,965         \$ 2,237,365         \$ 10,735,330           OPERATING EXPENSES         S         808,168         \$ 808,168           Information Technology         \$ -         \$ 808,168         \$ 808,168           Central Garage         -         2,030,222         2,030,222           Communications         -         112,789         112,789           Insurance Claims and Expenses         7,611,883         -         7,611,883           Total Operating Expenses         \$ 7,611,883         \$ 2,952,270         \$ 10,564,153           Operating Income (Loss)         \$ 886,082         \$ (714,905)         \$ 171,177           Transfer In         \$ 886,082         \$ (20,011)         \$ 866,071           Net Position - Beginning         2,758,595         216,514         2,975,109	Information Technology Charges	\$ -	\$	354,975	\$ 354,975
Other Revenues:         Miscellaneous         53,179         53,179         53,179         153,179         253,179	Garage Charges	-		1,723,547	1,723,547
Miscellaneous         -         53,179         53,179           Insurance Premiums         8,497,965         -         8,497,965           Total Operating Revenues         \$ 8,497,965         \$ 2,237,365         \$ 10,735,330           OPERATING EXPENSES         S         -         \$ 808,168         \$ 808,168           Information Technology         \$ -         \$ 2,030,222         2,030,222           Central Garage         -         2,030,222         2,030,222           Communications         -         112,789         112,789           Insurance Claims and Expenses         7,611,883         -         7,611,883           Total Operating Expenses         \$ 7,611,883         \$ 2,952,270         \$ 10,564,153           Operating Income (Loss)         \$ 886,082         \$ (714,905)         \$ 171,177           Transfer In         \$ 886,082         \$ (20,011)         \$ 866,071           Net Position - Beginning         2,758,595         216,514         2,975,109	Communication Charges	-		105,664	105,664
Insurance Premiums         8,497,965         -         8,497,965           Total Operating Revenues         \$ 8,497,965         \$ 2,237,365         \$ 10,735,330           OPERATING EXPENSES           Information Technology         \$ 0.000         \$ 808,168         \$ 808,168           Central Garage         \$ 2,030,222         2,030,222	Other Revenues:				
Total Operating Revenues         \$ 8,497,965         \$ 2,237,365         \$ 10,735,330           OPERATING EXPENSES         Information Technology         \$ 808,168         \$ 808,168           Central Garage         -         2,030,222         2,030,222           Communications         -         112,789         112,789           Insurance Claims and Expenses         7,611,883         -         7,611,883           Total Operating Expenses         \$ 7,611,883         \$ 2,952,270         \$ 10,564,153           Operating Income (Loss)         \$ 886,082         \$ (714,905)         \$ 171,177           Transfer In         \$ -         \$ 694,894         \$ 694,894           Change in Net Position         \$ 886,082         \$ (20,011)         \$ 866,071           Net Position - Beginning         2,758,595         216,514         2,975,109	Miscellaneous	-		53,179	53,179
OPERATING EXPENSES           Information Technology         \$ - \$ 808,168 \$ 808,168           Central Garage         - 2,030,222 2,030,222           Communications         112,789 112,789           Insurance Claims and Expenses         7,611,883 - 7,611,883           Total Operating Expenses         \$ 7,611,883 \$ 2,952,270         \$ 10,564,153           Operating Income (Loss)         \$ 886,082 \$ (714,905) \$ 171,177           Transfer In         \$ 886,082 \$ (20,011) \$ 866,071           Net Position - Beginning         2,758,595 216,514 2,975,109	Insurance Premiums	8,497,965		-	8,497,965
Information Technology	Total Operating Revenues	\$ 8,497,965	\$	2,237,365	\$ 10,735,330
Central Garage         -         2,030,222         2,030,22         2,030,22         2,030,22         2,030,22         2,030,22         2,030,22         2,030,22         2,030,22         2,030,22         2,030,22         2,030,22         2,030,22         2,030,22	OPERATING EXPENSES				
Communications         -         112,789         112,789           Insurance Claims and Expenses         7,611,883         -         7,611,883           Total Operating Expenses         \$ 7,611,883         \$ 2,952,270         \$ 10,564,153           Operating Income (Loss)         \$ 886,082         \$ (714,905)         \$ 171,177           Transfer In         \$ -         \$ 694,894         \$ 694,894           Change in Net Position         \$ 886,082         \$ (20,011)         \$ 866,071           Net Position - Beginning         2,758,595         216,514         2,975,109	Information Technology	\$ -	\$	808,168	\$ 808,168
Insurance Claims and Expenses         7,611,883         -         7,611,883           Total Operating Expenses         \$ 7,611,883         \$ 2,952,270         \$ 10,564,153           Operating Income (Loss)         \$ 886,082         \$ (714,905)         \$ 171,177           Transfer In         \$ -         \$ 694,894         \$ 694,894           Change in Net Position         \$ 886,082         \$ (20,011)         \$ 866,071           Net Position - Beginning         2,758,595         216,514         2,975,109	Central Garage	-		2,030,222	2,030,222
Total Operating Expenses         -         1,091         1,091           Operating Income (Loss)         \$ 7,611,883         \$ 2,952,270         \$ 10,564,153           Operating Income (Loss)         \$ 886,082         \$ (714,905)         \$ 171,177           Transfer In         \$ -         \$ 694,894         \$ 694,894           Change in Net Position         \$ 886,082         \$ (20,011)         \$ 866,071           Net Position - Beginning         2,758,595         216,514         2,975,109	Communications	-		112,789	112,789
Total Operating Expenses         \$ 7,611,883         \$ 2,952,270         \$ 10,564,153           Operating Income (Loss)         \$ 886,082         \$ (714,905)         \$ 171,177           Transfer In         \$ -         \$ 694,894         \$ 694,894           Change in Net Position         \$ 886,082         \$ (20,011)         \$ 866,071           Net Position - Beginning         2,758,595         216,514         2,975,109	Insurance Claims and Expenses	7,611,883		-	7,611,883
Operating Income (Loss)         \$ 886,082         \$ (714,905)         \$ 171,177           Transfer In         \$ -         \$ 694,894         \$ 694,894           Change in Net Position         \$ 886,082         \$ (20,011)         \$ 866,071           Net Position - Beginning         2,758,595         216,514         2,975,109		-		1,091	1,091
Transfer In         \$         \$         694,894         \$         694,894           Change in Net Position         \$         886,082         \$         (20,011)         \$         866,071           Net Position - Beginning         2,758,595         216,514         2,975,109	Total Operating Expenses	\$ 7,611,883	\$	2,952,270	\$ 10,564,153
Change in Net Position       \$ 886,082       \$ (20,011)       \$ 866,071         Net Position - Beginning       2,758,595       216,514       2,975,109	Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 886,082	\$	(714,905)	\$ 171,177
Net Position - Beginning         2,758,595         216,514         2,975,109	Transfer In	\$ -	\$	694,894	\$ 694,894
	Change in Net Position	\$ 886,082	\$	(20,011)	\$ 866,071
	Net Position - Beginning	2,758,595		216,514	2,975,109
	• •	\$ 	\$		\$ 

#### County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Charges to County Department and other organizations  Charges to County Department and other organizations  Other receipts (payments)  Payments to suppliers for goods and services  Receipts for insurance premiums  Receipts for insurance premiums  Payments for insurance premiums  (7,387,744)  Total cash provided by (used for) operating activities  CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING  ACTIVITIES  Transfers from other funds  Shapping  Transfers from other funds  Transfers from other funds  Transfers from other funds  Shapping  Transfers from other funds  Transfers from other funds  Transfers from other funds  Transfers from other fund
Other receipts (payments)       -       53,179       53,179         Payments to suppliers for goods and services       -       (2,963,176)       (2,963,176)         Receipts for insurance premiums       8,497,965       -       8,497,965         Payments for insurance premiums       (7,387,744)       -       (7,387,744)         Total cash provided by (used for) operating activities       \$ 1,110,221       \$ (694,894)       \$ 415,32         CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING         ACTIVITIES       \$ -       \$ 694,894       \$ 694,89         Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents       \$ 1,110,221       \$ -       \$ 1,110,22         Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning       \$ 3,185,788       \$ -       \$ 3,185,78
Payments to suppliers for goods and services         - (2,963,176)         (2,963,176)         (2,963,176)         (2,963,176)         (2,963,176)         (2,963,176)         (2,963,176)         Receipts for insurance premiums         - 8,497,965         - 8,497,965         - 8,497,965         - (7,387,744)         - (7,387,744)         - (7,387,744)         - (7,387,744)         - (7,387,744)         - (7,387,744)         - (7,387,744)         - (8,497,965)         - (1,110,221)         \$ (694,894)         \$ (694,
Receipts for insurance premiums         8,497,965         -         8,497,965         -         8,497,965         -         1,7387,744         -         1,7387,744         -         1,7387,744         -         1,7387,744         -         1,7387,744         -         1,7387,744         -         1,7387,744         -         1,7387,744         -         1,7387,744         -         1,7387,744         -         1,7387,744         -         1,7387,744         -         1,7387,744         -         1,7387,744         -         1,7387,744         -         1,7387,744         -         1,7387,744         -         1,7387,744         -         1,7387,744         -         -         1,7387,744         -         -         1,7387,744         -         -         1,7387,744         -         -         -         1,7387,744         -
Payments for insurance premiums         (7,387,744)         -         (7,387,742)           Total cash provided by (used for) operating activities         \$ 1,110,221         \$ (694,894)         \$ 415,322           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING           ACTIVITIES         Transfers from other funds         \$ -         \$ 694,894         \$ 694,894           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 1,110,221         \$ -         \$ 1,110,22           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning         \$ 3,185,788         \$ -         \$ 3,185,788
Total cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ 1,110,221 \$ (694,894) \$ 415,32  CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING  ACTIVITIES  Transfers from other funds \$ - \$ 694,894 \$ 694,89  Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 1,110,221 \$ - \$ 1,110,22  Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning \$ 3,185,788 \$ - \$ 3,185,78
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from other funds  \$\$\frac{\\$5\$}{\\$04,894}\$\$\$\\$\\$694,894\$
ACTIVITIES         \$         694,894         \$
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents  \$ 1,110,221 \$ - \$ 1,110,22  Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning  \$ 3,185,788 \$ - \$ 3,185,78
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning \$ 3,185,788 \$ - \$ 3,185,78
<u> </u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO  NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:
Operating Income (Loss) _\$ 886,082 _\$ (714,905) \$ 171,17
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash
Provided by (used for) Operating Activities:
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable \$ 27,019 \$ 42,275 \$ 69,29
Increase (Decrease) in IBNR Payable 197,120 - 197,12
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable - 8,303 8,30
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds - 22,614 22,614
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items
Total Adjustments \$ 224,139 \$ 20,011 \$ 244,15
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities \$ 1,110,221 \$ (694,894) \$ 415,32

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

ASSETS	Agency <u>Funds</u>
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 229,121
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Amounts Held for Others:	
Special Welfare Fund	\$ 18,928
Performance Bond Fund	125,042
Employee Flexible Benefits Fund	 85,151
Total amounts held for others	\$ 229,121
Total Liabilities	\$ 229,121

#### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity:

County of Pulaski, Virginia is a political subdivision governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities, for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations.

#### Blended Component Units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. The component units are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

The <u>Pulaski County School Board</u> operates the elementary and secondary schools in the County. School Board members are elected by popular vote. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type. The School Board does not issue a separate report.

The <u>Pulaski County Public Service Authority</u> provides water, sewer, and garbage service to County residents. The Public Service Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County has issued several bonds payable by the Authority. In addition, the County Board of Supervisors appoints the Board of Directors. A copy of the Public Service Authority's report can be obtained from the Public Service Authority.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity: (continued)

The <u>Pulaski County Economic Development Authority</u> encourages and provides financing for industrial development in the County. The Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County. In addition, the Authority's Board is appointed by the County Board of Supervisors. A copy of the Economic Development Authority's report can be obtained from the Economic Development Authority.

Related Organizations - The County Board appoints board members to outside organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations do not extend beyond making the appointments.

The County along with the Counties of Carroll, Bland, Floyd, Giles, Grayson, and Wythe and the City of Radford participate in supporting the New River Valley Regional Jail Authority. The monthly payment made by the County to the Regional Jail is based on the number of prisoners housed for the County. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County paid \$1,890,653 for the confinement of prisoners.

The County and the Counties of Montgomery, Giles, Floyd, and the City of Radford participate in supporting New River Valley Community Services. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. The County contributed \$96,000 to NRVCS for the current year.

The County along with Counties in the surrounding area participate in supporting the New River Valley Juvenile Detention Home. The County contributed \$102,461 to the NRV Juvenile Detention Home for the current year.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Budgetary comparison schedules demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget. It is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. The budgetary comparison schedules present the original budget, the final budget, and the actual activity of the major governmental funds.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation:

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (continued)

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (continued)

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines, and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state, and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The County reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The general fund includes the activities of the Virginia Public Assistance, Prepaid Taxes, Comprehensive Services Act funds, and Debt Service funds for both the County and School Board.

The School CIP fund is reported as the County's major *capital projects fund*. The fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to be used for the acquisition and construction of major school capital projects.

The County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

The County CIP fund is reported as the County's nonmajor *capital projects fund*. The fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to be used for the acquisition and construction of major County capital projects as well as acquisitions of other types of capital assets.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (continued)

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds (Proprietary funds) account for and report the financing of goods and services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The internal service funds consist of the Information Technology, Garage, and Communications Service Fund and the Health Insurance Premiums Fund.

Fiduciary funds (Trust and Agency funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The Special Welfare, Performance Bond, and Employee Flexible Benefit Funds are reported as agency funds.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The Pulaski County School Board reports the following major fund:

The School Operating Fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from charges for services, appropriations from County of Pulaski, Virginia and state and federal grants.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/ Fund Balance:

#### 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### 2. Investments

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs)) and external investment pools are measured at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

#### 3. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

#### 4. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the following year if they remain unpaid. Real estate taxes are payable on June 5<sup>th</sup> and December 5<sup>th</sup>. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on October 15<sup>th</sup>. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

#### 5. Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$837,751 at June 30, 2019 and is comprised solely of real estate taxes delinquent for 20 years and personal property taxes delinquent for 5 years.

#### 6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 7. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather that when purchased.

#### 8. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

#### 8. Capital Assets (continued)

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Type	Years
Building and Improvements	20-40
Infrastructure	20-40
Machinery and Equipment	4-30

#### 9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Another item is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability and net OPEB liabilities and contributions to the pension and OPEB plans made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability and net OPEB liabilities measurement date. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

- D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)
  - 9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30<sup>th</sup>, and amounts prepaid on the 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30<sup>th</sup> and amounts prepaid on the 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability and net OPEB liabilities are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

#### 10. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

#### 11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 12. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI and Teacher HIC OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 13. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

#### 14. Fund Balance

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items and inventory or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund).

<u>Restricted</u> - amounts that are restricted by external parties such as creditors or imposed by grants, law or legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - amounts that have been committed (establish, modify, or rescind) by formal action by the entity's "highest level of decision-making authority"; which the County considers to be the Board of Directors.

<u>Assigned</u> - amounts that have been allocated by committee action where the government's intent is to use the funds for a specific purpose. The County considers this level of authority to be the Board of Directors or any Committee granted such authority by the Board of Directors.

<u>Unassigned</u> - this category is for any balances that have no restrictions placed upon them; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

The County's highest decision making level is the Board of Supervisors. Action from the Board of Supervisors is required to commit or release funds from commitment.

The County's Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved within the County fund balance policy.

#### 15. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

- D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)
  - 16. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

#### Note 2- Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

#### A. Budgetary Information:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to April 1st, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All non-fiduciary funds have legally adopted budgets.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the functional level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's subcategories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and the General Capital Projects Fund, as applicable. The School Fund and School Capital Projects Fund are integrated only at the level of legal adoption.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 2- Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability: (continued)

- A. Budgetary Information: (continued)
  - 6. All budgets are adopted on a modified accrual basis.
  - 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by Project. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during this fiscal year.
  - 8. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at yearend, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.
- B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations:

Expenditures did not exceed appropriations for any function during fiscal year 2019.

C. Deficit Fund Balance:

At June 30, 2019, there were no funds that had a deficit fund balance.

#### Note 3- Deposits and Investments:

#### Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board.

Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 3- Deposits and Investments: (continued)

#### Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank of Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

#### Interest Rate Risk:

The County has not adopted an investment policy for interest rate risk. Investments subject to interest rate risk are presented below along with their corresponding maturities.

#### **Investment Maturities (in years)**

	Net Asset Value					
Investment Type	Fair Value (NAV) 1				1 Year	
LGIP	\$	113,603	\$	-	\$	113,603
SNAP		40,792,386		-		40,792,386
VML/VACo Investment Pool		-		3,067,919		3,067,919
Total	\$	40,905,989	\$	3,067,919	\$	43,973,908

#### <u>Custodial Credit Risk (Investments):</u>

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2019 were rated by Standard and Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

#### County's Rated Debt Investments' Values

Rated Debt Investments	Ratings
	 Aaam
LGIP	\$ 113,603
SNAP	40,792,386
VML/VACo Investment Pool	3,067,919
Total	\$ 43,973,908

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 3- Deposits and Investments: (continued)

#### **External Investment Pools**

The value of the positions in the external investment pools (Local Government Investment Pool and State Non-Arbitrage Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As LGIP and SNAP are not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pools rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP and SNAP are amortized cost basis portfolios. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

#### **Redemption Restrictions**

VML/VACO Virginia Investment Pool allows the County to have the option to have access to withdrawal funds twice a month, with a five-day period notice. Additionally, funds are available to meet unexpected needs such as fluctuations in revenue sources, one-time outlays (disasters, immediate capital needs, state budget cuts, and etc.).

#### Note 4- Due From Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

	Primary		Component Unit		
	G	overnment	Sc	hool Board	
Local governments:				_	
Town of Dublin	\$	51,600	\$	-	
Commonwealth of Virginia:					
State sales tax		642,352		581,068	
Communication sales tax		111,523		-	
Other taxes		45,779		-	
Categorical aid-shared expenses		279,611		-	
Categorical aid-other		43,305		-	
Categorical aid-VPA funds		155,865		-	
Categorical aid-CSA funds		533,025		-	
Federal Government:					
Categorical aid-VPA funds		246,944		-	
Categorical aid-other		26,151		426,531	
Totals	\$	2,136,155	\$	1,007,599	

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

# Note 5- Interfund Balances and Transfers:

Fund	Due to	Due from
Primary Government:		
General Fund	\$ 2,739,750	\$ 884,545
County CIP Fund	181,228	269,040
School CIP Fund	248,104	294,412
Information Technology, Garage, and		
Communication Service Fund	-	68,428
Component Units:		
School Fund	-	2,258,138
Economic Development Authority	905,481	300,000
Total	\$ 4,074,563	\$ 4,074,563
	Transfers in	Transfers out
Primary Government:		
General Fund	\$ 1,921,235	\$ 3,816,721
County CIP Fund	1,200,592	-
Information Technology, Garage, and		
Communication Service Fund	694,894	
Total	\$ 3,816,721	\$ 3,816,721

Details of advances to component unit amounts are as follows:

#### Pulaski County Economic Development Authority:

During fiscal year 1990-91, \$500,000 was advanced to the Authority for construction of a building for Renfro, Inc. This advance was made with no repayment terms.

