# COUNTY OF PULASKI, VIRGINIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

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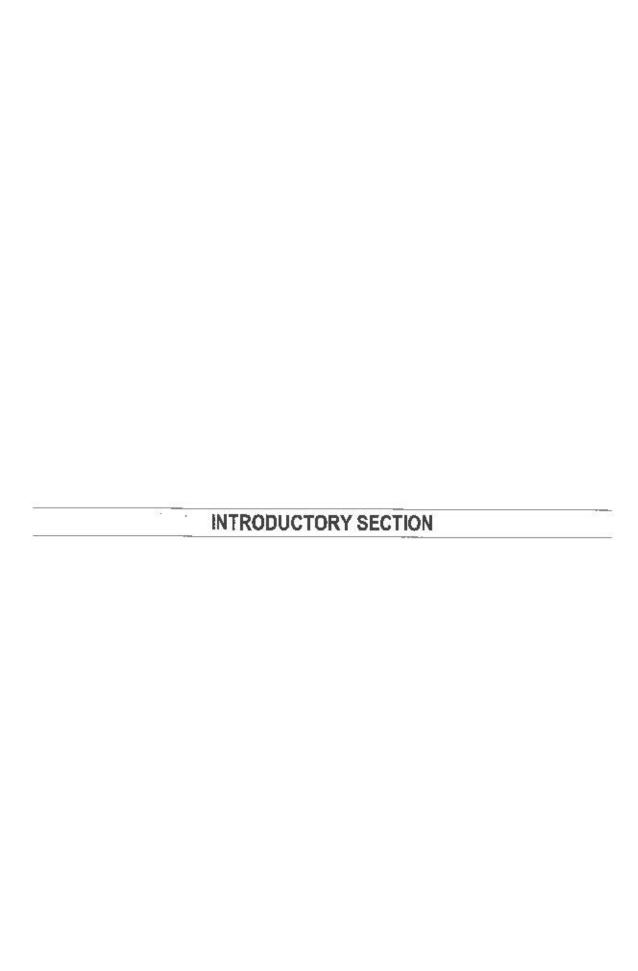
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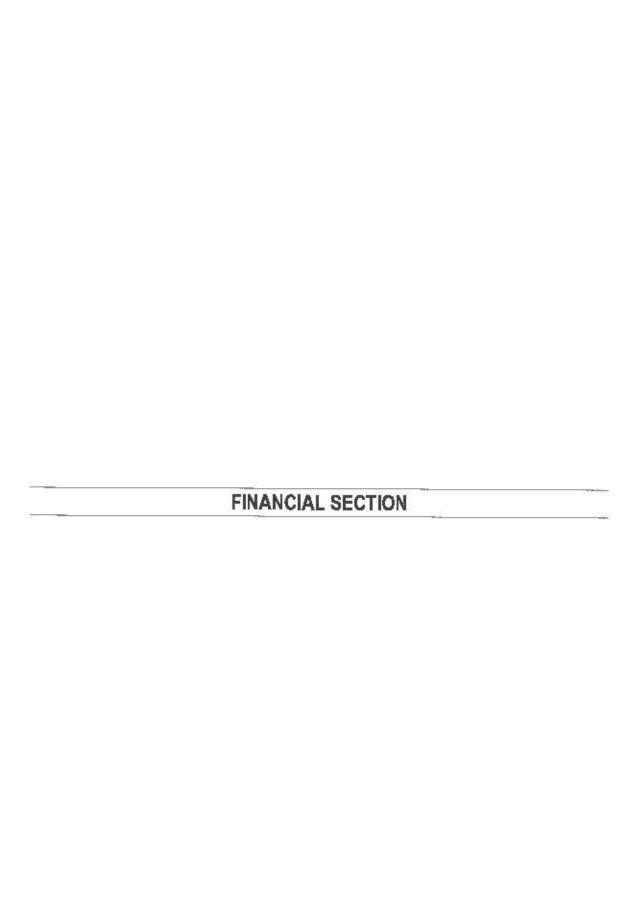
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1900	Board of Supervisors	
Charles R. Bopp, Vice Chairman	Joseph L. Sheffey, Chair	Andy McCready
Ranny E. O'Dell	Gena Hanks, Clerk	Dean K. Pratt
	County School Board	
Jeff Bain, Vice Chairman	Michael Barbour, Chair	Joseph W. Guthrie
Linda F. Hill	Heather Freeman, Clerk	Frances P. Viars
*****	Social Services Board	
Charles Bopp	Rev. Vicki Houk, Chair	Rev. Randy Winn
Joseph L. Sheffey	Faith Chumbley, Clerk	Faye Powell
	Library Board	
Laura Walters, Vice Chair	John Freeman, Chair	Robert Bopp
Nancy Hudson Hattie Haulsee		Martha Jackson Margaret Spradlin
	Parks Lanier	