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

# Note 6- Long-Term Obligations:

# Primary Government- Governmental Activities Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2019.

	Beginning Balance		Increases/ Issuances		Decreases/ Retirements	Ending Balance
Direct Borrowings and Placements:						
General obligation bonds	\$	8,290,325	\$	-	\$ 1,115,738	\$ 7,174,587
Literary loans		4,158,779		-	425,914	3,732,865
Lease revenue notes		7,839,517		-	912,548	6,926,969
Note payable		63,465		-	63,465	-
Unamortized bond premiums		306,662		-	41,287	265,375
General obligation bonds		46,240,000		-	1,660,000	44,580,000
Unamortized bond premiums		1,739,615		-	397,089	1,342,526
Unamortized bond discounts		(484, 342)		-	(28,785)	(455,557)
Landfill post-closure monitoring costs		267,381		2,735	-	270,116
Net OPEB liabilities		1,968,936		309,765	271,252	2,007,449
Net pension liability		3,619,908		4,056,653	4,803,278	2,873,283
Compensated absences		1,172,169		977,201	879,127	1,270,243
Total	\$	75,182,415	\$	5,346,354	\$ 10,540,913	\$69,987,856

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

#### **Direct Borrowings and Placements**

Year Ending	General Obli	Obligation Bonds		Lease Revenue Notes			Literary Loans			ns
June 30,	Principal	Interest		Principal		nterest		Principal	I	nterest
2020	\$ 1,125,048	\$ 261,723	\$	930,964	\$	235,632	\$	436,378	\$	74,657
2021	959,539	220,082		944,552		207,345		446,410		65,930
2022	930,000	180,969		594,237		182,105		451,338		57,002
2023	940,000	141,568		616,703		159,743		460,615		47,975
2024	410,000	114,663		639,287		136,438		468,971		38,763
2025-2029	2,295,000	333,265		3,201,226		300,795		1,469,153		59,114
2030-2034	515,000	10,429		-		-		-		-
Totals	\$ 7,174,587	\$ 1,262,699	\$	6,926,969	\$ '	1,222,058	\$	3,732,865	\$	343,441

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 6- Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds				
June 30,		Principal		Interest	
2020	\$	1,600,000	\$	1,588,269	
2021		1,680,000		1,508,268	
2022		1,765,000		1,424,268	
2023		1,855,000		1,336,019	
2024		1,945,000		1,243,269	
2025-2029		11,055,000		4,893,969	
2030-2034		12,885,000		3,063,119	
2035-2038		11,795,000		962,444	
Totals	\$	44,580,000	\$	16,019,625	

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

# Note 6- Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

# Details of long-term obligations:

betails of tong term obligation	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Governmental Activities	D	Amount ue Within One Year
Direct Borrowings and Placements:							
General obligation bonds:							
GO bond	4.975-5.85%	11/16/2000	2021 \$	754,241	\$ 88,180	\$	43,641
VPSA GO bond	2.35-5.1%	11/7/2002	2023	10,915,000	2,180,000		545,000
GO bond	3.175-4.05%	1/13/2010	2030	7,465,000	4,730,000		360,000
GO bond	1.81%	4/16/2014	2020	1,035,536	176,407		176,407
Subtotal GO bonds					\$ 7,174,587	\$	1,125,048
Unamortized bond premium	n/a	11/7/2002	2023	436,841	87,369		21,842
Unamortized bond premium	n/a	1/13/2010	2030	40,136	21,070		2,007
Total general obligation bonds					\$ 7,283,026	\$	1,148,897
Lease revenue notes:							
School lease revenue note	5.10%	5/15/2008	2029	5,255,000	\$ 3,285,000	\$	260,000
Lease revenue note	2.47-3.25%	12/6/2013	2027	321,054	221,492		25,353
Lease revenue note	2.37%	6/15/2016	2028	3,443,000	2,671,800		269,500
School lease revenue note	2.05%	12/6/2013	2021	2,680,534	748,677		376,111
Subtotal lease revenue notes					\$ 6,926,969	\$	930,964
Unamortized bond premium	n/a	5/15/2008	2029	348,754	156,936		17,438
Total lease revenue notes					\$ 7,083,905	\$	948,402
Literary loans:							
Literary loan	2.00%	5/2/2016	2027	4,987,173	\$ 3,732,865	\$	436,378
Total Direct Borrowings and Plac	ements				\$ 18,099,796	\$	2,533,677
General obligation bonds:							
GO bond	3.00-5.00%	3/1/2018	2038	46,240,000	\$ 44,580,000	\$	1,600,000
Unamortized bond premium	n/a	3/1/2018	2029	1,739,614	1,342,526		342,873
Unamortized bond discount	n/a	3/1/2018	2038	(484,342)	(455,557)		(28,785)
Total general obligation bonds					\$ 45,466,969	\$	1,914,088
Other obligations:							
Landfill post-closure							
monitoring costs	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$ 270,116	\$	-
Net OPEB liabilities	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	2,007,449		-
Net pension liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	2,873,283		-
Compensated absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,270,243		952,682
Total other obligations					\$ 6,421,091	\$	952,682
Totals					\$ 69,987,856	\$	5,400,447

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 6- Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

In the event of default, the Lender of the lease revenue notes may declare the entire unpaid principal and interest on the issuance as due and payable. In the event of default on the GO Bonds, the Commonwealth can withhold funding and apply a sufficient portion of the amount withheld to the defaulted principal and interest.

### Note 7- Long-Term Obligations - Component Unit School Board:

## <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit- School Board-Long-term Obligations:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component-Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Beginning Balance	3 3			
Net OPEB liabilities Net pension liability Compensated absences	\$ 8,599,200 34,179,878 1,417,420	\$ 1,151,000 8,010,961 1,043,415	\$ 1,386,500 10,608,440 1,063,065	\$ 8,363,700 31,582,399 1,397,770	
Total	\$ 44,196,498	\$ 10,205,376	\$ 13,058,005	\$ 41,343,869	

#### Details of Long-Term Obligations:

	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Governmental Activities	Di	Amount ue Within One Year
Other obligations:							
Net OPEB liabilities	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$ 8,363,700	\$	-
Net pension liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	31,582,399		-
Compensated absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,397,770		1,048,328
Total other obligations					\$ 41,343,869	\$	1,048,328

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 8-Pension Plan:

#### Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of the public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. However, several entities whose financial information is not included in the primary government report, participate in the VRS plan through the County and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan.

Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

#### Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees hired before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of creditable service.
- b. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of creditable service or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of creditable service.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

#### Benefit Structures (Continued)

c. Non-hazardous duty employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 - April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of creditable service, or when the sum of their age and service equal 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of creditable service. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

#### Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total creditable service. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.7% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.7% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.7% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

#### Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County of Pulaski and the PSA's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 8.85% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan were \$859,240 and \$923,644 for the County and \$143,608 and \$146,152 for the PSA for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

#### Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2019, the County and PSA reported a liability of \$2,873,283 and \$454,651 for their proportionate share of the net pension liability. The County and PSA's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. In order to allocate the net pension liability to all employers included in the plan, the County and PSA are required to determine their proportionate share of the net pension liability. Creditable compensation as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 was used as a basis for allocation to determine the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2018 and 2017, the County's proportion was 81.5237% and 81.5237%, respectively. At June 30, 2018 and 2017, the PSA's proportion was 12.8998% and 12.8998%, respectively.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County of Pulaski and PSA's Retirement Plan and the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation\*

#### Mortality rates:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty: 20% of deaths are assumed to be service related

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates, females 105% of rates.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates: (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

#### Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Largest 10 Horritazardous bucy.	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
	retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year
	age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

#### Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County of Pulaski's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation\*

#### Mortality rates:

Largest 10 - Hazardous Duty: 70% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

#### Mortality rates: (Continued)

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

# All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

#### Largest 10 - Hazardous Duty:

Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-
2014 projected to 2020
Lowered rates at older ages
Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Increased rates
No change
Increased rate from 60% to 70%

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

Mortality rates: (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		<b>Arithmetic</b>	Average
		Long-term	Long-term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	7.30%		

<sup>\*</sup> The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 90% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the rate contribution by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County and PSA's Proportionate Shares of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County and PSA's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County and PSA's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
County's proportionate share of the			
County Retirement Plan			
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 8,480,52	20 \$ 2,873,283	\$ (1,804,892)
PSA's proportionate share of the			
County Retirement Plan			
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,341,90	94 \$ 454,651	\$ (285,595)

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County and PSA recognized pension expense of \$90,786 and \$8,712, respectively. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2019, the County and PSA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Primary Government			Component Unit Pulaski County PSA					
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		In	eferred Iflows of esources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	483,513	\$	-	\$	76,496	
Change in assumptions		-		46,740		-		7,396	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plension plan investments		-		331,107		-		53,860	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		6,807		36		-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		859,240		-		143,608		-	
Total	\$	859,240	\$	868,167	\$	143,644	\$	137,752	

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

\$859,240 and \$143,608 is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County and PSA contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

			Com	ponent Unit
Year Ended June		Primary		ski County
30	Government			PSA
2020	\$	(149,110)	\$	(27,005)
2021		(228, 373)		(33,069)
2022		(457,695)		(72,422)
2023		(32,989)		(5,220)

#### Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report-pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report-pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

# Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

# **Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)**

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

#### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Component
	Unit School
	Board
	Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	89
Inactive members:  Vested inactive members	14
Non-vested members	55
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	22
Total inactive members	91
Active members	96
Total covered employees	276

#### **Contributions**

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 5.38% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (continued)

Contributions (continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$116,793 and \$156,538 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

#### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

# <u>Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)</u> (continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	_	Component School Board (nonprofessional)						
	_	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total		Plan		Net		
		Pension		Fiduciary		Pension		
		Liability (a)		Net Position (b)		Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	10,591,030	\$	10,371,152	- \$	219,878		
Changes for the year:	_				_			
Service cost	\$	205,130	\$	-	\$	205,130		
Interest		721,459		-		721,459		
Differences between expected								
and actual experience		(75,674)		-		(75,674)		
Contributions - employer		-		156,401		(156,401)		
Contributions - employee		-		108,131		(108,131)		
Net investment income		-		761,233		(761,233)		
Benefit payments, including refunds		(568,951)		(568,951)		-		
Administrative expenses		-		(6,699)		6,699		
Other changes		-		(672)		672		
Net changes	\$	281,964	\$	449,443	\$	(167,479)		
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	10,872,994	\$	10,820,595	\$	52,399		

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)</u> (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	)		
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,356,853	\$ 52,399	\$ (1,041,532)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of (\$239,828). At June 30, 2019, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School Board				
	(nonprofessional)				
	D	eferred	Deferred		
	Οu	itflows of	Inflows of		
	R	esources	R	esources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	129,194	
Change in assumptions		-		12,960	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plension plan investments		-		86,893	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		116,793		-	
Total	\$	116,793	\$	229,047	

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

\$116,793 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Component Unit					
Year Ended	School Board					
June 30	Nonprofessiona					
2020	\$	(90,446)				
2021		(22,190)				
2022		(107,178)				
2023		(9,233)				

#### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

#### Component Unit School Board (professional)

#### Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system).

Additional information regarding the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by \$51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 15.68% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$3,309,921 and \$3,473,102 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported a liability of \$31,530,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the school division's proportion was 0.26811% as compared to 0.27614% at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the school division recognized pension expense of \$999,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

# Component Unit School Board (professional) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School Board (professional)					
		Deferred	Deferred			
	0	utflows of	Inflows of			
		Resources	Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 2,695,000			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	669,000			
Change in assumptions		376,000	-			
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1	-	2,265,000			
Employer contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		3,309,921				
Total	\$	3,685,921	\$ 5,629,000			

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

# Component Unit School Board (professional) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

\$3,309,921 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Cor	mponent Unit
Year Ended	S	chool Board
June 30	Professional	
2020	\$	(1,257,000)
2021		(1,335,000)
2022		(1,776,000)
2023		(666,000)
2024		(219,000)

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation*

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

# Mortality rates:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 75 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (continued)

#### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2018, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$ 46,679,555
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	34,919,563
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 11,759,992
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	
of the Total Pension Liability	74.81%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

# Component Unit School Board (professional) (continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)			
School division's proportionate share of the VRS						
Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net						
Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 48,162,000	\$ 31,530,000	\$17,762,000			

# Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

#### Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

#### Aggregate Pension Information

	Primary Government					Component Unit Pulaski County PSA						Component Unit School Board								
						Net Pension						Net Pension					Net Pension			
		Deferred		Deferred		Liability	Pension		Deferred	Deferred		Liability	Pension		Deferred		Deferred	Liability	Pension	
		Outflows		Inflows		(Asset)	Expense	_	Outflows	Inflows		(Asset)	Expense		Outflows		Inflows	(Asset)	Expense	
VRS Pension Plans:																				
Primary Government	\$	859,240	\$	868,167	\$	2,873,283 \$	90,786	\$	143,644 \$	137,752	\$	454,651 \$	8,712	\$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	-	
School Board Nonprofessional		-		-		-	-		-	-		-	-		116,793		229,047	52,399	(239,828)	
School Board Professional		-		-		-	-		-	-		-	-		3,685,921		5,629,000	31,530,000	999,000	
Totals	\$	859,240	\$	868,167	\$	2,873,283 \$	90,786	\$	143,644 \$	137,752	\$ <sup></sup>	454,651 \$	8,712	\$	3,802,714	\$	5,858,047 \$	31,582,399 \$	759,172	

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

### Note 9-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 8, the County and School Board administer the Pulaski Post-Retirement Medical Plan (the Plan), which is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. Several entities participate in the defined benefit healthcare plan through the County of Pulaski, Virginia and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan. The plan provide postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the County's and School Board's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

#### Benefits Provided

The Plan provides health insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. To be eligible, employees must meet the age and service criteria for immediate retirement benefits under VRS, which requires that the employee be age 50 with 10 years of service or permanently, totally disabled and injured in the line of duty. Additionally, the employee must be of full-time status in VRS and must be covered by the active plan at the time of retirement or disability. The benefit provisions, including employer and employee contributions, are governed by the County and can be amended through County action.

#### Contributions

The board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the County Board. The amount paid by the County, PSA and School Board for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$124,300, \$0, and \$206,700 respectively.

#### Total OPEB Liability

At June 30, 2019, the County, PSA, and School Board reported a liability of \$\$1,218,300, \$184,400 and \$3,042,700, respectively, for its proportionate share of the total OPEB liability. The total OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2018. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. At June 30, 2018 and 2017, the County's proportion was 27.37% and 26.28%, respectively, the PSA's proportion was 4.14% and 4.24%, respectively, and the School Board's proportion was 68.35% and 69.26%, respectively.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

## Note 9-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal level % of salary

3.62%

Healthcare Trend Rate 6.00% for fiscal year end 2019, decreasing 0.50% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%.

Salary Scale 2.50%

Mortality rates use RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, using two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation were based on July 1, 2018 valuation data. The methods, assumptions, and participant data used can be found in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation report.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used when OPEB plan investments are insufficient to pay for future benefit payments is selected from the Municipal GO AA 20-year curve. The final equivalent single discount rate used for this year's valuation is 3.62% as of the end of the fiscal year with the expectation that the County will continue contributing the Actuarially Determined Contribution and paying the pay-go cost.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County, PSA, and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.62%) or one percentage point higher (4.62%) than the current discount rate:

	Rate						
	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase				
	(2.62%)	(3.62%)	(4.62%)				
Proportionate share of the healthcare net OPEB liability: County	\$ 1,347,781	\$ 1,218,300	\$ 1,101,150				
Component Unit Pulaski County PSA	\$ 203,866	\$ 184,400	\$ 166,560				
Component Unit School Board	\$ 3,365,759	\$ 3,042,700	\$ 2,749,587				

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

## Note 9-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, PSA, and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Rate						
	1% Decrease	1% Increase					
Proportionate share of the healthcare net OPEB liability:							
County	\$ 1,064,666	\$ 1,218,300	\$ 1,400,359				
Component Unit Pulaski County PSA	\$ 161,042	\$ 184,400	\$ 211,819				
Component Unit School Board	\$ 2,658,747	\$ 3,042,700	\$ 3,497,059				

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County, PSA, and School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$100,700, \$15,000 and \$260,900, respectively. At June 30, 2019, the County, PSA and School Board reported the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB:

		Primary Government				Component Uni	t Pı	ılaski County PSA		Component Uni	t School Board	
	_	Deferred				Deferred			Deferred			
		Outflows of	Outflows of Deferred Inflows		s Outflows of		Deferred Inflows		Outflows of	Deferred Inflows		
		Resouces		of Resources		Resouces		of Resources		Resouces	of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	57,700	\$	-	\$	-	<b>-</b> \$	12,600	\$	150,500 \$	-	
Changes in assumptions		-		5,000		-		9,900		-	296,600	
Employer contributions subsequent to the												
measurement date		124,300		-		-		-		206,700	-	
Total	\$	182,000	\$_	5,000	\$	-	\$	22,500	\$	357,200 \$	296,600	

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

### Note 9-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

\$124,300, \$0, and \$206,700 were reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the County's, PSA's, and Component Unit School Board's, respectively, contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as reduction of the Total OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized OPEB expense as follows:

			Com	ponent Unit				
Year Ended Primary			Pula	Component Unit				
June 30	Government			PSA	School Board			
				_				
2020	\$	8,700	\$	(3,700)	\$	(23,800)		
2021		8,700		(3,700)		(23,800)		
2022		8,700		(3,700)		(23,800)		
2023		8,700		(3,700)		(23,800)		
2024		8,700		(3,700)		(23,800)		
Thereafter		9,200		(4,000)		(27,100)		

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

# Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan):

#### Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program was established pursuant to \$51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Program upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Program OPEB.

The specific information for GLI Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

## Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (continued)

#### Eligible Employees

The GLI Program was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the program. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

#### Benefit Amounts

The GLI Program is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the program provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, safety belt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of creditable service, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute. This amount is increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment and was increased to \$8,279 effective July 1, 2018.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for the GLI Program are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Program was 1.31% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.79% (1.31% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.52% (1.31% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 0.52% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program from the County were \$52,381 and \$51,268 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program from the Component Unit Pulaski County PSA were \$8,753 and \$8,112 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

## Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Contributions (continued)

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program from the Component Unit-School Board (nonprofessional) were \$12,082 and \$11,831 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program from the Component Unit-School Board (professional) were \$112,755 and \$113,185 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Program OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a liability of \$789,149 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

At June 30, 2019, the Component Unit Pulaski County PSA reported a liability of \$124,870 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

At June 30, 2019, the Component Unit-School Board (nonprofessional) reported a liability of \$182,000 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

At June 30, 2019, the Component Unit-School Board (professional) reported a liability of \$1,735,000 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Program for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers.

At June 30, 2018, the County's proportion was 0.05197% as compared to 0.05163% at June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2018, the Component Unit Pulaski County PSA's proportion was 0.008224% as compared to 0.008026% at June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2018, the Component Unit-School Board (nonprofessional) proportion was 0.01197% as compared to 0.01177% at June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2018, the Component Unit-School Board (professional) proportion was 0.11429% as compared to 0.11814% at June 30, 2017.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

## Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Program OPEB (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$9,783. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Component Unit Pulaski County PSA recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$1,548. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Component-Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$2,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Component-Unit School Board (professional) recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$(1,000). Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2019, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	Primary G	overnment	•	Unit Pulaski :y PSA	Component Board (nonp		Component Unit School Board (professional)		
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 38,316	\$ 14,674	\$ 6,063	\$ 2,322	\$ 9,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 85,000	\$ 32,000	
Change in assumptions	-	32,609	-	5,160	-	8,000	-	72,000	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments	-	25,272	-	3,999	-	6,000	-	56,000	
Changes in proportion	18,750	-	2,967	-	-	12,000	-	68,000	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	52,381		8,753		12,082		112,755		
Total	\$ 109,447	\$ 72,555	\$ 17,783	\$ 11,481	\$ 21,082	\$ 29,000	\$ 197,755	\$ 228,000	

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

## Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Program OPEB (Continued)

\$52,381, \$8,753, \$12,082, and \$112,755 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the County's, Component Unit Pulaski County PSA's, Component-Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)'s, and Component-Unit School Board (Professional)'s, respectively, contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

			Component	Component
		Component	<b>Unit-School</b>	<b>Unit-School</b>
Year Ended	Primary	Unit Pulaski	Board (Non-	Board
June 30	Government	County PSA	professional)	(Professional)
2020 \$	(7,337) \$	(1,161) \$	(5,000) \$	(39,000)
2021	(7,337)	(1,161)	(5,000)	(39,000)
2022	(7,337)	(1,161)	(5,000)	(39,000)
2023	-	-	(3,000)	(22,000)
2024	4,892	774	(3,000)	(7,000)
Thereafter	1,630	258	1,000	3,000

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. The assumptions include several employer groups as noted below. Mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS CAFR.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

## Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

. . . . .

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
General state employees	3.5% - 5.35%
Teachers	3.5%-5.95%
SPORS employees	3.5%-4.75%
VaLORS employees	3.5%-4.75%
JRS employees	4.5%
Locality - General employees	3.5%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.5%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of investment expenses, including inflation\*

#### Mortality Rates - Teachers

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

<sup>\*</sup>Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

## Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

### Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

## Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (continued)

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020		
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75		
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year		
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates		
Salary Scale	No change		
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%		

# Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

## Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

## Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (Continued)

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

# Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

## Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

#### Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

## Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020		
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages		
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year		
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience		
Salary Scale	No change		
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%		

# NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2018, NOL amounts for the GLI Program are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		Group Life Insurance OPEB
		Program
Total GLI OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	3,113,508 1,594,773
Employers' Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,518,735
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentag	ge	
of the Total GLI OPEB Liability		51.22%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

# Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (continued)

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-term	Long-term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithme	tic nominal return	7.30%

<sup>\*</sup>The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

# Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (continued)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2018 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

Proportionate share of the		Rate	
Group Life Insurance Program	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
Net OPEB Liability:	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
County	\$ 1,031,275	\$ 789,149	\$ 592,677
Component Unit Pulaski County PSA	\$ 163,182	\$ 124,870	\$ 93,782
Component Unit-School Board (Nonprofessional)	\$ 237,000	\$ 182,000	\$ 136,000
Component Unit-School Board	\$ 2,268,000	\$ 1,735,000	\$ 1,303,000
(Professional)	\$ 2,208,000	3 1,735,000	\$ 1,303,000

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

## Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (continued)

#### GLI Program Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

# Note 11-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan):

#### Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

#### Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Program was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

# Note 11-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

#### Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire with at least 15 years of service credit, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

#### HIC Program Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 1.20% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program were \$259,911 and \$267,130 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

## Note 11-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported a liability of \$3,404,000 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program was 0.26811% as compared to 0.27607% at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB expense of \$257,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$	16,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments		-	3,000
Change in assumptions		-	30,000
Change in proportion		-	136,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	259,911	
Total	\$	259,911 \$	185,000

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

## Note 11-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB (Continued)

\$259,911 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

\$ (30,000)
(30,000)
(30,000)
(28,000)
(29,000)
(38,000)
\$

#### Actuarial Assumptions

Inflation

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation*

<sup>\*</sup>Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

# Note 11-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions

## Mortality Rates - Teachers

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

# Note 11-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2018, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		Teacher
		Employee HIC
	_	OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	\$	1,381,313
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		111,639
Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,269,674
	٠	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liabili	ity	8.08%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

# Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

## Note 11-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (continued)

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-term	Long-term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	cted arithmet	ic nominal return	7.30%

<sup>\*</sup>The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2018 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

# Note 11-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
School division's proportionate			
share of the VRS Teacher			
Employee HIC OPEB Plan			
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 3,802,000	\$ 3,404,000	\$ 3,066,000

#### Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

## Note 12-Aggregate OPEB Information:

		Primary Government			Component Unit Pulaski County PSA				Component Unit School Board			
	Deferred	Deferred	Net OPEB	OPEB	Deferred	Deferred	Net OPEB	OPEB	Deferred	Deferred	Net OPEB	OPEB
	Outflows	Inflows	Liability	Expense	Outflows	Inflows	Liability	Expense	Outflows	Inflows	Liability	Expense
VRS OPEB Plans:												
Group Life Insurance Program:												
County	\$ 109,447	\$ 72,555	\$ 789,149	\$ 9,783	\$ -	\$ - !	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	-
Component Unit Pulaski PSA	-	-	-	-	17,783	11,481	124,870	1,548	-	-	-	-
School Board Nonprofessional	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,082	29,000	182,000	2,000
School Board Professional	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	197,755	228,000	1,735,000	(1,000)
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	259,911	185,000	3,404,000	257,000
County Stand-Alone Plan	182,000	5,000	1,218,300	100,700	-	22,500	184,400	15,000	357,200	296,600	3,042,700	260,900
Totals	\$ 291,447	\$ 77,555	\$ 2,007,449	\$ 110,483	\$ 17,783	\$ 33,981	\$ 309,270	\$ 16,548	\$ 835,948 \$	738,600 \$	8,363,700 \$	518,900

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

# Note 13- Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases Decreases			Ending Balance	
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	2,768,762	\$	246,369	\$	(18,800)	\$ 2,996,331
Construction in progress		2,862,207	•	15,017,095		(882,570)	16,996,732
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	5,630,969	\$ ^	15,263,464	\$	(901,370)	\$ 19,993,063
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	61,170,348	\$	1,211,463	\$	-	\$ 62,381,811
Machinery and equipment		15,299,895		1,192,622		(31,567)	16,460,950
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$	76,470,243	\$	2,404,085	\$	(31,567)	\$ 78,842,761
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	(19,737,486)	\$	(1,618,784)	\$	-	\$ (21,356,270)
Machinery and equipment		(11,952,293)		(844,880)			(12,797,173)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(31,689,779)	\$	(2,463,664)	\$	-	\$ (34,153,443)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	44,780,464	\$	(59,579)	\$	(31,567)	\$ 44,689,318
Governmental activities capital assets, net	Ś	50,411,433	\$ <sup>2</sup>	15,203,885	\$	(932,937)	\$ 64,682,381
coronina accordes capital assets, nec	<u> </u>	30,, 133	<u> </u>	.5,255,665	Ť	(732,737)	<del>-</del>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

# Governmental activities:

General government administration	\$ 162,727
Judicial administration	4,598
Public safety	746,381
Public works	293,471
Health and welfare	13,655
Education	1,074,019
Parks, recreation and cultural	155,190
Community development	13,623

\$ 2,463,664

Total depreciation expense-governmental activities

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

# Note 13- Capital Assets: (continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Increases Decreases			Ending Balance	
Component Unit:								
School Board:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	858,360	\$	-	\$	-	\$	858,360
Construction in progress		214,121		-		-		214,121
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	1,072,481	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,072,481
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	21,638,233	\$	530,500	\$	(490, 546)	\$	21,678,187
Machinery and equipment		10,528,723		750,167		(283, 264)		10,995,626
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$	32,166,956	\$	1,280,667	\$	(773,810)	\$	32,673,813
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(16,442,573)	\$	(391,402)	\$	490,546	\$ (	16,343,429)
Machinery and equipment		(7,310,192)		(572,443)		236,085		(7,646,550)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(23,752,765)	\$	(963,845)	\$	726,631	\$ (	23,989,979)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	8,414,191	\$	316,822	\$	(47,179)	\$	8,683,834
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	9,486,672	\$	316,822	\$	(47,179)	\$	9,756,315

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

## Note 14- Risk Management:

The County and its component unit- School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and its component unit- School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability and auto insurance with the Virginia Association of Counties (VACO). Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and its component unit- School Board pay the VACO contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion in which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its component unit- School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Self-Insurance - The County established a limited risk management program for health insurance in fiscal year 2010. Premiums are paid into the health plan fund from the County and are available to pay claims, and administrative costs of the program. During the fiscal year 2019, a total of \$7,611,883 was paid by the County in benefits and administrative costs. The risk assumed by the County is based on the number of participants in the program. The risk varies by the number of participants and their specific plan type (Keycare, Bluecare, etc.). Incurred but not reported claims of \$586,978 have been accrued as a liability based primarily on actual cost incurred prior to June 30 but paid after year-end. Liabilities are determined using a combination of actual claims experience and actuarially determined amounts and include incremental claim adjustment expenses and estimated recoveries. An independent contractor processes claims and the County records a provision and liability in the government-wide statements and General Fund (current portion only) for an estimate of incurred but not reported claims.

Changes in the claims liability for the current and two prior fiscal years is as follows:

		<b>Current Year</b>		
	Balance at	Claims and		Balance at
	Beginning of	Changes in	Claim	End of
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Estimates	Estimates Payments	
2018-19	\$ 389,858	\$ 7,809,003	\$ (7,611,883)	\$ 586,978
2017-18	436,458	8,200,409	(8,247,009)	389,858
2016-17	533,983	6,423,741	(6,521,266)	436,458

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

# Note 15- Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirement, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirement for Federal* Awards. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

# Note 16- Surety Bonds:

#### Primary Government:

Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety		
Maetta H. Crewe, Clerk of Circuit Court	\$	145,000
Melinda Worrell, Treasurer		500,000
Donna Gray, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Michael Worrell, Sheriff		30,000
The above constituional officers' employees - blanket bond		50,000
All Social Services employees - blanket bond		100,000
VaCo Risk Management Programs		
All County employees - blanket bond	\$	250,000
United Stated Fidelty and Guaranty	_	
Jonathan Sweet, County Administrator	\$	2,000
Componet Unit - School Board:		
VaCo Risk Management Programs		
All School Board employees - blanket bond	\$	250,000

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

## Note 17- Landfill Liability:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The County closed its landfill at Cloyd's Mountain in 1989. At June 30, 2019, the total post-closure care liability (which represents the 2 years remaining) was \$270,116 representing what it would cost to perform all post-closure care in fiscal year 2019. Actual costs for both post-closure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of environmental Quality in accordance with section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

#### Note 18- Unavailable/Deferred Revenue:

Unavailable/deferred revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred.

	(	Government-wide Statements	Balance Sheet
	Gov	vernmental Activities	Governmental Funds
Unearned revenue representing uncollected loans receivable not available for funding current expenditures	\$	- \$	92,701
Unavailable property tax revenue representing uncollected property tax billings that are not available for the funding of current		-	2,828,471
2nd half assessments due in December 2019		9,735,490	9,735,490
Prepaid property taxes due in December 2019 but paid in advance by taxpayers		218,439	218,439
	\$	9,953,929 \$	12,875,101

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

# Note 19- Fund Balance Classifications:

	General Fund		School CIP Fund		County CIP Fund	
Nonspendable:						
Advances to Component Units	\$	500,000	\$	-	\$	-
Prepaid Items		86,575		-		
Total Nonspendable	\$	586,575	\$		\$	-
Restricted:						
Commonwealth Attorney Seized						
Assets, State & Federal	\$	15,270	\$	-	\$	-
Sheriff Seized Assets		11,292		-		-
Community Corrections Admin Fees		129,459		-		-
Clerk of Circuit Court TTF Funds		6,912				
Employee Escrow Account		125,042		-		-
School Construction		-		32,548,096		-
Total Restricted	\$	287,975	\$	32,548,096	\$	-
Committed:						
County Construction	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,545,892
Total Committed	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,545,892
Assigned:						
Outstanding Encumbrances						
06/30/19 - Various Departments	\$	758,891	\$	_	\$	-
Court Services Unit CE Richardson Grant	•	1,258	•	_	,	-
Sheriff Equipment		128,522		-		-
Joint Dispatch Equipmemt		133,890		-		-
Animal Control Donations		11,691				
Claytor Lake Festival		96		_		-
Office on Youth Kids Fishing Day		10,925		_		-
Wounded Warrior Donations		2,228				
Courthouse Exhibits & Commemorative Items		16,181				
Transfer to School Capital Fund		647,504		-		-
Transfer to EDA Fund		300,000				
Transfer to Internal Service Fund		139,563		_		-
Total Assigned	\$	2,150,749	\$	-	\$	
					-	
Unassigned:						
10% (Original FY 2019 Budget) Reserve Fund Balance		0,394,018	\$	-	\$	-
Unassigned		5,347,063			_	
Total Unassigned	<u>\$1</u>	5,741,081	\$	-	\$	-
Total Fund Balance	\$1	8,766,380	\$	32,548,096	\$	1,545,892

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

# Note 20 - Tax Abatement Programs:

A tax abatement consists of "a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of these governments."

Pulaski County has several agreements with local companies for the purposes of economic development which conform to that definition. Tax abatements related to various tax types of \$225,000 have been agreed to in aggregate and are applied over the next 9 years. The companies regularly pay their taxes and on an annual basis prove they have met certain requirements for the grant program on an individual basis. These requirements include new jobs, which is verified by the Virginia Employment Commission, and taxable improvements to real estate or machinery and tools tax. Any company failing to maintain their end of the agreement will forfeit any further abatement reimbursements. The County is currently negotiating the terms of some of the aforementioned agreements, but no updating agreements have been finalized.

## Note 21 - Commitments and Contingencies:

The County was involved in major construction projects during the fiscal year as presented below, along with the anticipated funding source.

	Contract Amount				
		Outstanding			
<u>Project</u>		Contract Amount	at June 30, 2019	<b>Funding Source</b>	
Mendon Pipeline-Pulaski Co. Middle School Sewer	\$	1,093,025 \$	135,289	Local Funds	
Mid Atlantic Sports-Randolph Park Tennis Courts		22,700	11,350	Local Funds	
Branch & Associates-Pulaski Co. Middle School Construction		37,140,133	25,007,677	Local Funds	
Branch Civil-Pulaski Co. Middle School Construction		3,615,885	1,132,792	Local Funds	
Froehling & Robertson-Pulaski Co. Middle School Construction		243,977	174,473	Local Funds	
RRMM Architect-Pulaski Co. Middle School Construction		2,041,675	383,631	Local Funds	
Skanska USA-Pulaski Co. Middle School Construction		65,000	376,589	Local Funds	

### COUNTY OF PULASKI, VIRGINIA

### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

### Note 22 - Adoption of Accounting Principles:

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This Statement clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. It also requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements. No restatement was required as a result of this implementation.

### Note 23 - Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

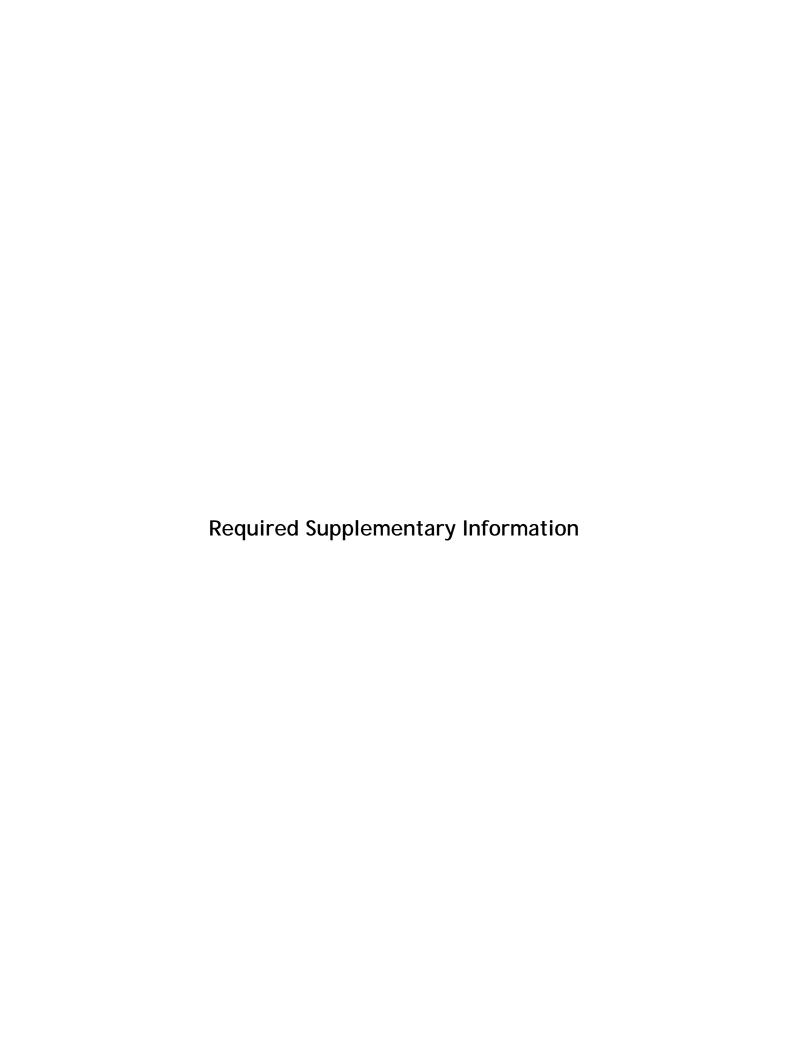
Statement No. 87, *Leases*, requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, provides guidance for reporting capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and simplifies accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, provides guidance for reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and for reporting financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.