### **Other Officials**

Judge of the Circuit Court	Colin R. Gibb
Judge of the Circuit Court	Marcus H. Long Jr
Judge of the Circuit Court	Brett L. Geisler
Judge of the Circuit Court	Josiah T. Showalter Jr
Judge of the Circuit Court	Robert M. D. Turk
Clerk of the Circuit Court	Maetta H. Crewe
Judge of the General District Court	H. Lee Harrell
Judge of the General District Court	Randal J. Duncan
Judge of the General District Court	J.D. Bolt
Judge of the General District Court	Gino W. Williams
Clerk of the General District Court	Terri Powers
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Howard L. Chitwood
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Robert C. Viar, Jr
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Monica D. Cox
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Bradley W. Finch
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Stephanie M. Shortt
Clerk of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Judith C. Childress
Commonwealth's Attorney	
Commissioner of the Revenue	Trina Rupe
Treasurer	Melinda Worrell
Sheriff	James A. Davis
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Thomas Brewster
Director of Social Services	Guv L. Smith
County Administrator	
County Attorney	Thomas J. McCarthy, Jr



# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Supervisors County of Pulaski, Virginia Pulaski, Virginia

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Pulaski, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities*, *and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Pulaski, Virginia, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules of pension and OPEB funding progress on pages X-X, XX-XX, and XXX-XXX be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Pulaski, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2014, on our consideration of County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rollinson, James, Ly Associates Blacksburg, Virginia December 22, 2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The management's discussion and analysis of the Pulaski County finances for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014 (FY14) is offered as a way to broaden understanding of the County finances and the impact of those finances on services provided to Pulaski County residents. This report should be read in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow this section. By GASB 34 accounting standards, this report includes all County government functions including the Board of Supervisors, Discretely Presented Component Units School Board, Pulaski County Public Service Authority (PSA) and the Industrial Development Authority of Pulaski County (IDA).

#### Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year 2013-14

- Total net position value of the primary government was \$41.9 million at the end of FY 14 based on total assets of \$80.8 million and total liabilities of \$31.5 million (Exhibit 1) and deferred inflows of resources of 7.9 million (Exhibit 1). As noted in Exhibit 1, these liabilities include total payout of long-term debt associated with school construction and remodeling, lease purchase agreements, landfill post-closure monitoring costs, compensated absences, and other post employment benefits while the total assets reflect the depreciated value of existing county owned facilities.
- For FY 14 combined program and general revenues of \$48.2 million exceeded general expenditures of \$45.7 million by approximately \$2.5 million (Exhibit 2). The increase in net position is explained further in the Statement of Activities analysis of the Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole section below.
- As described in Exhibit 11, total general fund revenues were \$1.7 million or 3.5% less than the budgeted \$50.1 million revenue estimate while expenditures were \$7.4 million, or 15% less than the \$64.2 million budgeted expenditures (including transfers). The net change in fund balance was a decrease of \$3.4 million.
- The County's total outstanding debt for school improvements, school construction, economic development, compensated absences and landfill monitoring decreased by \$11.2 million, due in part to refinancing of some debt, from \$29.2 million on July 1, 2013 to \$27.9 million on June 30, 2014 (Note 6). In addition, the net OPEB (Other Post Employment Benefits) expense increased by \$44,900 in accordance with GASB Statement 45 (Note 10).
- As described in Note 17, the unassigned fund balance as of June 30, 2014 for the primary government/component unit combined was \$7.4 million, or 7% of budgeted FY 14 total County General fund, other governmental funds and Component Unit, School Board operating expenditures in the amount of \$104.6 million. The Board of Supervisors has historically tried to maintain a reserve of the general fund balance of at least 10% of general, special revenue and component unit fund expenditures in order to ensure adequate cash flow throughout the budget cycle and in accordance with good management practices.
- As described in Exhibit 5, the general fund balance decreased by approximately \$3.4 million.
   That amount is explained further in the Analysis of the County Funds section below.