### County of Pulaski, Virginia General Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Page   Page			Budget	Amo	unts				Variance with	
REVENUES					F				<del>-</del>	
General Property Taxes         \$ 30,362,500         \$ 30,946,586         \$ 31,255,925         \$ 30,933,930           Other Local Taxes         7,553,300         7,825,312         7,849,693         24,381           Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses         138,150         248,465         259,388         10,473           Fines and Forfeitures         44,750         303,530         390,284         86,754           Revenue from Use of Money and Property         355,640         3335,640         532,178         196,538           Kecovered Costs         1,069,259         1,235,112         950,000         (285,112)           Intergovermental:         1         13,107,172         132,03,958         11,193,459         (20,10,499)           Federal Government         3,503,080         3,798,277         3,559,208         (239,069)           Total Revenues         5,56,824,245         5,517,242         5,6721,676         \$ 1,795,479           EXPENDITURES:           Current:           General Government Administration         3,165,238         3,326,029         2,291,675         \$ 404,354           Judicial Administration         1,973,184         2,169,014         2,083,683         3,311           Public Safety	DEVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>Finai</u>		Amounts		Pos (Neg)	
Other Local Taxes         7,553,300         7,825,312         7,849,693         24,181           Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses         138,150         248,465         255,938         10,473           Fines and Forfeitures         44,750         303,530         390,284         86,754           Revenue from Use of Money and Property         335,640         335,640         532,178         196,538           Miscellaneous         31,800         139,874         229,624         89,700           Recovered Costs         1,069,259         1,235,112         950,000         (285,112)           Intergovernmental:         200,000         3,798,277         3,559,008         (239,069)           Federal Government         3,630,804         3,798,277         3,559,208         (239,069)           Total Revenues         56,824,245         5,8,17,242         5,6721,767         (179,5475)           CEYPENDITURES:           Current           General Government Administration         \$3,165,238         3,326,029         \$2,221,675         \$404,554           Judicial Administration         \$3,165,238         1,534,845         9,812,450         77,295           Public Safety         9,799,358         1,554,530         9,777,81		ċ	20 242 500	ċ	20 044 594	ċ	24 255 025	ċ	200 220	
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses         138,150         248,465         258,938         10,473           Fines and Forfeitures         44,750         303,530         390,284         86,754           Revenue from Use of Money and Property         313,640         335,640         552,178         196,538           Charges for Services         550,870         480,488         502,458         21,970           Miscellaneous         13,800         139,874         229,624         89,750           Recovered Costs         1,069,259         1,235,112         950,000         (285,112)           Intergovernmental:            3,130,378         11,193,459         (2,010,499)           Federal Government         3,630,804         3,798,277         3,559,208         (239,069)           Total Revenues         55,824,245         58,517,242         56,721,67         (1,795,475)            55,824,245         58,517,242         56,721,67         (1,795,475)            70,213         42,213,333,484         2,191,675         404,354            43,456,424         53,326,029         52,921,675         404,354            43,456,424         2,190,414		Ş		þ		Ş		Ş	,	
Fines and Forfeitures         44,750         303,530         390,284         86,754           Revenue from Use of Money and Property         335,640         335,640         550,178         196,538           Charges for Services         550,870         480,888         550,2488         21,970           Miscellaneous         31,800         139,874         229,624         89,750           Recovered Costs         1,069,259         1,235,112         950,000         (285,112)           Intergovernmental:         2         13,007,172         13,203,958         11,193,459         (20,10,499)           Federal Government         3,630,804         3,798,277         3,559,208         (239,069)           Total Revenues         5         56,824,245         5,851,7242         5,6721,67         1,1795,475           EXPENDITURES:           Current:           General Government Administration         1,973,184         2,169,014         2,083,683         85,331           Public Safety         9,759,358         10,584,845         9,812,450         772,395           Public Works         2,281,274         2,496,655         2,208,595         2,88,704           Health and Welfare         13,035,482         13,108,959									,	
Revenue from Use of Money and Property         335,640         335,640         532,178         196,538           Charges for Services         550,870         480,488         502,458         21,970           Miscellaneous         13,800         13,987,2         229,624         89,750           Recovered Costs         1,069,259         1,235,112         950,000         (285,112)           Intergovernmental:         Commonwealth         13,107,172         13,203,958         11,193,459         (2,010,499)           Federal Government         3,630,804         3,798,277         3,559,208         (239,069)           Total Revenues         5,6824,245         5,85,17,242         5,6721,767         (1795,475)           EXPENDITURES:           Currents           General Government Administration         3,165,238         3,326,029         2,921,675         \$ 404,354           Judicial Administration         1,973,184         2,169,014         2,083,683         85,331           Public Safety         9,759,358         10,584,845         9,812,450         772,395           Public Works         2,281,274         2,497,655         2,208,951         2,887,044           Education         15,117,792         15,515,301										
Charges for Services         550,870         480,488         502,458         21,970           Miscellaneous         31,800         139,874         229,624         89,750           Recovered Costs         1,069,259         1,235,112         950,000         (285,112)           Intergovernmental:         Commonwealth         13,107,172         13,203,958         11,193,459         (2,010,499)           Federal Government         3,630,804         3,798,277         3,559,208         (2,39,069)           Total Revenues         5,6824,245         5,85,17,242         5,6721,767         (1,795,475)           EXPENDITURES:         Current:         General Government Administration         3,165,238         3,326,029         2,2921,675         404,354           Judicial Administration         1,973,184         2,169,014         2,083,683         85,331           Judicial Administration         1,973,184         2,169,014         2,083,683         85,331           Judicial Administration         1,973,184         2,169,014         2,083,683         89,812,450         772,395           Public Safety         9,759,358         10,584,845         9,812,450         772,395         2,280,795           Public Works         2,281,274										
Miscellaneous         31,800         139,874         229,624         89,750           Recovered Costs         1,069,259         1,235,112         950,000         (285,112)           Intergovernmental:         2         13,107,172         13,203,958         11,193,459         (2,010,499)           Federal Government         3,630,804         3,798,277         3,559,208         (239,069)           Total Revenues         56,824,245         58,517,242         56,721,767         (1,795,475)           EXPENDITURES:           Current:           General Government Administration         3,165,238         \$ 3,326,029         \$ 2,921,675         \$ 404,354           Judicial Administration         1,973,184         2,169,014         2,083,683         85,331           Public Safety         9,759,358         10,584,845         9,812,450         772,395           Public Works         2,281,274         2,497,655         2,208,951         288,704           Health and Welfare         13,003,482         13,108,959         9,777,818         3,331,414           Education         15,117,792         15,515,301         14,858,552         656,749           Parks, Recreation and Cultural         1,481,403         1,772,319										
Recovered Costs   1,069,259   1,235,112   950,000   (285,112)   Intergovernmentatis	_		•							
Componwealth							*			
Commonwealth Federal Government Administration         13,107,172         13,203,958         11,193,459         (2,010,499)           Total Revenues         3,630,804         3,798,277         3,559,208         (239,069)           EXPENDITURES:           Current:         S         5,56,824,245         \$ 58,517,242         \$ 56,721,767         \$ 14,075,475           General Government Administration         \$ 3,165,238         \$ 3,326,029         \$ 2,221,675         \$ 404,354           Judicial Administration         1,973,184         2,169,014         2,083,683         85,331           Public Safety         9,759,358         10,584,845         9,812,450         772,395           Public Works         2,281,774         2,497,655         2,208,951         288,704           Health and Welfare         13,035,482         13,108,959         9,777,818         3,331,141           Education         15,117,792         15,515,301         14,858,552         656,749           Parks, Recreation and Cultural         1,481,403         1,712,319         1,587,933         124,386           Community Development         1,557,502         1,256,694         1,171,361         801,338           Non-Departmental         5,073,401         4,978,803         4,177,665         8			1,069,259		1,235,112		950,000		(285,112)	
Federal Government Total Revenues         3,630,804         3,798,277         3,559,208         (239,069)           TOtal Revenues         5,6824,245         5,8517,242         5,6721,767         5         (1,795,475)           EXPENDITURES:           Current:           General Government Administration         5,3,165,238         3,326,029         5,2921,675         5         404,354           Judicial Administration         1,973,184         2,169,014         2,083,683         85,331           Public Safety         9,759,358         10,584,845         9,812,450         772,395           Public Works         2,281,274         2,497,655         2,208,951         288,704           Health and Welfare         13,035,482         13,108,959         9,777,818         3,331,414           Education         15,117,792         15,515,501         14,858,552         656,749           Parks, Recreation and Cultural         1,481,403         1,712,319         1,587,933         124,386           Community Development         1,557,502         1,256,694         1,171,361         85,331           Principal Retirement         5,073,401         4,978,803         4,177,665         801,138           Interest and Other Fiscal Charges <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>42 407 472</td><td></td><td>42 202 050</td><td></td><td>44 402 450</td><td></td><td>(2.040.400)</td></t<>			42 407 472		42 202 050		44 402 450		(2.040.400)	
Total Revenues         \$ 56,824,245         \$ 58,517,242         \$ 56,721,767         \$ (1,795,475)           EXPENDITURES:           Current:         \$ 3,165,238         \$ 3,326,029         \$ 2,921,675         \$ 404,354           Judicial Administration         1,973,184         2,169,014         2,083,683         85,331           Public Safety         9,759,358         10,584,845         9,812,450         772,395           Public Works         2,281,274         2,497,655         9,812,450         772,395           Public Works         2,281,274         2,497,655         9,812,450         772,395           Public Works         13,035,482         13,108,959         9,777,818         3,331,141           Education         15,117,792         15,515,301         14,858,552         656,749           Parks, Recreation and Cultural         1,481,403         1,712,319         1,587,933         124,386           Community Development         5,000         1,256,694         1,171,361         85,333           Non-Departmental         5,073,401         4,978,803         4,177,665         801,138           Interest and Other Fiscal Charges         1,016,072         1,110,670         2,190,675         (1,080,005)           Total Expenditures										
EXPENDITURES:           Current:         General Government Administration         \$ 3,165,238         \$ 3,326,029         \$ 2,921,675         \$ 404,354           Judicial Administration         1,973,184         2,169,014         2,083,683         85,331           Public Safety         9,759,358         10,584,845         9,812,450         772,395           Public Works         2,281,274         2,497,655         2,208,951         288,704           Health and Welfare         13,035,482         13,108,959         9,777,818         3,331,141           Education         15,117,792         15,515,301         14,858,552         656,749           Parks, Recreation and Cultural         1,481,403         1,712,319         1,587,933         124,386           Community Development         1,157,502         1,256,694         1,171,361         85,333           Non-Departmental         50,000         1,256,694         1,171,361         85,333           Non-Departmental         50,000         4,978,803         4,177,665         801,138           Interest and Other Fiscal Charges         1,016,072         1,110,670         2,190,675         (1,080,005)           Total Expenditures         \$ 2,110,607         \$ 56,260,289         \$ 50,790,763         \$										
Current:         General Government Administration         \$ 3,165,238         \$ 3,326,029         \$ 2,921,675         \$ 404,354           Judicial Administration         1,973,184         2,169,014         2,083,683         85,331           Public Safety         9,759,358         10,584,845         9,812,450         772,395           Public Works         2,281,274         2,497,655         2,208,951         288,704           Health and Welfare         13,035,482         13,108,959         9,777,818         3331,141           Education         15,117,792         15,515,301         14,858,552         656,749           Parks, Recreation and Cultural         1,481,403         1,712,319         1,587,933         124,386           Community Development         1,157,502         1,256,694         1,171,361         85,333           Non-Departmental         50,000         -         -         -         -         -           Principal Retirement         5,073,401         4,978,803         4,177,665         801,138           Interest and Other Fiscal Charges         1,016,072         1,110,670         2,190,675         (1,080,005)           Total Expenditures         \$ 2,713,539         \$ 2,256,953         \$ 5,931,004         \$ 3,674,051	Total Revenues	\$	56,824,245	\$	58,517,242	\$	56,721,767	\$	(1,795,475)	
Current:         General Government Administration         \$ 3,165,238         \$ 3,326,029         \$ 2,921,675         \$ 404,354           Judicial Administration         1,973,184         2,169,014         2,083,683         85,331           Public Safety         9,759,358         10,584,845         9,812,450         772,395           Public Works         2,281,274         2,497,655         2,208,951         288,704           Health and Welfare         13,035,482         13,108,959         9,777,818         3331,141           Education         15,117,792         15,515,301         14,858,552         656,749           Parks, Recreation and Cultural         1,481,403         1,712,319         1,587,933         124,386           Community Development         1,157,502         1,256,694         1,171,361         85,333           Non-Departmental         50,000         -         -         -         -         -           Principal Retirement         5,073,401         4,978,803         4,177,665         801,138           Interest and Other Fiscal Charges         1,016,072         1,110,670         2,190,675         (1,080,005)           Total Expenditures         \$ 2,713,539         \$ 2,256,953         \$ 5,931,004         \$ 3,674,051	EVDENDITUDES.									
General Government Administration         \$ 3,165,238         \$ 3,326,029         \$ 2,921,675         \$ 404,354           Judicial Administration         1,973,184         2,169,014         2,083,683         85,331           Public Safety         9,759,358         10,584,845         9,812,450         772,395           Public Works         2,281,274         2,497,655         2,208,951         288,704           Health and Welfare         13,035,482         13,108,959         9,777,818         3,331,141           Education         15,117,792         15,515,301         14,858,552         656,749           Parks, Recreation and Cultural         1,481,403         1,712,319         1,587,933         124,386           Community Development         1,157,502         1,256,694         1,171,361         85,333           Non-Departmental         50,000         -         -         -         -           Principal Retirement         5,073,401         4,978,803         4,177,665         801,138           Interest and Other Fiscal Charges         1,016,072         1,110,670         2,190,675         (1,080,005)           Total Expenditures         \$ 2,713,539         \$ 2,256,953         \$ 5,931,004         \$ 3,674,051           Other Financing Sources (Us										
Judicial Administration         1,973,184         2,169,014         2,083,683         85,331           Public Safety         9,759,358         10,584,845         9,812,450         772,395           Public Works         2,281,274         2,497,655         2,208,951         288,704           Health and Welfare         13,035,482         13,108,959         9,777,818         3,331,141           Education         15,117,792         15,515,301         14,858,552         656,749           Parks, Recreation and Cultural         1,481,403         1,712,319         1,587,933         124,386           Community Development         1,157,502         1,256,694         1,171,361         85,333           Non-Departmental         50,000		¢	3 165 238	¢	3 326 020	¢	2 921 675	¢	404 354	
Public Safety         9,759,358         10,584,845         9,812,450         772,395           Public Works         2,281,274         2,497,655         2,208,951         288,704           Health and Welfare         13,035,482         13,108,959         9,777,818         3,331,141           Education         15,117,792         15,515,301         14,858,552         656,749           Parks, Recreation and Cultural         1,481,403         1,712,319         1,587,933         124,386           Community Development         1,157,502         1,256,694         1,171,361         85,333           Non-Departmental         50,000         -         -         -         -         -           Debt Service:         87         1,016,072         1,110,670         2,190,675         (1,080,005)           Principal Retirement         5,073,401         4,978,803         4,177,665         801,138           Interest and Other Fiscal Charges         1,016,072         1,110,670         2,190,675         (1,080,005)           Total Expenditures         \$ 2,713,539         \$ 2,256,953         \$ 5,931,004         \$ 3,674,051           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)         \$ 2,308,079         \$ 2,318,079         \$ 1,921,235         \$ (396,844)		۲		۲	, ,	۲	, ,	۲	•	
Public Works         2,281,274         2,497,655         2,209,951         288,704           Health and Welfare         13,035,482         13,108,959         9,777,818         3,331,141           Education         15,117,792         15,515,301         14,858,552         656,749           Parks, Recreation and Cultural         1,481,403         1,712,319         1,587,933         124,386           Community Development         1,157,502         1,256,694         1,171,361         85,333           Non-Departmental         50,000         -         -         -           Principal Retirement         5,073,401         4,978,803         4,177,665         801,138           Interest and Other Fiscal Charges         1,016,072         1,110,670         2,190,675         (1,080,005)           Total Expenditures         \$ 54,110,706         \$ 56,260,289         \$ 50,790,763         \$ 5,469,526           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)         \$ 2,713,539         \$ 2,256,953         \$ 5,931,004         \$ 3,674,051           Expenditures         \$ 2,308,079         \$ 2,318,079         \$ 1,921,235         \$ (396,844)           Transfers In         \$ 2,308,079         \$ 2,318,079         \$ 1,921,235         \$ (396,844)           Transfers Out         (5,										
Health and Welfare         13,035,482         13,108,959         9,777,818         3,331,141           Education         15,117,792         15,515,301         14,858,552         656,749           Parks, Recreation and Cultural         1,481,403         1,712,319         1,587,933         124,386           Community Development         1,157,502         1,256,694         1,171,361         85,333           Non-Departmental         50,000         -         -         -           Principal Retirement         5,073,401         4,978,803         4,177,665         801,138           Interest and Other Fiscal Charges         1,016,072         1,110,670         2,190,675         (1,080,005)           Total Expenditures         \$ 54,110,706         \$ 56,260,289         \$ 50,790,763         \$ 5,469,526           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)         \$ 2,713,539         \$ 2,256,953         \$ 5,931,004         \$ 3,674,051           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         \$ 2,308,079         \$ 2,318,079         \$ 1,921,235         \$ (396,844)           Transfers Out         (5,021,618)         (5,149,313)         (3,816,721)         1,332,592           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         \$ (2,713,539)         \$ (2,831,234)         \$ (1,895,486)         \$ 935,748	· ·								,	
Education         15,117,792         15,515,301         14,858,552         656,749           Parks, Recreation and Cultural         1,481,403         1,712,319         1,587,933         124,386           Community Development         1,157,502         1,256,694         1,171,361         85,333           Non-Departmental         50,000         -         -         -         -         -           Debt Service:         - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td></td<>									•	
Parks, Recreation and Cultural         1,481,403         1,712,319         1,587,933         124,386           Community Development         1,157,502         1,256,694         1,171,361         85,333           Non-Departmental         50,000         -         -         -         -           Debt Service:         Principal Retirement         5,073,401         4,978,803         4,177,665         801,138           Interest and Other Fiscal Charges         1,016,072         1,110,670         2,190,675         (1,080,005)           Total Expenditures         \$ 54,110,706         \$ 56,260,289         \$ 50,790,763         \$ 5,469,526           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)         \$ 2,713,539         \$ 2,256,953         \$ 5,931,004         \$ 3,674,051           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         \$ 2,308,079         \$ 2,318,079         \$ 1,921,235         \$ (396,844)           Transfers Out         (5,021,618)         (5,149,313)         (3,816,721)         1,332,592           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         \$ (2,713,539)         \$ (2,831,234)         \$ (1,895,486)         \$ 935,748           Net Change in Fund Balance         \$ -         \$ (574,281)         \$ 4,035,518         \$ 4,609,799           Fund Balance - Beginning         -         574,2										
Community Development         1,157,502         1,256,694         1,171,361         85,333           Non-Departmental         50,000         -         -         -         -           Debt Service:         Principal Retirement         5,073,401         4,978,803         4,177,665         801,138           Interest and Other Fiscal Charges         1,016,072         1,110,670         2,190,675         (1,080,005)           Total Expenditures         \$ 54,110,706         \$ 56,260,289         \$ 50,790,763         \$ 5,469,526           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)         \$ 2,713,539         \$ 2,256,953         \$ 5,931,004         \$ 3,674,051           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         \$ 2,308,079         \$ 2,318,079         \$ 1,921,235         \$ (396,844)           Transfers In         \$ 2,308,079         \$ 2,318,079         \$ 1,921,235         \$ (396,844)           Transfers Out         (5,021,618)         (5,149,313)         (3,816,721)         1,332,592           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         \$ (2,713,539)         \$ (2,831,234)         \$ (1,895,486)         \$ 935,748           Net Change in Fund Balance         \$ -         \$ (574,281)         \$ 4,035,518         \$ 4,609,799           Fund Balance - Beginning         -         574,281										
Non-Departmental         50,000         -										
Debt Service:         Principal Retirement         5,073,401         4,978,803         4,177,665         801,138           Interest and Other Fiscal Charges         1,016,072         1,110,670         2,190,675         (1,080,005)           Total Expenditures         \$ 54,110,706         \$ 56,260,289         \$ 50,790,763         \$ 5,469,526           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)           Expenditures         \$ 2,713,539         \$ 2,256,953         \$ 5,931,004         \$ 3,674,051           Other Financing Sources (Uses)           Transfers In         \$ 2,308,079         \$ 2,318,079         \$ 1,921,235         \$ (396,844)           Transfers Out         (5,021,618)         (5,149,313)         (3,816,721)         1,332,592           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         \$ (2,713,539)         \$ (2,831,234)         \$ (1,895,486)         \$ 935,748           Net Change in Fund Balance         \$ -         \$ (574,281)         \$ 4,035,518         \$ 4,609,799           Fund Balance - Beginning <th colspan<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1,230,094</td><td></td><td>1,171,301</td><td></td><td>05,333</td></th>	<td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,230,094</td> <td></td> <td>1,171,301</td> <td></td> <td>05,333</td>					1,230,094		1,171,301		05,333
Principal Retirement         5,073,401         4,978,803         4,177,665         801,138           Interest and Other Fiscal Charges         1,016,072         1,110,670         2,190,675         (1,080,005)           Total Expenditures         \$ 54,110,706         \$ 56,260,289         \$ 50,790,763         \$ 5,469,526           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)         \$ 2,713,539         \$ 2,256,953         \$ 5,931,004         \$ 3,674,051           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         \$ 2,308,079         \$ 2,318,079         \$ 1,921,235         \$ (396,844)           Transfers Out         (5,021,618)         (5,149,313)         (3,816,721)         1,332,592           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         \$ (2,713,539)         \$ (2,831,234)         \$ (1,895,486)         \$ 935,748           Net Change in Fund Balance         \$ -         \$ (574,281)         \$ 4,035,518         \$ 4,609,799           Fund Balance - Beginning         -         574,281         14,730,862         14,156,581	•		50,000		-		-		-	
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges			5 073 401		4 Q78 R03		A 177 665		801 13 <b>8</b>	
Total Expenditures         \$ 54,110,706         \$ 56,260,289         \$ 50,790,763         \$ 5,469,526           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         \$ 2,713,539         \$ 2,256,953         \$ 5,931,004         \$ 3,674,051           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         \$ 2,308,079         \$ 2,318,079         \$ 1,921,235         \$ (396,844)           Transfers Out         (5,021,618)         (5,149,313)         (3,816,721)         1,332,592           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         \$ (2,713,539)         \$ (2,831,234)         \$ (1,895,486)         \$ 935,748           Net Change in Fund Balance         \$ -         \$ (574,281)         \$ 4,035,518         \$ 4,609,799           Fund Balance - Beginning         -         574,281         14,730,862         14,156,581									•	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$ 2,713,539 \$ 2,256,953 \$ 5,931,004 \$ 3,674,051  Other Financing Sources (Uses)  Transfers In \$ 2,308,079 \$ 2,318,079 \$ 1,921,235 \$ (396,844)  Transfers Out (5,021,618) (5,149,313) (3,816,721) 1,332,592  Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (2,713,539) \$ (2,831,234) \$ (1,895,486) \$ 935,748  Net Change in Fund Balance \$ - \$ (574,281) \$ 4,035,518 \$ 4,609,799  Fund Balance - Beginning - 574,281 14,730,862 14,156,581		<u> </u>		ċ		Ċ		Ċ		
Expenditures         \$ 2,713,539         \$ 2,256,953         \$ 5,931,004         \$ 3,674,051           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         \$ 2,308,079         \$ 2,318,079         \$ 1,921,235         \$ (396,844)           Transfers Out         (5,021,618)         (5,149,313)         (3,816,721)         1,332,592           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         \$ (2,713,539)         \$ (2,831,234)         \$ (1,895,486)         \$ 935,748           Net Change in Fund Balance         \$ -         \$ (574,281)         \$ 4,035,518         \$ 4,609,799           Fund Balance - Beginning         -         574,281         14,730,862         14,156,581	Total Expelicitures	<u> </u>	54,110,706	Ş	30,200,209	Ş	50,790,763	Ş	5,409,520	
Expenditures         \$ 2,713,539         \$ 2,256,953         \$ 5,931,004         \$ 3,674,051           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         \$ 2,308,079         \$ 2,318,079         \$ 1,921,235         \$ (396,844)           Transfers Out         (5,021,618)         (5,149,313)         (3,816,721)         1,332,592           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         \$ (2,713,539)         \$ (2,831,234)         \$ (1,895,486)         \$ 935,748           Net Change in Fund Balance         \$ -         \$ (574,281)         \$ 4,035,518         \$ 4,609,799           Fund Balance - Beginning         -         574,281         14,730,862         14,156,581	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)									
Other Financing Sources (Uses)         Transfers In       \$ 2,308,079 \$ 2,318,079 \$ 1,921,235 \$ (396,844)         Transfers Out       (5,021,618) (5,149,313) (3,816,721) 1,332,592         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       \$ (2,713,539) \$ (2,831,234) \$ (1,895,486) \$ 935,748         Net Change in Fund Balance       \$ - \$ (574,281) \$ 4,035,518 \$ 4,609,799         Fund Balance - Beginning       5 74,281 14,730,862 14,730,862 14,156,581		ς	2 713 539	ς	2 256 953	ς	5 931 004	ς	3 674 051	
Transfers In         \$ 2,308,079 \$ 2,318,079 \$ 1,921,235 \$ (396,844)           Transfers Out         (5,021,618) \$ (5,149,313) \$ (3,816,721) \$ 1,332,592           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         \$ (2,713,539) \$ (2,831,234) \$ (1,895,486) \$ 935,748           Net Change in Fund Balance         \$ - \$ (574,281) \$ 4,035,518 \$ 4,609,799           Fund Balance - Beginning         5 74,281         14,730,862         14,156,581	Experiarca	<del>-</del>	2,713,337	٠,	2,230,733	7	3,731,004	7	3,074,031	
Transfers In         \$ 2,308,079 \$ 2,318,079 \$ 1,921,235 \$ (396,844)           Transfers Out         (5,021,618) \$ (5,149,313) \$ (3,816,721) \$ 1,332,592           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         \$ (2,713,539) \$ (2,831,234) \$ (1,895,486) \$ 935,748           Net Change in Fund Balance         \$ - \$ (574,281) \$ 4,035,518 \$ 4,609,799           Fund Balance - Beginning         5 74,281         14,730,862         14,156,581	Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers Out         (5,021,618)         (5,149,313)         (3,816,721)         1,332,592           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         \$ (2,713,539)         \$ (2,831,234)         \$ (1,895,486)         \$ 935,748           Net Change in Fund Balance         \$ -         \$ (574,281)         \$ 4,035,518         \$ 4,609,799           Fund Balance - Beginning         -         574,281         14,730,862         14,156,581	•	\$	2.308.079	ς	2.318.079	ς	1.921.235	ς	(396.844)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         \$ (2,713,539) \$ (2,831,234) \$ (1,895,486) \$ 935,748           Net Change in Fund Balance         \$ - \$ (574,281) \$ 4,035,518 \$ 4,609,799           Fund Balance - Beginning         - 574,281 14,730,862 14,156,581		7		~		~		~		
Net Change in Fund Balance       \$ - \$ (574,281) \$ 4,035,518 \$ 4,609,799         Fund Balance - Beginning       - 574,281 14,730,862 14,156,581		Ś		\$		Ś		Ś		
Fund Balance - Beginning - 574,281 14,730,862 14,156,581			(=,: .0,007)	~	(-,,,	~	(1,275,150)	-	, , , , , ,	
Fund Balance - Beginning - 574,281 14,730,862 14,156,581	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	(574,281)	\$	4,035,518	\$	4,609,799	
	_	-	-							
		\$	-	\$		\$		\$		

### County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2018

Date (1)	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (NPLA) (2)	Proportionate Share of the NPLA (3)	Covered (4)	•	Proportionate Share of the NPLA as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (Asset) (6)
Primary Government -	County of Pulaski Retir	rement Plan				
2018	81.5237%	\$ 2,873,283	\$	9,814,514	29.28%	93.59%
2017	81.5237%	3,619,908	(	9,341,508	38.75%	91.72%
2016	81.8900%	5,948,972	(	9,046,509	65.76%	86.10%
2015	81.3919%	4,247,122	8	8,486,988	50.04%	89.62%
2014	81.2400%	3,792,677	8	8,225,333	46.11%	90.36%
Component Unit Public	Service Authority					
2018	12.8998%	\$ 454,651	\$	1,552,987	29.28%	93.59%
2017	12.8998%	572,792		1,498,406	38.23%	91.72%
2016	12.7300%	924,782		1,399,901	66.06%	86.10%
2015	13.2000%	688,791		1,380,323	49.90%	89.62%
2014	13.2000%	615,090	•	1,341,630	45.85%	90.36%
Component Unit Schoo	l Board (professional)					
2018	0.2681%	\$ 31,530,000	\$ 2	1,717,893	145.18%	74.81%
2017	0.2761%	33,960,000	2	1,798,816	155.79%	72.92%
2016	0.2811%	39,386,000	2	1,429,302	183.80%	68.28%
2015	0.2876%	36,199,000	2	1,387,353	169.25%	70.68%
2014	0.3002%	36,277,000	2	1,994,717	164.94%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be inlcuded as they become available.

### County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2018

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability				-	
Service cost	\$ 205,130	\$ 217,216	\$ 248,654	\$ 265,386 \$	259,384
Interest	721,459	727,532	703,996	680,732	653,059
Differences between expected and actual experience	(75,674)	(407,240)	(78,558)	(89,812)	
Changes in assumptions	-	(62,808)	-	-	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(568,951)	(553,976)	(521,747)	(526,169)	(508,058)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 281,964	\$ (79,276)	\$ 352,345	\$ 330,137 \$	404,385
Total pension liability - beginning	10,591,030	10,670,306	10,317,961	9,987,824	9,583,439
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 10,872,994	\$ 10,591,030	\$ 10,670,306	\$ 10,317,961 \$	9,987,824
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 156,401	\$ 151,950	\$ 202,984	\$ 218,738 \$	245,465
Contributions - employee	108,131	105,216	111,956	121,343	123,727
Net investment income	761,233	1,146,141	164,816	424,421	1,281,760
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(568,951)	(553,976)	(521,747)	(526, 169)	(508,058)
Administrative expense	(6,699)	(6,774)	(6,016)	(5,914)	(6,966)
Other	(672)	(1,014)	(72)	(90)	68
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 449,443	\$ 841,543	\$ (48,079)	\$ 232,329 \$	1,135,996
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	10,371,152	9,529,609	9,577,688	9,345,359	8,209,363
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 10,820,595	\$ 10,371,152	\$ 9,529,609	\$ 9,577,688 \$	9,345,359
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 52,399	\$ 219,878	\$ 1,140,697	\$ 740,273 \$	642,465
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	99.52%	97.92%	89.31%	92.83%	93.57%
pension liability	99.52%	97.92%	89.31%	92.83%	93.5/%
Covered payroll	\$ 2,271,156	\$ 2,171,340	\$ 2,279,771	\$ 2,434,851 \$	2,474,506
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of					
covered payroll	2.31%	10.13%	50.04%	30.40%	25.96%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

### County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions - Pension Plans For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 through June 30, 2019

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)	
Primary Govern	nment	_		_					
2019	\$ 859,240	\$	859,240	\$	-	\$	10,056,520	8.54%	
2018	923,644		923,644		-		9,814,514	9.41%	
2017	886,604		886,604		-		9,341,508	9.49%	
2016	1,099,960		1,099,960		-		9,046,509	12.16%	
2015	1,018,523		1,018,523		-		8,486,988	12.00%	
Component Unit Public Service Authority									
-	\$ 143,608	\$	143,608	\$	-	\$	1,680,489	8.55%	
2018	146,152		146,152		-		1,552,987	9.41%	
2017	142,214		142,214		-		1,498,406	9.49%	
2016	169,248		169,248		-		1,399,901	12.09%	
2015	166,881		166,881		-		1,380,323	12.09%	
Component Uni	it School Board (noi	npro	ofessional)						
	\$ 116,793	\$	116,793	\$	-	\$	2,320,345	5.03%	
2018	156,538		156,538		-		2,271,156	6.89%	
2017	151,735		151,735		-		2,171,340	6.99%	
2016	205,179		205,179		-		2,279,771	9.00%	
2015	219,137		219,137		-		2,434,851	9.00%	
2014	245,471		245,471		-		2,474,506	9.92%	
2013	238,765		238,765		-		2,406,908	9.92%	
2012	164,102		164,102		-		2,304,799	7.12%	
2011	155,834		155,834		-		2,188,681	7.12%	
2010	145,637		145,637		-		2,322,755	6.27%	
Component Uni	it School Board (pro	ofess	sional)						
2019	\$ 3,309,921	\$	3,309,921	\$	-	\$	21,659,328	15.28%	
2018	3,473,102		3,473,102		-		21,717,893	15.99%	
2017	3,143,365		3,143,365		-		21,798,816	14.66%	
2016	3,012,959		3,012,959		-		21,429,302	14.06%	
2015	3,092,245		3,092,245		-		21,387,353	14.46%	
2014	2,564,584		2,564,584		-		21,994,717	11.66%	
2013	2,567,054		2,567,054		-		22,015,901	11.66%	
2012	1,342,616		1,342,616		-		21,210,363	6.33%	
2011	818,957		818,957		-		20,838,601	3.93%	
2010	1,398,761		1,398,761		-		15,876,969	8.81%	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Prior to 2015, the County information reported in the County's report included participants that are not reported in the County's report. Therefore, no additional data is currently available for the County. The PSA participates in VRS plans through the County; therefore, no additional data is currently available for the PSA as a result.

### County of Pulaski, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Plans For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

### Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

#### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

### Largest 10 - Hazardous Duty:

o Hazardous Daty.	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Increased rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

### Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

### County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of County's Share of Net OPEB Liability Healthcare OPEB Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Pro Sh	Employer's oportionate nare of the Net OPEB bility (Asset)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)
Primary Gov	<u></u>				
2018	27.37%	\$	1,218,300	N/A	N/A
2017	26.28%		1,191,800	N/A	N/A
Component l	Unit Public Service Autho	rity:			
2018	4.14%	\$	184,400	N/A	N/A
2017	4.24%		192,300	N/A	N/A
Component I	Unit - School Board:				
2018	68.35%	\$	3,042,700	N/A	N/A
2017	69.26%		3,141,200	N/A	N/A

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

### County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Healthcare OPEB Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2019

Date	R	tractually equired htribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	ontribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Gove	ernment:						
2019	\$	124,300	\$	124,300	\$ -	N/A	N/A
2018		48,800		48,800	-	N/A	N/A
2017		48,800		48,800	-	N/A	N/A
Component L	Jnit Public	Service Autho	ority:				
2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	N/A	N/A
2018		900		900	-	N/A	N/A
2017		900		900	-	N/A	N/A
Component L	Jnit - Scho	ool Board:					
2019	\$	206,700	\$	206,700	\$ -	N/A	N/A
2018		81,700		81,700	-	N/A	N/A
2017		81,700		81,700	-	N/A	N/A

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2018 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

### County of Pulaski, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Healthcare OPEB Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Valuation Date: 7/1/2018 Measurement Date: 7/1/2018

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

### Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

	•
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of salary
Discount Rate	3.62%
Healthcare Trend Rate	6.00% for fiscal year end 2019, decreasing 0.50% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%.
Salary Scale	2.50%
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 Mortaility Table, fully generated with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2018.

### County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of County's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance Program

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 and 2017

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	ortion of the t GLI OPEB I ility (Asset) Li		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)		Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
Primary Go	vernment						
2018	0.05197%	\$	789,149	\$	9,814,514	8.04%	51.22%
2017	0.05163%		777,136		9,341,508	8.32%	48.86%
Component	Unit Public Service Au	thori	ty				
2018	0.00822%	\$	124,870	\$	1,552,987	8.04%	51.22%
2017	0.00803%		120,808		1,498,406	8.06%	48.86%
Component	t Unit - School Board (n	onpro	fessional)				
2018	0.01197%	\$	182,000	\$	2,271,156	8.01%	51.22%
2017	0.01177%		177,000		2,171,340	8.15%	48.86%
<u>Compon</u> ent	t Unit - School Board (p	rofess	sional)				
2018	0.11429%	\$	1,735,000	\$	21,717,893	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.11814%	•	1,778,000	-	21,798,816	8.16%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance Program For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 through June 30, 2019

Date	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution  Date (1) Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		-	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)		
Primary Go									
2019	\$	52,381	\$	52,381	\$	-	\$	10,073,360	0.52%
2018		51,268		51,268		-		9,814,514	0.52%
2017		49,634		49,634		-		9,341,508	0.53%
Component	t Unit F	Public Service	e Au	uthority:					
2019	\$	8,753	\$	8,753	\$	-	\$	1,683,303	0.52%
2018		8,112		8,112		-		1,552,987	0.52%
2017		7,716		7,716		-		1,498,406	0.51%
Component	t Unit -	School Board	ı (r	nonprofessional):					
2019	\$	12,082	\$	12,082	ς	-	\$	2,323,486	0.52%
2018	7	11,831	Y	11,831	Y	_	Y	2,271,156	0.52%
2017		11,291		11,291		_		2,171,340	0.52%
2016		10,943		10,943		_		2,279,771	0.48%
2015		11,708		11,708		-		2,434,851	0.48%
2014		11,901		11,901		-		2,474,506	0.48%
2013		11,730		11,730		-		2,406,908	0.49%
2012		6,487		6,487		-		2,304,799	0.28%
2011		6,160		6,160		-		2,188,681	0.28%
2010		4,610		4,610		-		2,322,755	0.20%
Componen	+ I Ini+	Sahaal Baare	٦ (٣	orofessional):					
2019	\$	112,755		112,755	ċ		ċ	21,683,706	0.52%
2019	Ş	113,185	Ç	113,185	Ç	-	Ç	21,717,893	0.52%
2017		113,163		113,316		-		21,717,893	0.52%
2017		102,879		102,879		-		21,429,302	0.48%
2015		102,659		102,659		-		21,387,353	0.48%
2013		105,375		105,375		-		21,994,717	0.48%
2013		105,730		105,730		-		22,015,901	0.48%
2013		59,427		59,427		-		21,210,363	0.28%
2012		58,356		58,356		-		20,838,601	0.28%
2010		42,887		42,887		-		15,876,969	0.27%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Prior to 2017, the County information reported in the County's report included participants that are not reported in the County's report. Therefore, no additional data is currently available for the County. The PSA participates in VRS plans through the County; therefore, no additional data is currently available for the PSA as a result.

## County of Pulaski, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

#### Teachers

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

### Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

### Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

angest rem becamely Employers mazaracus bat	Linployees
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected
healthy, and disabled)	to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages
	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected
healthy, and disabled)	to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age
	and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

### County of Pulaski, Virginia

### Schedule of County School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 and 2017

				Employer's Proportionate Share	
	Fundamenta	Employer's		of the Net HIC OPEB	Dian Fiducianu
	Employer's	Proportionate		Liability (Asset)	Plan Fiduciary
	Proportion of the	Share of the	Employer's	as a Percentage of	Net Position as a
	Net HIC OPEB	Net HIC OPEB	Covered	Covered Payroll	Percentage of Total
Date	Liability (Asset)	Liability (Asset)	Payroll	(3)/(4)	HIC OPEB Liability
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2018	0.26811% \$	3,404,000	\$ 21,717,893	15.67%	8.08%
2017	0.27607%	3,503,000	21,798,816	16.07%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 through June 30, 2019

Date	Relation Contractually Contractually Contractually Required Required Contribution Contribution		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)	
2019	- <sub>\$</sub> -	259,911	\$	259,911	\$	\$ 21,659,328	1.20%
2018		267,130		267,130	-	21,717,893	1.23%
2017		241,839		241,839	-	21,798,816	1.11%
2016		227,151		227,151	-	21,429,302	1.06%
2015		226,667		226,667	-	21,387,353	1.06%
2014		243,679		243,679	-	21,994,717	1.11%
2013		244,383		244,383	-	22,015,901	1.11%
2012		127,262		127,262	-	21,210,363	0.60%
2011		125,052		125,052	-	20,838,601	0.60%
2010		165,120		165,120	-	15,876,969	1.04%

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change



# County of Pulaski, Virginia Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund-County CIP Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget Amounts						Variance with		
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	F	inal Budget <u>Pos (Neg)</u>	
REVENUES									
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	107,264	\$	109,375	\$	2,111	
Recovered Costs		-		30,370		5,590		(24,780)	
Intergovernmental:									
Commonwealth		-		1,701,921		128,397		(1,573,524)	
Total Revenues	\$	-	\$	1,839,555	\$	243,362	\$	(1,596,193)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General Government Administration	\$	509,000	\$	765,583	\$	387,625	\$	377,958	
Public Safety		832,130		1,571,769		1,537,936		33,833	
Public Works		65,000		1,396,498		155,296		1,241,202	
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		118,170		1,967,710		499,458		1,468,252	
Community Development		239,750		333,045		40,404		292,641	
Total Expenditures	\$	1,764,050	\$	6,034,605	\$	2,620,719	\$	3,413,886	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)									
Expenditures	\$	(1,764,050)	\$	(4,195,050)	\$	(2,377,357)	\$	1,817,693	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers In	\$	1,190,592	Ś	1,210,592	\$	1,210,592	Ś	_	
Transfers Out	,	-	•	(10,000)	•	(10,000)	•	_	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	1,190,592	\$	1,200,592	\$	1,200,592	\$	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(573,458)	Ś	(2,994,458)	Ś	(1,176,765)	\$	1,817,693	
Fund Balance - Beginning	7	573,458	•	2,994,458	~	2,722,657	~	(271,801)	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,545,892	\$	1,545,892	

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Major Capital Projects Fund-School CIP Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget Amounts					Antoni	Variance with		
DEVENUE	<u>Ori</u>	ginal	<u>Final</u>			Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Final Budget Pos (Neg)	
REVENUES									
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	-	\$	328,867	\$	1,080,687	\$	751,820	
EXPENDITURES									
Capital Projects	\$	-	\$	46,287,485	\$	14,213,262	\$	32,074,223	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)									
Expenditures	\$	-	\$	(45,958,618)	\$	(13,132,575)	\$	32,826,043	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	_	¢	(45,958,618)	¢	(13,132,575)	¢	32,826,043	
_	J	_	ڔ		ب		ڔ		
Fund Balance - Beginning		-		45,958,618		45,680,671		(277,947)	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	32,548,096	\$	32,548,096	

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

		Special Velfare	Pei	rformance Bond		mployee Flexible Benefits	Total
ASSETS	_				-		
Current Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	18,928	\$	125,042	\$	85,151	\$ 229,121
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Amounts Held for Others:							
Special Welfare Fund	\$	18,928	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 18,928
Performance Bond Fund		-		125,042		-	125,042
Employee Flexible Benefits Fund		-		-		85,151	85,151
Total amounts held for others	\$	18,928	\$	125,042	\$	85,151	\$ 229,121
Total Liabilities	\$	18,928	\$	125,042	\$	85,151	\$ 229,121

## County of Pulaski, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

ASSETS	Balance y 1, 2018	<u>A</u>	<u>Additions</u>		eletions	Balance ne 30, 2019
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents:						
Special Welfare Fund	\$ 19,784	\$	79,317	\$	80,173	\$ 18,928
Performance Bond Fund	88,260		36,782		-	125,042
Employee Flexible Benefits Fund	85,430		46,539		46,818	85,151
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 193,474	\$	162,638	\$	126,991	\$ 229,121
Total Assets	\$ 193,474	\$	162,638	\$	126,991	\$ 229,121
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Amounts Held for Others:						
Special Welfare Fund	\$ 19,784	\$	79,317	\$	80,173	\$ 18,928
Performance Bond Fund	88,260		36,782		-	125,042
Employee Flexible Benefits Fund	85,430		46,539		46,818	85,151
Total amounts held for others	\$ 193,474	\$	162,638	\$	126,991	\$ 229,121
Total Liabilities	\$ 193,474	\$	162,638	\$	126,991	\$ 229,121

### DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT- SCHOOL BOARD

### MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - The School Operating Fund accounts for the operations of the County's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the General Fund of the County. The Cafeteria and Governor's School Funds have been merged for reporting purposes.