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#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County of Pulaski's basic financial statements which comprise three sections: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements** - The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the County is improving or deteriorating when considering both financial condition and physical assets.

The statement of activities shows how the government's net position changed during the recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for items that will result in financial changes in the present and future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave.)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, education, parks, recreation and cultural, and community development. Business-type activities include the operation of the water, sewer and refuse services by the Public Service Authority; and leasing of industrial buildings by the Industrial Development Authority.

The government-wide financial statements include the County (known as the *primary government*), as well as funds of the Pulaski County School Board, the Pulaski County Public Service Authority and the Industrial Development Authority of Pulaski County (known as the *component units*). Financial information for component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find this portion of the audit report more familiar. The focus of this section of the audit report is on the County's most significant funds, and the fund financial statements provide more information about these funds – not the County as a whole.

The County has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds – Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements report financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided in separate exhibits (4&6) that explains the relationship (or difference) between them.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> – When the County charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported utilizing the full accrual accounting method as are all activities reported in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. The County's Internal Service Fund, one type of proprietary fund, is the same as the government-wide business-type activities; however, the fund financial statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The County's proprietary funds include the Pulaski County Public Service Authority, the Industrial Development Authority of Pulaski County and the Internal Service Fund.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> – The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The County's fiduciary funds include Special Welfare, Performance Bond, the Employee Flexible Benefits and Local Sales Tax Funds.

Notes to the basic financial statements - The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required supplementary information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's budgetary comparisons and progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

#### Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole

A comparative analysis of government-wide information is as follows:

#### **Summary of Net Position:**

Details in the government-wide financial statements for FY 14 can be found in Exhibit 1. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position (in millions) comparing FY 13 to FY 14.

#### Summary of Net Assets:

	70		l Prir ernn	nary nent	Component Unit School Board			
	7.	2014		2013	-01 10-	2014		2013
Current and other assets	\$	31.6	\$	25.2	\$	5.0	\$	1.6
Capital assets, net	52	49.2		46.9		6.7		10.3
Total assets	\$	80.8	\$	72.1	\$	11.7	\$	11.9
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	0.4	\$	0.0	\$	0.0	\$	0.0
Other liabilities Long term liabilities	\$	3.6 27.9	\$	3.5 29.2	\$	4.1 2.6	\$	4.0 2.4
Total liabilities	\$	31.5	\$	32.7	\$	6.7	\$	6.4
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	7.8	\$	0.0	\$	0.0	\$	0.0
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of								
related debt	\$	24.4	\$	20.2	\$	6.6	\$	6.9
Restricted		0.2		0.2		0.0		0.0
Unrestricted		17.3		19.0		(1.6)		(1.4)
Total net position	\$	41.9	\$	39.4	\$	5.0	\$	5.5

The County's combined net position increased from \$39.4 million to \$41.9 million as explained in the Statement of Activities section below. Unrestricted net position, the portion of net position that can be used to finance the day-to-day activities of the County, totaled \$17.3 million. Net investment in capital assets, represents the amount of capital assets owned by the County and Component Units total \$24.4 million. Net position is reported as restricted when constraints on asset use are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, regulators, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. For example, seized asset funds are restricted so that they can be used for specific law enforcement purposes. The Component unit (School Board) net position decreased by \$0.5 million, from \$5.5 million in FY13 to \$5.0 million in FY 14.