## County of Pulaski, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

		0	School perating Fund
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$	2,051,593
Prepaid Items			468,365
Due from Primary Government			2,258,138
Due from Other Governmental Units			1,007,599
Total Assets		\$	5,785,695
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable		\$	89,147
Accrued Wages		Y	3,596,513
Total Liabilities		\$	3,685,660
Total Elabilities		<del>-</del>	3,003,000
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable - Prepaid Items		\$	468,365
Committed			1,631,670
Total Fund Balances		\$	2,100,035
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances		\$	5,785,695
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:			
Total fund balances - per above		\$	2,100,035
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Land	\$ 858,360		
Building and System	5,334,758		
Machinery and Equipment	3,349,076		
Construction in Progress	 214,121		9,756,315
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Pension Related Items	\$ 3,802,714		
OPEB Related Items	 835,948	_	4,638,662
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, net pension liability, and net OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Compensated Absences	\$ (1,397,770)		
Net Pension Liability	(31,582,399)		
Net OPEB liabilities	 (8,363,700)	-	(41,343,869)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds			
Pension Related Items	\$ (5,858,047)		
OPEB Related Items	 (738,600)	-	(6,596,647)
Net position of governmental activities - component unit school board		\$	(31,445,504)

### County of Pulaski, Virginia

### Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board

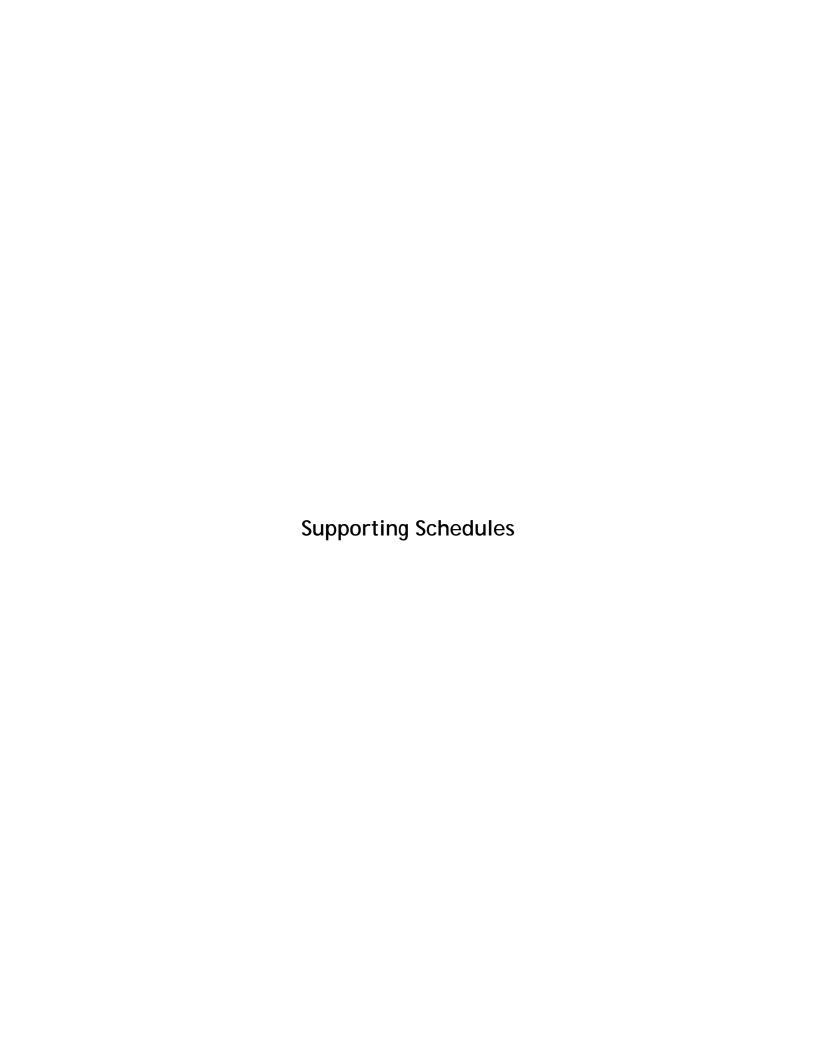
### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Ωn	School erating Fund
REVENUES			orating rana
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		\$	13,826
Charges for Services		•	1,132,536
Miscellaneous			35,574
Recovered Costs			573,827
Intergovernmental:			373,027
Local Government			14,842,894
Commonwealth			27,614,957
Federal Government			4,927,348
Total Revenues		\$	49,140,962
			.,,,,,,,
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Education		\$	49,094,075
Education			17,071,073
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			
Expenditures		\$	46,887
Experiationes			40,007
Net Change in Fund Balance		\$	46,887
Fund Balance - Beginning		Ţ	2,053,148
Fund Balance - Ending		\$	2,100,035
Tulio batance - Lifeting		<del>-</del>	2,100,033
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:			
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds - per above		\$	46,887
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.			
Capital Outlay	\$ 1,280,667		
Depreciation	(963,845)	<u>)</u>	316,822
		<del>-</del>	
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets			
(i.e., sales and donations) is to decrease net position.			(47,179)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditure in governmental funds.			
(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences	\$ 19,650		
Changes in pension related items	2,660,305		
Changes in OPEB related items	205,002	_	2,884,957
Change in net position of governmental funds - component unit school board		\$	3,201,487

## County of Pulaski, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Budget	Am	ounts	_			ariance with
					Actual	F	inal Budget
	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		Pos (Neg)
REVENUES							
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$ 7,200	\$	7,200	\$	13,826	\$	6,626
Charges for Services	1,249,000		1,249,000		1,132,536		(116,464)
Miscellaneous	76,973		76,973		35,574		(41,399)
Recovered Costs	622,137		642,137		573,827		(68,310)
Intergovernmental:							
Local Government	15,132,134		15,484,328		14,842,894		(641,434)
Commonwealth	27,304,046		27,603,733		27,614,957		11,224
Federal Government	6,306,834		6,178,762		4,927,348		(1,251,414)
Total Revenues	\$ 50,698,324	\$	51,242,133	\$	49,140,962	\$	(2,101,171)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Education	\$ 50,698,324	\$	51,242,133	\$	49,094,075	\$	2,148,058
Total Expenditures	\$ 50,698,324	\$	51,242,133	\$	49,094,075	\$	2,148,058
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$ -	\$	-	\$	46,887	\$	46,887
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$	46,887	\$	46,887
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		2,053,148		2,053,148
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,100,035	\$	2,100,035



nd, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)	
mary Government:							
neral Fund:							
Revenue from Local Sources:							
General Property Taxes:							
Real property taxes	\$ 19,600,000	\$ 19,672,200	\$	19,824,620	\$	152,42	
Real and personal public service corporation taxes	1,030,000	1,066,000		1,066,022		2	
Personal property taxes	5,210,000	5,417,000		5,487,364		70,36	
Mobile home taxes	40,000	50,466		52,681		2,21	
Machinery and tools taxes	4,000,000	4,201,660		4,230,032		28,37	
Airplane taxes	17,500	17,500		10,779		(6,72	
Penalties	220,000	249,960		259,764		9,80	
Interest	220,000	220,000		266,144		46,14	
Collection fees	25,000	51,800		58,519		6,71	
Total General Property Taxes	\$ 30,362,500	\$ 30,946,586	\$	31,255,925	\$	309,33	
Other Local Taxes:							
Local sales and use taxes	\$ 3,375,000	\$ 3,519,618	\$	3,543,084	\$	23,46	
Moped sales tax	-	-		180		18	
Consumers' utility taxes	654,000	654,000		657,497		3,49	
Business licenses	719,000	846,394		894,443		48,04	
Consumption taxes	105,300	105,300		103,268		(2,03	
Motor vehicle licenses	560,000	560,000		576,367		16,36	
Bank stock taxes	5,000	5,000		21,402		16,40	
Taxes on recordation and wills	200,000	200,000		126,195		(73,80	
Hotel and motel room taxes	410,000	410,000		365,125		(44,87	
Restaurant food taxes	1,525,000	1,525,000		1,562,132		37,13	
Total Other Local Taxes	\$ 7,553,300	\$ 7,825,312	\$	7,849,693	\$	24,38	
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses:							
Animal licenses	\$ 18,000	\$ 18,000	\$	29,059	\$	11,05	
Land use application fees	650	650		656			
Transfer fees	1,000	1,000		1,065		6	
Zoning and subdivision permits	8,000	8,000		4,920		(3,08	
Erosion and sediment control permits	500	500		1,000		50	
Building permits	 110,000	220,315		222,238		1,92	
Total Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses	\$ 138,150	\$ 248,465	\$	258,938	\$	10,47	
Fines and Forfeitures:							
Court fines and forfeitures	\$ 40,000	\$ 298,780	\$	385,407	\$	86,62	
Interest on local fines	4,750	4,750		4,877		12	
Total Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 44,750	\$ 303,530	\$	390,284	\$	86,75	
Revenue from Use of Money and Property:							
Revenue from use of money	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	\$	472,846	\$	172,84	
Revenue from use of property	 35,640	35,640		59,332		23,69	
Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$ 335,640	\$ 335,640	\$	532,178	\$	196,53	
Charges for Services:							
Charges for clerk copies	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$	7,731	\$	(2,26	
Charges for courthouse maintenance	19,500	19,500		26,615		7,11	
Charges for courthouse security	80,000	80,000		118,145		38,14	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with nal Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)							
General Fund: (continued)							
Revenue from Local Sources: (continued)							
Charges for Services: (continued)							
Fees of Sheriff	\$	95,700	\$ 14,966	\$	16,408	\$	1,442
Share of seized property		-	-		6,014		6,014
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		5,000	5,000	)	5,116		116
Miscellaneous jail and inmate fees		6,500	6,600	)	3,912		(2,688)
Concealed handgun permits		10,000	10,000	)	14,207		4,207
Charges for parks and recreation		252,000	261,534	1	269,053		7,519
Town tax book preparation		470	470	)	470		-
Charges for animal pound		10,000	10,000	)	9,699		(301)
Charges for landfill		40,000	40,000	)	-		(40,000)
Charges for library		21,700	22,418	,	25,088		2,670
Total Charges for Services	\$	550,870	\$ 480,488	\$	502,458	\$	21,970
Miscellaneous:							
Local contributions	\$	-	\$ 14,019	\$	16,494	\$	2,475
Miscellaneous		31,800	125,855	i	213,130		87,275
Total Miscellaneous	\$	31,800	\$ 139,874	\$	229,624	\$	89,750
Recovered Costs:							
Administrative fees	\$	105,000	\$ 153,020	\$	135,925	\$	(17,095)
Airport recoveries		209,833	229,320	)	213,981		(15,339)
Juror costs		-	10,260	)	10,260		-
CSA recoveries		-	-		49,632		49,632
Insurance recoveries		214	22,362		23,009		647
Parks and recreation		80,000	117,203		111,412		(5,791)
Public safety recoveries		464,416	468,320	)	248,187		(220,133)
Public works recoveries		55,000	55,000	)	-		(55,000)
Drug court		-	12,800	)	13,400		600
Other recoveries	<u></u>	154,796	166,827	•	144,194		(22,633)
Total Recovered Costs	\$	1,069,259	\$ 1,235,112	\$	950,000	\$	(285,112)
Total Revenue from Local Sources	\$	40,086,269	\$ 41,515,007	\$	41,969,100	\$	454,093
Intergovernmental:							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Noncategorical Aid:							
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$	43,000	\$ 43,000	\$	82,938	\$	39,938
Mobile home titling tax		35,000	35,000		28,339		(6,661)
Motor vehicle rental tax		5,000	5,000	)	4,170		(830)
Grantor's tax		120,000	135,062		132,262		(2,800)
State recordation tax		-	-		69,380		69,380
Telecommunication taxes		775,000	775,000	)	698,725		(76,275)
Personal property tax relief funds		1,594,529	1,594,529	)	1,594,529		-
Total Noncategorical Aid	\$	2,572,529	\$ 2,587,591	\$	2,610,343	\$	22,752

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	ariance with inal Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)				
General Fund: (continued)				
Intergovernmental: (continued)				
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (continued)				
Categorical Aid:				
Shared Expenses:				
Commonwealth's Attorney	\$ 640,000	\$ 640,000	\$ 665,049	\$ 25,049
Sheriff	1,686,891	1,686,891	1,823,951	137,060
Commissioner of the Revenue	140,000	140,000	137,867	(2,133)
Treasurer	112,000	112,000	112,154	154
Registrar/Electoral Board	41,000	42,436	42,436	-
Clerk of the Circuit Court	 375,000	406,892	430,347	23,455
Total Shared Expenses	\$ 2,994,891	\$ 3,028,219	\$ 3,211,804	\$ 183,585
Other Categorical Aid:				
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$ 2,836,402	\$ 2,837,080	\$ 2,066,864	\$ (770,216)
Comprehensive Services Act (CSA)	3,250,000	3,250,000	1,950,942	(1,299,058)
DMV animal friendly plates	600	600	800	200
Victim's assistance grant	189,024	189,024	47,256	(141,768)
Litter control grant	12,000	12,407	12,407	-
Library grant	132,660	134,794	134,794	-
Pretrial services grant	831,885	831,885	832,690	805
Supreme Court Drug Cort grant	15,000	15,000	-	(15,000)
Fire programs	75,000	75,000	80,482	5,482
Virginia Juvenile Commission Crime Control	21,321	21,321	21,321	-
Domestic violence DCJS grant	45,000	45,000	56,250	11,250
Commission on the arts	4,500	4,500	4,500	-
Public safety answer grant	126,160	139,852	131,172	(8,680)
DEQ grant	200	200	349	149
DCJS Equipment Communication Grant	 -	31,485	31,485	-
Total Other Categorical Aid	\$ 7,539,752	\$ 7,588,148	\$ 5,371,312	\$ (2,216,836)
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 13,107,172	\$ 13,203,958	\$ 11,193,459	\$ (2,010,499)
Revenue from the Federal Government:				
Noncategorical Aid:				
Payment in lieu of taxes	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 52,998	\$ 22,998
Categorical Aid:				
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$ 3,554,131	\$ 3,556,841	\$ 3,284,402	\$ (272,439)
CDBG grants	-	30,000	-	(30,000)
Emergency management preparedness grant	16,904	33,808	33,808	-
RD Sheriff Vehicles	-	50,000	-	(50,000)
State and community highway safety	-	13,620	8,650	(4,970)
DCJS alternative community sentencing	29,769	29,769	612	(29,157)
HIDTA drug grant	-	1,095	1,095	-
Drug court	-	21,945	25,935	3,990
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	-	31,199	9,940	(21,259)
Victim witness	 -	 -	 141,768	 141,768
Total Categorical Aid	\$ 3,600,804	\$ 3,768,277	\$ 3,506,210	\$ (262,067)
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	\$ 3,630,804	\$ 3,798,277	\$ 3,559,208	\$ (239,069)
Total General Fund	\$ 56,824,245	58,517,242	56,721,767	(1,795,475)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		Fi	nriance with nal Budget- Pos (Neg)
Major Capital Projects Funds:								
School CIP Fund:								
Revenue from Use of Money and Property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	-	\$	328,867	\$	1,080,687	\$	751,820
Total School CIP Fund	\$	-	\$	328,867	\$	1,080,687	\$	751,820
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds: County CIP Fund:								
Revenue from Local Sources:								
Miscellaneous:								
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	107,264	\$	109,375	\$	2,111
Recovered Costs:								
Other recoveries	\$	-	\$	30,370	\$	5,590	\$	(24,780)
Total Revenue from Local Sources	\$		\$	137,634	\$	114,965	\$	(22,669)
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Other Categorical Aid:								
VDOT grants	\$	-	\$	1,701,921	\$	128,397	\$	(1,573,524)
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	-	\$	1,701,921	\$	128,397	\$	(1,573,524)
Total County CIP Fund	\$	-	\$	1,839,555	\$	243,362	\$	(1,596,193)
Total Primary Government	\$	56,824,245	\$	60,685,664	\$	58,045,816	\$	(2,639,848)
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board: School Operating Fund:								
Revenue from Local Sources:								
Revenue from Use of Money and Property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	4,800	\$	4,800	\$	11,726	\$	6,926
Revenue from use of property		2,400		2,400		2,100		(300)
Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	7,200	\$	7,200	\$	13,826	\$	6,626
Charges for Services:								
Charges for education	\$	150,000	ς	150,000	ς	152,084	ς	2,084
Cafeteria sales	7	637,000	~	637,000	*	495,352	~	(141,648)
Tuition and payments from other divisions		462,000		462,000		485,100		23,100
Total Charges for Services	\$	1,249,000	\$	1,249,000	\$	1,132,536	\$	(116,464)
Hispallangerin								
Miscellaneous:  Miscellaneous	\$	76,973	\$	76,973	\$	35,574	\$	(41,399)
		· ·						

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board: (continued)				
School Operating Fund: (continued)				
Revenue from Local Sources: (continued)				
Recovered Costs:				
Medicaid reimbursements	\$ 212,500	\$ 212,500	\$ 223,364	\$ 10,864
Insurance recoveries	-	-	1,114	1,114
E-Rate	-	-	112,560	112,560
Joint services reimbursements	65,637	65,637	-	(65,637)
Salary reimbursements	80,000	80,000	36,079	(43,921)
School activity reimbursements	65,000	65,000	68,233	3,233
Title I indirect costs	-	-	12,257	12,257
Other recoveries	199,000	219,000	120,220	(98,780)
Total Recovered Costs	\$ 622,137	\$ 642,137	\$ 573,827	\$ (68,310)
Total Revenue from Local Sources	\$ 1,955,310	\$ 1,975,310	\$ 1,755,763	\$ (219,547)
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from Local Governments:				
Contribution from County of Pulaski, Virginia-General Fund	\$ 15,132,134	\$ 15,484,328	\$ 14,842,894	\$ (641,434)
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical Aid: At risk four-year olds	\$ 430,674	\$ 430,674	\$ 430,674	\$ -
At risk payments	528,446	528,446	582,563	54,117
Basic school aid	12,797,413	12,797,413	12,683,705	(113,708)
Career technology education	33,264	33,264	6,917	(26,347)
Early reading intervention	113,782	113,782	127,436	13,654
English as a second language	30,229	30,229	32,061	1,832
Enrollment loss	168,097	168,097	168,097	-
Gifted and talented	134,005	134,005	133,266	(739)
GLI instructional	56,282	56,282	55,972	(310)
Governor's School	344,002	344,002	346,018	2,016
Homebound education	27,271	27,271	38,440	11,169
ISAEP	15,717	16,710	16,710	-
Mentor teaching program	3,516	3,516	4,333	817
Special education jail	10,275	10,275	-	(10,275)
Preschool social services	-	-	3,685	3,685
Primary class size	624,811	624,811	647,380	22,569
Project graduation	9,491	9,491	9,491	-
Gear up Virginia	-	76,540	65,488	(11,052)
Remedial education	536,021	536,021	533,065	(2,956)
Remedial summer education	79,280	79,280	109,665	30,385
Retirement	1,795,671	1,795,671	1,785,768	(9,903)
School food	56,700	56,700	79,506	22,806
Share of state sales tax	4,810,779	4,810,779	4,865,590	54,811

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)	
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board: (continued)								
School Operating Fund: (continued)								
Intergovernmental: (continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (continued)								
Categorical Aid: (continued)								
Social security	\$ 814,752	\$	814,752	\$	810,430	\$	(4,322)	
STEM grant	-		5,000		5,000		-	
VPSA E-learning backpack grant	-		164,000		164,000		-	
Special education	1,857,313		1,857,313		1,983,575		126,262	
Special education - foster care	8,348		8,348		-		(8,348)	
Standards of learning algebra readiness	64,680		64,680		62,404		(2,276)	
State lottery payments	900,730		900,730		970,578		69,848	
Textbook payment	269,860		269,860		268,372		(1,488)	
Vocational education-equipment	-		-		6,034		6,034	
Vocational occupational preparedness	-		-		55,601		55,601	
Vocational standards of quality payments	439,537		439,537		437,113		(2,424)	
VPSA technology grant	284,000		284,000		-		(284,000)	
PBIS grant	-		31,918		31,919		1	
VTSF Virginia tobacco settlement	59,100		36,243		42,003		5,760	
Race to GED grant	-		44,093		44,093		-	
Math and science teacher recruitment	-		-		7,000		7,000	
Compensation supplement	 -		-		1,005		1,005	
Total Categorical Aid	\$ 27,304,046	\$	27,603,733	\$	27,614,957	\$	11,224	
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 27,304,046	\$	27,603,733	\$	27,614,957	\$	11,224	
Revenue from the Federal Government:								
Categorical Aid:								
Forest reserve funds	\$ -	\$	-	\$	19,072	\$	19,072	
Title I	1,417,433		1,413,623		980,231		(433,392)	
Title VI-B, special education	1,692,867		1,477,382		967,737		(509,645)	
Title VI-B, pre-school	45,949		46,778		39,722		(7,056)	
Title V	21,998		92,929		26,887		(66,042)	
Vocational education	83,723		83,723		78,901		(4,822)	
Fresh fruits and vegetables	-		-		52,217		52,217	
CACFP	-		-		34,716		34,716	
Title III, LEP	-		-		3,492		3,492	
Title II, Part A-Teacher quality grant	221,894		224,178		146,310		(77,868)	
Title IV, Part 21	496,970		454,149		271,808		(182,341)	
School food	1,750,000		1,750,000		1,922,156		172,156	
School food-Summer program					77,429		77,429	
Project aware	538,817		538,817		222,373		(316,444)	
CN school meals equipment	-		-		24,297		24,297	
EPA clean diesel program			60,000		60,000		(27.402)	
Other	 37,183	^	37,183	ŕ	- 4 007 3 40	_	(37,183)	
Total Categorical Aid	\$ 6,306,834	\$	6,178,762	\$	4,927,348	\$	(1,251,414)	
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	\$ 6,306,834	\$	6,178,762	\$	4,927,348	\$	(1,251,414)	
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board	\$ 50,698,324	\$	51,242,133	\$	49,140,962	\$	(2,101,171)	

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government:								
General Fund:								
General Government Administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of Supervisors	<u>\$</u>	191,481	\$	234,276	\$	195,391	\$	38,885
General and Financial Administration:								
County Administrator	\$	514,276	\$	528,954	\$	391,107	\$	137,847
Assistant County Administrator		141,650		198,939		193,324		5,615
County Attorney		33,450		38,450		35,769		2,681
Independent Auditor		74,000		74,000		72,775		1,225
Commissioner of the Revenue		467,948		503,948		459,937		44,011
Treasurer		565,211		565,698		534,783		30,915
Management Services		206,837		211,617		209,572		2,045
Director of Finance		222,159		227,159		220,622		6,537
GIS Department		104,809		104,809		71,217		33,592
Other General and Financial Administration		417,928		410,975		344,732		66,243
Total General and Financial Administration	\$	2,748,268	\$	2,864,549	\$	2,533,838	\$	330,711
Board of Elections:								
Electoral Board	\$	80,643	\$	81,851	\$	52,166	\$	29,685
Registrar		144,846		145,353		140,280		5,073
Total Board of Elections	\$	225,489	\$	227,204	\$	192,446	\$	34,758
Total General Government Administration	\$	3,165,238	\$	3,326,029	\$	2,921,675	\$	404,354
Judicial Administration:								
Courts:	,	(7.202	ċ	77, 000	ċ	72 570	,	2 544
Circuit Court General District Court	\$	67,292	þ	76,090	þ	73,579	<b>&gt;</b>	2,511
		6,531 150		6,531 150		4,248		2,283 150
Magistrate  Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court		7,467		7,467		6,544		923
Clerk of the Circuit Court		622,460		712,299		679,881		32,418
Law Library		6,824		7,334		6,273		1,061
Victim's Witness Assistance		209,234		227,054		212,112		14,942
Drug Court Local Assistance		44,950		79,950		59,673		20,277
Domestic Relations Legal Services		45,000		66,945		67,836		(891)
Women's Resource Victims Assistance		24,047		24,047		24,047		-
Total Courts	\$	1,033,955	\$	1,207,867	\$	1,134,193	\$	73,674
Commonwealth's Attorney:								
Commonwealth's Attorney	\$	939,229	¢	961,147	¢	949,490	ς	11,657
commonweaters Actorney		737,227	٠,	701,147	٠,	747,470	7	11,037
Total Judicial Administration	\$	1,973,184	\$	2,169,014	\$	2,083,683	\$	85,331
Public Safety:								
Law Enforcement and Traffic Control:								
Sheriff	\$	3,773,234	\$	4,106,908	\$	3,938,162	\$	168,746

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		ariance with inal Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)								
General Fund: (continued)								
Public Safety: (continued)								
Fire and Rescue Services:	,	4 522 442	,	4 704 402	,	4 425 205	,	2/0.707
E-911	\$	1,523,413	>	1,704,192	\$	1,435,395	\$	268,797
Forest Fire Protection		8,661 14,000		8,661		14 240		8,661
Fire Department		•		14,268 357,929		14,268		
Volunteer Fire Departments		293,846 29,769		29,769		355,343 17,910		2,586
Alternative Community Sentencing		6,000				•		11,859
Pulaski County Special Operations				6,000		6,656		(656)
Western Virginia EMS  Ambulance and Rescue Services		7,352		7,352		7,352 4,524		(4 524)
Contribution to REMSI		- 421,018		- 421,018		421,018		(4,524)
Total Fire and Rescue Services	Ś	2,304,059	\$	2,549,189	\$	2,262,466	\$	286,723
Total Tife and Nescue Services		2,304,037	ڔ	2,347,107	ڔ	2,202,400	ڔ	200,723
Correction and Detention:								
Regional Jail Payments	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	1,890,653	\$	109,347
Court Services		7,330		7,330		3,340		3,990
Pretrial Services Grant		851,885		981,452		796,220		185,232
NRV Juvenile Detention Home		102,461		102,461		102,461		-
Total Correction and Detention	\$	2,961,676	\$	3,091,243	\$	2,792,674	\$	298,569
Inspections:								
Building Inspections	\$	178,927	\$	182,890	\$	173,798	\$	9,092
Code Enforcement	_	78,094		81,394		78,411		2,983
Total Inspections	\$	257,021	\$	264,284	\$	252,209	\$	12,075
Other Protection:								
Animal Control	\$	325,497	\$	399,761	\$	389,666	\$	10,095
Medical Examiner		900		900		800		100
Emergency Management		136,971		172,560		176,473		(3,913)
Total Other Protection	\$	463,368	\$	573,221	\$	566,939	\$	6,282
Total Public Safety	\$	9,759,358	\$	10,584,845	\$	9,812,450	\$	772,395
Public Works:								
Sanitation and Waste Removal:								
General Engineering	\$	316,499	Ś	343,784	Ś	329,520	Ś	14,264
Landfill	•	148,810	•	183,810	•	164,601	•	19,209
Public Works		3,500		3,500		2,949		551
Clean Community Council		18,966		39,966		49,020		(9,054)
Total Sanitation and Waste Removal	\$	487,775	\$	571,060	\$	546,090	\$	24,970
Maintenance of General Building and Grounds:								
General Properties	\$	1,216,481	\$	1,338,805	\$	1,100,339	\$	238,466
Cleaning Services		218,728		219,500		210,720		8,780
NRV Airport Salaries and Benefits Reimbursement		209,287		219,287		213,981		5,306
NRV Airport Maintenance Contribution		128,003		128,003		128,003		-
Natural disaster cleanup		-		-		9,818		(9,818)
Property cleanup		21,000		21,000		-		21,000
Total Maintenance of General Buildings and Grounds	\$	1,793,499	\$	1,926,595	\$	1,662,861	\$	263,734
Total Public Works	\$	2,281,274	\$	2,497,655	\$	2,208,951	\$	288,704

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Final <u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u>				<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>	
Primary Government: (continued)								
General Fund: (continued)								
Health and Welfare:								
Health:	÷	244.770	ċ	254.402	ċ	244 (70	,	0.544
Supplement of Local Health Department	\$	344,679	\$	354,193	\$	344,679	\$	9,514
Behavioral Health and Development Services:								
Community Services Board	\$	96,000	s	96,000	Ś	96,000	s	_
Community Sources Source		70,000	<u> </u>	70,000	_	70,000	<u> </u>	
Welfare:								
Public Assistance	\$	7,422,645	\$	7,426,042	\$	5,909,676	\$	1,516,366
Welfare Administration		81,967		81,967		41,178		40,789
Comprehensive Services Act		4,465,000		4,465,000		2,743,617		1,721,383
Area Agency on Aging		17,312		17,587		17,587		-
Office on Youth		127,400		153,520		148,723		4,797
Feeding America		2,820		2,820		2,820		-
Pulaski Area Transit		62,000		62,000		62,000		-
New River Community Action		47,660		47,660		47,660		-
NRV Disability Services		12,209		24,418		12,209		12,209
Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime		85,605		90,567		86,924		3,643
Pulaski Community Youth Center		-		27,000		4,835		22,165
Fairview District Home		94,801		94,801		94,801		-
Brain Injury Services of SWVa		2,500		2,500		2,500		-
RSVP Program		17,037		17,037		16,762		275
Beans and Rice		8,750		8,750		8,750		-
NRV Cares		847		847		847		-
Free Clinic of Pulaski County		61,500		61,500		61,500		-
Literacy Volunteers of America		2,250		2,250		2,250		-
United Way		2,500		2,500		2,500		-
Commission on Children and Families		25,000		25,000		25,000		-
Contributions to Other Local Organizations Total Welfare	<u>-</u>	55,000 12,594,803	ċ	45,000	ċ	45,000	ċ	2 224 427
Total Wellare	<u> </u>	12,394,003	\$	12,658,766	\$	9,337,139	\$	3,321,627
Total Health and Welfare	\$	13,035,482	\$	13,108,959	\$	9,777,818	\$	3,331,141
Education:								
Other Instructional Costs:								
Contribution to New River Community College	\$	15,658	\$	15,658	\$	15,658	\$	_
Contribution to Pulaski County School Board	•	15,102,134	•	15,499,643	•	14,842,894	•	656,749
Total Education	\$	15,117,792	\$	15,515,301	\$	14,858,552	\$	656,749
Parks, Recreational and Cultural:								
Parks and Recreation:								
Parks	\$	14,625	\$	15,024	\$	13,835	\$	1,189
Recreation		411,640		448,707		364,569		84,138
Friends of Claytor Lake		81,250		153,396		145,743		7,653
Randolph Park		230,069		285,597		280,889		4,708
Claytor Lake Celebration		10,000		12,146		12,750		(604)
Total Parks and Recreation	\$	747,584	\$	914,870	\$	817,786	\$	97,084
Cultural Enrichment:								
Fine Arts Center	\$	4,500	ς.	4,500	ς	4,500	ς	_
Historical Landmarks	ļ	10,000	7	10,000	٧	10,000	7	
Historical Landinarias		10,000		10,000		10,000		-

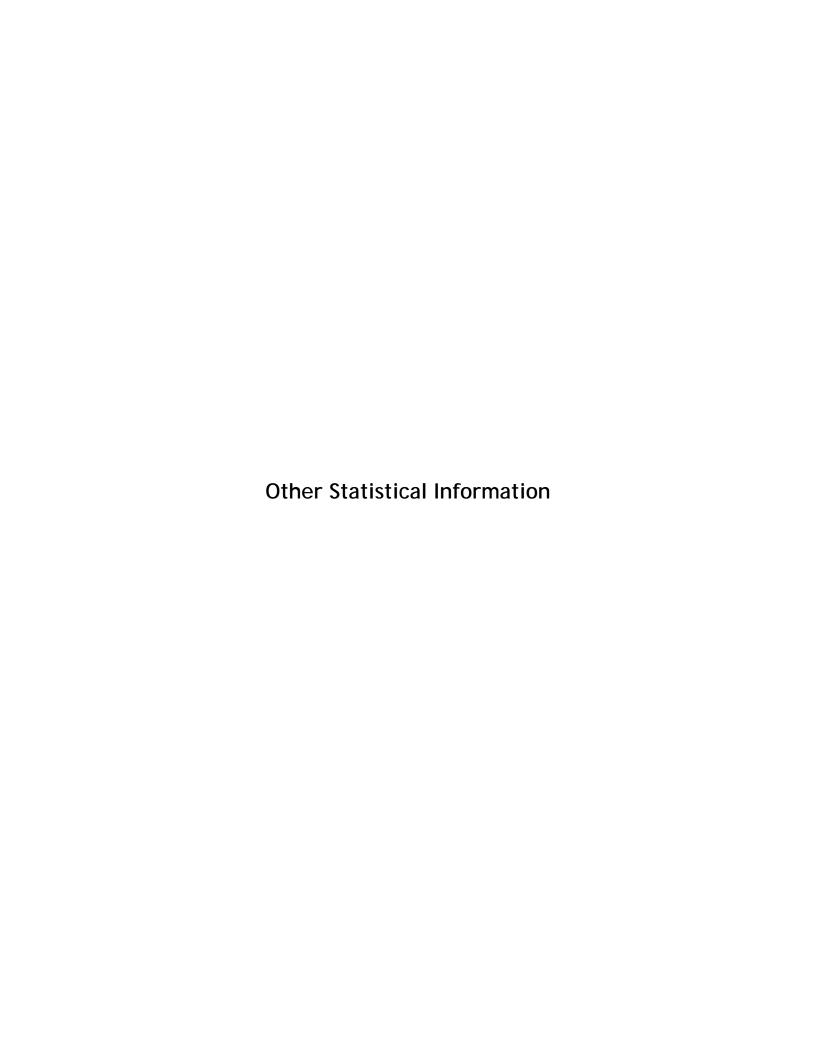
Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		ariance with nal Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)								
General Fund: (continued)								
Parks, Recreation and Cultural: (continued)								
Cultural Enrichment: (continued)								
Friends of the Pulaski Theater	\$	4,500	\$	4,500	\$	4,500	\$	-
Cloyd's Mountain		100		100		223		(123)
Round the Mountain		5,531		5,531		5,531		-
Commemorative Items		20		13,105		11,122		1,983
Total Cultural Enrichment	\$	24,651	\$	37,736	\$	35,876	\$	1,860
Library:								
Library Administration	\$	576,508	\$	624,919	\$	595,819	\$	29,100
Library State Aid		132,660		134,794		138,452		(3,658)
Total Library	\$	709,168	\$	759,713	\$	734,271	\$	25,442
Total Parks, Recreation and Cultural	\$	1,481,403	\$	1,712,319	\$	1,587,933	\$	124,386
Community Development:								
Planning and Community Development:								
Community Development	\$	640,859	Ś	502,348	Ś	458,820	Ś	43,528
Economic Development	•	144,613	•	152,794	•	87,992	•	64,802
Chamber of Commerce		10,000		10,000		10,000		-
Industrial Park Maintenance		135		135		114		21
Visitors' Center		84,778		84,778		82,484		2,294
Planning and Zoning		-		214,295		178,817		35,478
NRV Planning District Commission		29,552		29,552		29,551		1
NRV Home Consortium		-		-		78		(78)
NR Highland RC&D		8,000		8,000		6,600		1,400
NRV Competitiveness Center		37,950		37,950		19,675		18,275
I 81 Corridor Coalition		4,000		4,000		4,000		-
Workforce Development Program		20,000		20,000		8,154		11,846
Community Impact Grants		45,000		45,000		26,225		18,775
Tourism				-		294		(294)
Contribution to Pulaski County PSA				-		135,930		(135,930)
Total Planning and Community Development	\$	1,024,887	\$	1,108,852	\$	1,048,734	\$	60,118
Environmental Management:								
Contribution to Soil and Water District	\$	13,000	\$	13,000	\$	13,000	\$	
Cooperative Extension Program:								
Extension Office	\$	119,615	\$	134,842	\$	109,627	\$	25,215
Total Community Development	\$	1,157,502	\$	1,256,694	\$	1,171,361	\$	85,333
Non Departmental								
Non-Departmental: Other Non-Departmental	\$	50,000	ċ	_	\$	_	\$	_
Other Non-Departmental	<del></del>	30,000	ڔ		ڔ		٠	
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement	\$	5,073,401	\$	4,978,803	\$	4,177,665	\$	801,138
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		1,016,072		1,110,670		2,190,675		(1,080,005)
Total Debt Service	\$	6,089,473	\$	6,089,473	\$	6,368,340	\$	(278,867)
Total General Fund	\$	54,110,706	\$	56,260,289	\$	50,790,763	\$	5,469,526

## County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures-Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original Budget	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	ariance with inal Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
Primary Government: (continued)				
Major Capital Project Funds:				
School CIP Fund:				
Capital Projects:				
Middle School Replacement	\$ -	\$ 46,287,485	\$ 14,213,262	\$ 32,074,223
Total School CIP Fund	\$ -	\$ 46,287,485	\$ 14,213,262	\$ 32,074,223
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds:				
County CIP Fund:				
General Government Administration:				
County Administrator	\$ -	\$ 32,550	\$ 32,550	\$ -
Information Technology	295,000	412,533	268,270	144,263
Communications	-	25,000	13,902	11,098
GIS Department	14,000	14,000	-	14,000
Central Garage	-	56,500	47,903	8,597
Property Assessment	200,000	200,000	-	200,000
Commissioner of Revenue	 -	25,000	25,000	-
Total General Government Administration	\$ 509,000	\$ 765,583	\$ 387,625	\$ 377,958
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement and Traffic Control:				
Pulaski County Special Operations	\$ 65,425	\$ 69,425	\$ 69,184	\$ 241
Sheriff	276,500	314,577	286,249	28,328
Total Law Enforcement and Traffic Control	\$ 341,925	\$ 384,002	\$ 355,433	\$ 28,569
Fire and Rescue Services:				
Volunteer Emergency Operations	\$ 300,000	\$ 619,404	\$ 619,404	\$ -
Volunteer Fire Departments	-	429,108	429,108	-
Emergency Services	53,205	2,255	801	1,454
Public Safety	130,000	130,000	130,000	-
Total Fire and Rescue Services	\$ 483,205	\$ 1,180,767	\$ 1,179,313	\$ 1,454
Inspections:				
Building Inspection	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 3,190	\$ 3,810
Total Public Safety	\$ 832,130	\$ 1,571,769	\$ 1,537,936	\$ 33,833
Public Works:				
Maintenance of Highways, Streets, Bridges, and Sidewalks:				
Maintenance	\$ -	\$ 565,438	\$ 44,126	\$ 521,312
Maintenance of General Building and Grounds:				
General Properties	\$ 65,000	\$ 831,060	\$ 111,170	\$ 719,890
Total Public Works	\$ 65,000	\$ 1,396,498	\$ 155,296	\$ 1,241,202

## County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures-Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		ariance with inal Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
Primary Government: (continued)								
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds: (continued)								
County CIP Fund: (continued)								
Parks, Recreational and Cultural:								
Parks and Recreation:								
Parks	\$	-	\$	38,951	\$	27,256	\$	11,695
Recreation		45,000		1,794,686		390,409		1,404,277
Swimming pools		20,000		40,000		-		40,000
Loving field		-		38,903		28,632		10,271
NRV Fair		25,000		25,000		24,992		8
Total Parks and Recreation	\$	90,000	\$	1,937,540	\$	471,289	\$	1,466,251
Cultural Enrichment:								
Library	\$	28,170	\$	30,170	\$	28,169	\$	2,001
Total Parks, Recreation and Cultural	\$	118,170	\$	1,967,710	\$	499,458	\$	1,468,252
Community Development:								
Planning and Community Development:								
County building improvements	\$	208,750	\$	302,045	\$	19,564	\$	282,481
Contribution to Airport Authority		10,000		10,000		-		10,000
Other community development		21,000		21,000		20,840		160
Total Community Development	\$	239,750	\$	333,045	\$	40,404	\$	292,641
Total County CIP Fund	\$	1,764,050	\$	6,034,605	\$	2,620,719	\$	3,413,886
Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	\$	1,764,050	\$	52,322,090	\$	16,833,981	\$	35,488,109
Total Primary Government	\$	55,874,756	\$	108,582,379	\$	67,624,744	\$	40,957,635
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board:								
School Operating Fund: Education:								
Administration of schools:								
Administration, health and attendance	\$	2,033,644	\$	2,103,644	\$	1,999,015	\$	104,629
Instructional:								
Instruction	\$	35,468,989	\$	35,111,396	\$	33,426,267	\$	1,685,129
Other operating costs:								
Pupil transportation	\$	2,774,114	Ś	2,794,114	Ś	2,734,977	Ś	59,137
Operation and maintenance of school plant	•	5,831,231	•	5,883,764	•	5,726,342	*	157,422
Food services		2,475,000		2,475,000		2,611,730		(136,730)
Technical resources		2,115,346		2,426,346		1,993,052		433,294
Facilities		,		447,869		602,692		(154,823)
Total other operating costs	\$	13,195,691	\$	14,027,093	\$	13,668,793	\$	358,300
Total Education	\$	50,698,324		51,242,133	\$	49,094,075		2,148,058
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board	\$	50,698,324	\$	51,242,133	\$	49,094,075	\$	2,148,058



County of Pulaski, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

				j						
	General						Parks,		Interest	
Fiscal	Government	Judicial	Public	Public	Health and		Recreation,	Community	on Long-	
Year	Administration	Administration	Safety	Works	Welfare	Education	and Cultural	Development	Term Debt	Total
	4									
7018-19	^ ^		10,668,415 \$	1,949,125	\$ 9,518,680 \$	15,549,922	1,566,3/8	7,181,486 \$	1,8/0,352 \$	46,909,986
2017-18	2,801,349	2,067,758	9,874,829	2,586,077	10,515,792	16,553,189	1,621,925	3,504,042	1,717,409	51,242,370
2016-17		2,109,851	10,833,574	2,617,920	10,957,406	15,480,363	1,615,012	1,149,908	785,624	48,250,060
2015-16		1,839,512	9,084,993	2,248,209	10,778,762	15,078,566	1,474,176	2,444,344	854,398	46,074,916
2014-15	2,297,377	1,763,999	8,960,435	3,355,036	10,387,390	14,981,310	1,581,597	5,180,699	780,400	49,288,243
2013-14		1,444,538	8,526,040	1,601,211	11,482,125	14,300,540	1,424,232	3,023,726	1,210,907	45,687,525
2012-13		1,663,626	8,279,912	2,457,115	11,585,645	12,845,614	1,676,018	1,872,699	1,135,681	44,545,906
2011-12		1,594,599	8,092,547	1,701,286	11,078,762	14,686,128	1,457,169	7,503,176	1,145,941	49,993,168
2010-11		1,598,836	7,767,882	1,631,480	10,646,521	12,492,540	1,461,399	4,730,543	938,678	43,622,241
2009-10	2,227,515	1,548,396	7,995,638	1,480,384	11,030,808	10,321,494	1,345,770	5,006,587	1,661,533	42,618,125