#### **Capital Assets**

The following tables display the County's and School Board's (Component Unit) capital assets at June 30, 2014, as well as the change in capital assets for FY 13 in millions of dollars:

Ca	oita.	Ass	ets:

■ 0.000,000 × 0.000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,0	·-	Tota Gov			nt Unit oard			
		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>	70.	2014		2013
Non-Depreciable Assets:								
Land	\$	2.5	\$	2.6	\$	0.5	\$	0.5
Construction in Progress		3.4		1.6	10.502	0.1	33.43	0.1
Other Capital Assets:								
Buildings and systems		54.2		53.7		19.6		19.8
Machinery and Equipment		12.9		11.7		8.2		7.8
Accumulated Depreciation		(23.8)		(22.7)	i	(21.8)	1	(21.3)
Totals	\$	49.2	\$	46.9	\$	6.6	\$	6.9

#### Primary Government: Changes in Capital Assets:

Non-Depreciable Assets:		Balance, June 30, 2013		Additions	Deletions	Balance, June 30, <u>2014</u>
Land	\$	2.6	\$	0.0 \$	\$ (0.1)	\$ 2.5
Construction in Progress		1.6		2.7	(0.9)	3.4
Other Capital Assets:						
Buildings and systems		53.7		1.1	(0.6)	54.2
Machinery and Equipment		11.7		1.4	(0.2)	12.9
Accumulated Depreciation	-	(22.7)	0.7	(1.9)	0.8	(23.8)
Totals	\$	46.9	\$	3.3 \$	(1.0)	\$ 49.2

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#### Component Unit-School Board: Changes in Capital Assets:

Non-Depreciable Assets:		Balance, June 30, 2013		Additions		<u>Deletions</u>		Balance, June 30, 2014
Land	\$	0.5	\$	0.0	\$	0.0	\$	0.5
Construction in Progress	*	0.1	*	0.0	Ψ.	0.0	Ψ	0.1
Other Capital Assets:								
Buildings and systems		19.8		0.0		(0.2)		19.6
Machinery and Equipment		7.8		0.6		(0.2)		8.2
Accumulated Depreciation		(21.3)		(0.8)		0.3		(21.8)
Totals	\$	6.9	\$	(0.2)	\$	(0.1)	\$	6.6

These amounts are part of the Primary Government's capital assets because long-term debt financed these additions. Additional detailed capital asset information can be found in Note 11 in the "Notes to Financial Statements" section of the report.

#### **Long-Term Debt**

The following table displays the County and Schools (Component Unit) Outstanding Debt at June 30, 2014, in millions of dollars:

	_	Pr Gove	•	Compo				
		2014		2013	-	2014		2013
General Obligation Bonds	\$	12.6	\$	13.9	\$	0.0	\$	0.0
Literary Loans		0.0		3.0		0.0		0.0
Lease Revenue Note		13.1		9.9		0.0		0.0
Capital Leases		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0
Notes Payable		0.3		0.4		0.0		0.0
Unamortized Bond Premium		0.5		0.7		0.0		0.0
Landfill Post Closure Liability		0.3		0.2		0.0		0.0
Net OPEB Obligation		0.3		0.3		0.9		0.8
Compensated Absences		0.8		0.7		1.7		1.6
Total	_\$	27.9	\$	29.1	\$	2.6	\$	2.4

Long-term debt obligations decreased by \$1 million in FY14. Additional detailed information on long-term debt activity can be found in Note 6 and Note 7 in the "Notes to Financial Statements" section of the report for the County and Schools, respectively.