County of Pulaski, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Total	57,167,135	53,200,934	51,792,136	50,564,504	49,670,191	48,159,285	47,305,818	45,113,221	43,871,773	46,387,726
ĺ	Ī				<b>~</b>									
	Grants and Contributions	Not Restricted	to Specific	Programs	2,663,341 \$	2,624,484	2,653,536	2,582,112	2,637,132	2,651,916	3,572,616	2,514,364	1,040,960	2,631,288
					<b>ب</b>									
				Miscellaneous	301,726	137,700	113,955	363,247	352,115	127,828	118,247	391,985	394,290	208,630
nes					<b>ب</b>									
General Revenues		Unrestricted	Investment	Earnings	1,612,865	669,250	371,956	306,940	268,759	405,155	433,446	379,141	329,563	297,227
					٠,									
		Other	Local	Taxes	7,849,693	7,479,531	7,476,305	7,247,877	7,120,592	6,839,403	6,581,448	6,523,924	5,617,664	5,171,842
					<b>~</b>									
		General	Property	Taxes	31,370,107	28,799,097	26,556,425	25,966,779	25,590,142	24,368,213	23,279,472	21,993,777	21,623,192	21,173,271
					s									
		Capital	Grants and	Contributions	128,397	123,701	139,906	1,364,931	106,529	268,452	366,974	72,633	1,766,976	3,682,304
s					<b>~</b>									
Program Revenues		Operating	<b>Grants and</b>	Contributions	12,089,326	12,636,401	13,695,749	12,010,459	12,748,161	12,782,630	12,238,191	12,511,682	11,842,138	12,010,339
Pro					<b>ب</b>									
		Charges	for	Services	1,151,680	730,770	784,304	722,159	846,761	715,688	715,424	725,715	1,256,990	1,212,825
					s									
			Fiscal	Year	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10

County of Pulaski, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

General						Parks,				
Government	Judicial	Public	Public	Health and		Recreation,	Community	Non-	Debt	
Administration	Administration	Safety	Works	Welfare	Education (2)	and Cultural	Development	Departmental	Service (3)	Total
\$ 3,309,300	\$ 2,083,683	\$ 11,350,386	\$ 2,364,247	\$ 9,777,818	\$ 49,109,733	\$ 2,087,391	\$ 1,211,765	· •^	\$ 6,368,340	\$ 87,662,663
3,256,810	2,061,752	9,584,427	3,266,501	10,519,706	47,520,022	1,600,164	3,481,924	52,143	3,685,580	85,029,029
2,705,363	2,015,564	10,764,367	2,755,809	11,099,772	48,196,247	1,555,062	1,889,719		3,253,181	84,235,084
2,656,161	1,936,077	9,472,446	2,399,136	11,601,877	47,273,041	1,571,268	2,445,903	11,203	7,969,056	87,336,168
2,682,677	1,855,350	9,701,372	3,541,420	10,417,669	46,858,303	1,550,851	5,233,090	149,816	3,013,268	85,003,816
2,760,506	1,763,092	10,944,572	3,190,606	11,523,164	46,534,079	1,825,172	,	62,946	3,235,756	85,190,338
3,022,341	1,658,842	8,687,200	2,945,057	11,833,951	46,184,157	1,779,669	1,987,979	48,676	3,392,643	81,540,515
2,290,446	1,620,149	8,029,761	1,812,147	11,360,061	46,334,107	1,604,803			3,366,806	84,054,023
2,127,956	1,581,628	7,775,675	1,542,354	10,859,550	44,568,538	1,547,452	4,840,124		3,185,949	78,029,226
1,982,852	1,547,625	7,370,735	1,408,091	11,192,888	47,643,617	1,397,056	5,571,584		11,032,436	89,146,884

Includes Primary Government (excluding School Construction) and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.
 Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.
 Debt service increased in fiscal year 2009-10 due to repayment of the IDA lease revenue note in the amount of \$7,735,000.

County of Pulaski, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

e e e	10tal \$ 91.263.197	87,827,493	86,814,536	83,780,038	83,511,101	82,289,717	82,953,591	80,114,614	78,044,227	83,647,907
Inter-	jovernmental (2) 47.473.369	46,775,323	47,773,424	46,644,090	46,388,682	46,426,984	47,237,838	47,272,325	45,719,285	52,933,326
	gove	٠								
Recovered	COSTS 5 1.579.417	2,013,767	2,508,787	1,670,611	1,694,079	2,064,141	3,557,119	1,829,882	1,853,759	1,947,692
	Miscellaneous \$ 374,573	228,308	227,596	138,056	361,530	188,158	130,309	430,075	529,614	222,348
Charges for	Services \$ 1.634.994	1,947,060	1,952,158	1,887,874	2,198,388	1,477,261	1,618,580	1,706,348	1,594,988	1,528,819
evenue from the Use of Money and	Property 546,004	379,044	383,286	319,238	287,464	420,047	445,996	398,689	340,570	311,542
ă -	~	٠								
Fines	\$ 390,284	83,229	60,363	30,051	120,427	97,337	72,758	35,874	37,738	31,439
Permits, rivilege Fees, Regulatory	258.938	145,952	134,340	128,556	147,521	137,443	135,413	129,393	692,279	664,789
Priv P	<u></u>	٠								
Other Local	1 axes 5 7.849.693	7,479,531	7,476,305	7,247,877	7,120,592	6,839,403	6,581,448	6,523,924	5,617,664	5,171,842
General Property	1 axes 5 31,755,975	28,775,279	26,298,277	25,713,685	25,192,418	24,638,943	23,174,130	21,788,104	21,658,330	20,836,110
Fiscal	7 ear 2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10

(1) Includes Primary Government (excluding School Construction) and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	12.71%	12.28%	12.96%	11.73%	12.82%	11.71%	9.72%	10.88%	12.76%	10.76%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1)	\$ 4,187,829	3,749,643	3,634,099	3,232,106	3,428,552	2,978,078	2,434,494	2,612,718	2,970,797	2,468,936
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	97.93%	89.76	97.51%	97.45%	98.53%	101.03%	97.23%	97.14%	97.10%	96.43%
Total Tax Collections	\$ 32,266,027	29,827,660	27,350,063	26,847,622	26,348,279	25,686,316	24,351,615	23,322,705	22,611,815	22,119,536
Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	\$ 104,256	110,615	82,924	170,543	93,368	1,167,629	160,657	761,290	540,891	82,243
Percent of Levy Collected	97.61%	97.32%	97.21%	96.84%	98.18%	96.44%	6.59%	93.97%	94.78%	%20.96
Current Tax Collections (1)	\$ 32,161,771	29,717,045	27,267,139	26,677,079	26,254,911	24,518,687	24,190,958	22,561,415	22,070,924	22,037,293
Total Tax Levy (1)	\$ 32,948,802	30,535,084	28,049,095	27,548,852	26,742,150	25,423,667	25,044,163	24,009,139	23,286,597	22,938,080
Fiscal Year	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10

(1) Includes penalty and interest.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Assessed Value (1) of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 3,336,722,679 3,289,082,523 3,242,848,125 3,205,360,722 3,249,254,941 3,401,343,071 3,486,548,688 3,338,064,909 3,203,389,711 3,225,183,793
Public Service (2)	138,533,409 145,064,073 149,228,267 144,390,827 141,855,487 132,601,989 134,148,506 132,152,095 132,152,095 132,610,234
	<b>∽</b>
Machinery and Tools	280,377,041 260,827,009 236,896,594 228,505,168 208,708,502 187,946,761 187,946,761 173,603,157 186,011,482 182,554,833
	<b>∽</b>
Personal Property and Mobile Home	342,672,126 332,759,391 319,208,214 308,155,852 299,330,652 309,328,321 309,328,321 283,251,757 277,054,341 285,048,023
	S
Real Estate	2,575,140,103 2,550,432,050 2,537,515,050 2,524,308,875 2,599,360,300 2,771,466,000 2,771,466,000 2,749,057,900 2,607,713,654 2,607,713,654 2,627,789,925
	<b>∽</b>
Fiscal Year	2018-19 2017-18 2016-17 2015-16 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11

(1) Assessments at 100% of fair market value.

(2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

## County of Pulaski, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Personal Property	Machinery and Tools	Mobile Homes
2018-19	\$ 0.77	\$ 2.35 \$	1.5 \$	0.77
2017-18 (5)	0.64/0.77	2.35	1.50	0.64
2016-17	0.64	2.35	1.50	0.64
2015-16	0.64	2.35	1.50	0.64
2014-15 (4)	0.59/0.64	2.35	1.50	0.64
2013-14	0.59	2.35	1.50	0.59
2012-13 (3)	0.54/0.59	2.35	1.50	0.59
2011-12	0.54	2.14	1.50	0.54
2010-11	0.54	2.14	1.50	0.54
2009-10 (2)	0.50/0.54	2.14	1.50	0.50

- (1) Per \$100 of assessed value.
- (2) Real estate rates increased from \$0.50 to \$0.54 beginning with the first half 2010.
- (3) Real estate rates increased from \$0.54 to \$.59 beginning with the first half 2013
- (4) Real estate rates increased from \$0.59 to \$.64 beginning with the first half 2015
- (5) Real estate rates increased from \$0.64 to \$0.77 beginning with the first half 2018.

Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita County of Pulaski, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Bonded Debt per	Capita	1,790	1,908	651	9/9	629	738	692	829	889	940
B B		<b>\$</b>									
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed	Value	1.87%	2.02%	0.70%	0.63%	0.73%	%92.0	0.77%	0.87%	0.97%	1.02%
Net Bonded	Debt	\$ 62,414,421	66,528,621	22,709,144	20,094,769	23,671,302	25,721,676	26,807,252	28,919,439	30,994,428	33,006,407
Gross Bonded	Debt (3)	\$ 62,414,421	\$ 66,528,621	22,709,144	20,094,769	23,671,302	25,721,676	26,807,252	28,919,439	30,994,428	33,006,407
Assessed Value (in	Thousands) (2)	\$ 3,336,723	3,289,083	3,242,848	3,205,361	3,249,255	3,401,343	3,486,549	3,338,065	3,203,390	3,225,184
	Population (1)	34,872	34,872	34,872	34,872	34,872	34,872	34,872	34,872	34,872	35,127
Fiscal	Year	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10

<sup>(1)</sup> Bureau of the Census.

<sup>(2)</sup> Assessments at 100% of fair market value.

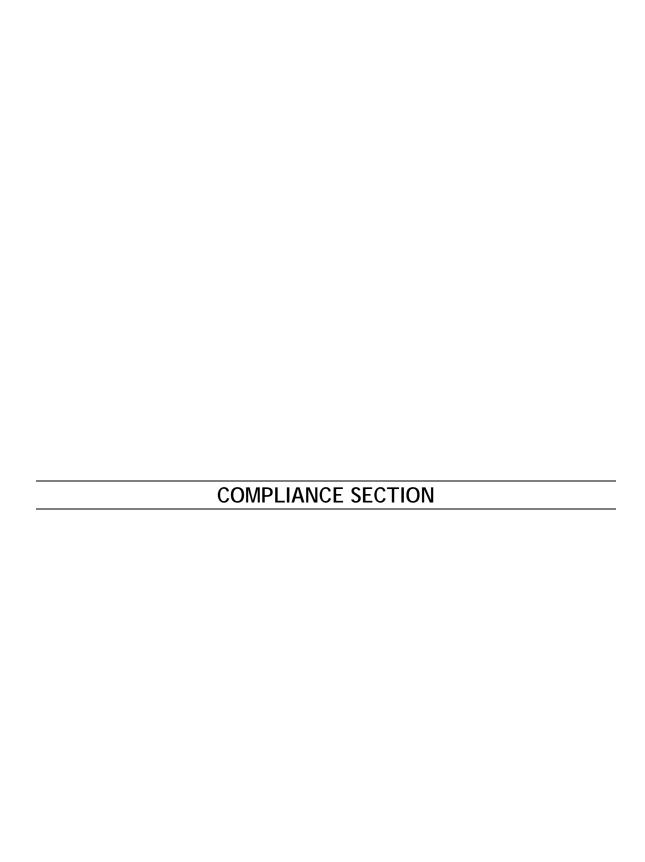
<sup>(3)</sup> Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill post-closure monitoring, capital lease and compensated absences.

Table 9

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental County of Pulaski, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years Expenditures (1)

Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures	7.26% 3.79% 3.86% 9.12% 3.71% 4.01%	12.38%
Total General Governmental Expenditures	\$ 87,662,663 \$ 85,029,029 84,235,084 87,336,168 85,003,816 85,190,338 81,540,515 84,054,023 78,029,226	89,146,884
Total Debt Service	\$ 6,368,340 3,221,199 3,253,181 7,969,056 3,157,011 3,157,011 3,392,643 3,366,806 3,185,949	11,032,436
Interest	\$ 2,190,675 738,402 819,279 873,626 904,063 1,114,718 1,222,812 1,291,818 1,091,238	1,590,316
Principal	\$ 4,177,665 2,482,797 2,433,902 7,095,430 2,109,205 2,042,293 2,042,293 2,074,988 2,074,988 2,094,711	9,442,120
Fiscal Year	2018-19 2017-18 2016-17 2015-16 2014-15 2013-14 2012-13 2011-12	2009-10

(1) Includes Primary Government (excluding School Construction) and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.





## ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Pulaski, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pulaski, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Pulaski, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2019.

## Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Pulaski, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## County of Pulaski, Virginia's Response to Findings

Robinson, Farmer, Cox associates

County of Pulaski, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County of Pulaski, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia December 4, 2019



# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Pulaski, Virginia

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. County of Pulaski, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

County of Pulaski, Virginia's basic financial statements include the operations of the Pulaski County Public Service Authority, which expended \$1,627,096 in federal awards which is not included in the County of Pulaski, Virginia's schedule of expenditures of federal awards during the year ended June 30, 2019.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County of Pulaski, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

## Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County of Pulaski, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia December 4, 2019

Robinson, Farmer, Cox associates

#### County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Federal	Pass Through Entity				
Federal Grantor/State Pass Through Grantor/	CFDA	Identifying			Federal	Expenditures to
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number			Expenditures	Suprecipients
Department of Health and Human Services:						
Pass through Payments:						
Department of Social Services:						
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster:						
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care						
and Development Fund	93.596	760118/760119			\$ 80,246	
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	950117/950118			2,978	
TANF Cluster: Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	400118/400119			432,525	
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	500118/500119			290	
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	600418/600419			72,682	
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	900118			531	
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100118/1100119			489,990	
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120118/1120119			702,739	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000118/1000119			402,853	
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150118			9,230	
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	540118/540119			12,464	
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200119/1200110			569,467	
Medical Assistance Program  Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program	93.776	1200118/1200119 9160118			3,215	
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services-Projects of Regional	73.377	7100110			3,213	
and National Significance	93.243	Not available			222,373	
, and the second						
Total Department of Health and Human Services					\$ 3,001,583	
Department of Agriculture:						
Pass through Payments:						
Department of Agriculture:						
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579	Not available			\$ 24,297	
Child Nutrition Cluster:						
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	60302/60303	\$	80,414		
National School Lunch Program (Note 3)	10.555	40252/40253	\$ 185,467			
Department of Education:						
National School Lunch Program	10.555	40254	1,186,245	1,371,712		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	40253		547,459	S 1.999.585	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)	10.558	70027/70028			\$ 1,999,585 34,716	
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	40252			52,217	
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster:	10.502	40232			32,217	
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	Not available			19,072	
Department of Social Services:					.,.	
SNAP Cluster:						
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental		10118/10119				
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	40118/40119			505,192	
Total Department of Agriculture					\$ 2,635,079	
Department of Justice:						
Pass through Payments:						
Department of Criminal Justice Services:	47.540	43441510045443441510045			ć (12	
Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention	16.540 16.575	13MUFX0045/13MUFX0045 17VAGX0018			\$ 612 141,768	
Crime Victim Assistance Drug Court Discretionary Grant Program	16.585	Not available			25,935	
brug Court biscretionary Grant Program	10.505	Not available			23,733	
Total Department of Justice					\$ 168,315	
Department of Transportations						
Department of Transportation: Pass-through payments:						
Department of Motor Vehicles:						
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL-2018-58020-8020			\$ 9,940	
Virginia Department of Transportation:						
Highway Safety Cluster:						
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	FSC-2018-58032-8032			8,650	
Total Department of Transportation					¢ 19 E00	
Total Department of Transportation					\$ 18,590	
Department of Education:						
Pass through Payments:						
Department of Education:						
Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	429010			\$ 980,231	
Special Education Cluster:	04.007	420740		0/7 73-		
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027 84.173	430710 625210	\$	967,737 39,722		
Special Education - Preschool Grants  Total Special Education Cluster	84.173	625210		39,722	1,007,459	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	610950			78,901	
Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	605650			271,808	
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	Not available			3,492	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	614800			146,310	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	602810			26,887	
Total Description and of Education						
Total Department of Education					\$ 2,515,088	

#### County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/State Pass Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	 	Federal Expenditures	Expenditures to Suprecipients
Department of Labor:					
Pass through Payments:					
Virginia Community College System:					
WIA/WIOA Cluster:					
		AA-30941-17-55-A-51/			
WIA/WIOA Adult Program	17.258	AA-32183-18-55-A-51	\$ 634,304		
		AA-30941-17-55-A-51/			
WIA/WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants	17.278	AA-32183-18-55-A-51	547,698		
		AA-30941-17-55-A-51/			
WIA/WIOA Youth Activities	17.259	AA-32183-18-55-A-51	708,169		
Total WIA/WIOA Cluster			\$	1,890,171 \$	1,890,171
Total Department of Labor			\$	1,890,171	
Executive Office of the President:					
Pass through Payments:					
Appalachia HIDTA					
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program	95.001	Not available	\$	1,095	
Department of Homeland Security:					
Pass through Payments:					
Department of Emergency Management:					
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	EMP-2018-EP-00007	\$	33,808	
Environmental Protection Agency:					
Pass through Payments:				40.005	
National Clean Diesel Emissions Reduction Program	66.039	Not available	\$	60,000	
Total Federal Expenditures			\$	10,323,729 \$	1,890,171

#### Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

#### Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of County of Pulaski, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of County of Pulaski, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of County of Pulaski, Virginia.

#### Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.
- (3) The County did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

#### Note 3 -- Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2019, the County had no food commodities in inventory.

#### Note 4 -- Outstanding Balance of Federal Loans

The County did not have any loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

#### Note 5 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements:

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Primary Government:		
General Fund	\$	14,752,667
Other Governmental Funds		128,397
Less: Payments from Commonwealth		(11,321,856)
Add: Direct Payments to New River Valley Regional Commission		1,890,171
Less: Payments in Lieu of Taxes		(52,998)
Total Primary Government	\$	5,396,381
Component Unit School Board:		
School Operating Fund	\$	4,927,348
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		10,323,729

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies)?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies)?

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be

reported in accordance with 2 CFR section, 200.516 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA # Name of Federal Program or Cluster

10.553/10.555/10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster
93.778 Medical Assistance Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A

and Type B programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Section II - Financial Statement Findings

#### 2019-001

Criteria: An auditee should have sufficient controls in place to produce financial statements in accordance

with applicable standards. Furthermore, reliance on the auditor to propose adjustments

necessary to comply with reporting standards is not a component of such controls.

Condition: The financial statements as presented for audit, did not contain all necessary adjustments to

comply with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). As such, the auditor proposed

adjustments that were material to the financial statements.

Effect of Condition: There is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not

be prevented or detected and corrected by the County's internal controls over financial reporting.

Cause of Condition: The County does not have proper controls in place to detect and correct adjustments in closing

their year end financial statements.

Recommendation: The County should review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for the fiscal year and

develop a plan to ensure the trial balances and related schedules are accurately presented for

audit.

Management's Response: The County will review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for the fiscal year and will

develop a plan of action to ensure that all adjusting entries are made prior to final audit

fieldwork next year.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.