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#### Statement of Activities:

The following comparative table shows the revenues and expenses of the governmental activities for FY 14 and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 (FY13) (in millions) as show in Exhibit 2:

		Gov	vernn	nent	School Board			
		2014		2013	2014	2013		
Revenues:								
Program Revenues:	-							
Charges for services	\$	0.7	\$	0.7 \$	1.0 \$	1.1		
Operating grants and contributions		12.8		12.2	30.7	31.1		
Capital grants and contributions		0.3		0.4	0.0	0.0		
General Revenues:								
General property taxes		24.4		23.3	0.0	0.0		
Other local taxes		6.8		6.6	0.0	0.0		
Other		3.2		4.1	0.0	0.0		
Payments from County		0.0		0.0	13.3	12.0		
Total Revenues	\$	48.2	\$	47.3 \$	45.0 \$	44.2		
Expenses:								
General government	\$	2.7	\$	3.0 \$	\$	2		
Judicial administration		1.4	31.53	1.7	**			
Public safety		8.5		8.3				
Public works		1.6		2.4	2	-		
Health and welfare		11.5		11.6	w1	941		
Education		14.3		12.8	45.5	44.6		
Parks, recreation and cultural		1.4		1.7	#1	*		
Community development		3.0		1.9	*	-		
Interest on long term debt		1.2		1.1				
Total Expenses	\$	45.6	\$	44.5 \$	45.5 \$	44.6		
Grants and Contributions Not Related to Specific Program	ո։ \$	2.6	\$	2.8 \$	(0.5) \$	(0.4)		
Transfers	5014.513	0.0	· T	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Net Position, Beginning of Year		39.4		36.6	5.5	5.8		
Net Position, End of Year	\$	42.0	\$	39.4 \$	5.0 \$	5.4		

#### Revenues

For FY 14, revenues from governmental funds totaled \$48.2 million. General property tax revenues, the County's largest revenue source, were \$24.4 million, an increase of \$1.1 million. Other local taxes (including local sales tax, communications tax, hotel and motel room taxes and meals tax) were \$6.8 million, an increase of approximately \$0.2 million over FY13.

Component unit (School Board) revenues totaled \$45 million for FY14, an increase of \$0.8 million from June 30, 2013 to June 30, 2014. Component Unit State and Federal Revenues decreased by \$.3 combined with an increase in educational expenses of \$0.4 million resulting in an increase of local government transfer of \$1.3 million.

#### **Expenses**

For FY 14, expenses for primary governmental activities totaled \$45.6 million an increase of \$1.1 million over the prior year as shown in Exhibit 2.

Education is a very high priority in the Pulaski County; consequently the Board of Supervisors contributed \$13.3 million to the operation of the Pulaski County schools excluding debt service costs. This accounts for 21% of the County's total budgeted expenditures. It should also be noted that the Board of Supervisors has carried over any unused portion of the FY 13 contribution to FY 14 to use towards School capital improvements.

#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

For FY14, the general fund reflects a fund balance of \$15.8 million, a decrease of \$3.4 million from FY13. The following table shows a comparison of revenues and expenditures between the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 amounts for the General Fund as shown in Exhibit 5.

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

		2014		2013		Change
Revenues:						
General Property Taxes	\$	24.6	\$	23.2	\$	1.4
Other Local Taxes		6.8		6.6		0.2
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licens	ses	0.1		0.1		0.0
Fines and Forfeitures		0.1		0.1		0.0
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		0.4		0.4		0.0
Charges for Services		0.5		0.5		0.0
Miscellaneous		0.1		0.1		0.0
Recovered Costs		0.8		1.1		(0.3)
Revenue from the Commonwealth		11.7		11.3		0.4
Revenue from the Federal Government		3.6		3.9		(0.3)
Total Revenues	\$	48.7	\$	47.3	\$	1.4
Expenditures:						
General Government Administration	\$	2.4	\$	2.3	\$	0.1
Judicial Administration	-876	1.8	- T	1.7	~	0.1
Public Safety		8.3		7.8		0.5
Public Works		1.8		1.7		0.1
Health and Welfare		11.0		11.3		(0.3)
Education		13.3		12.1		1.2
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1.5		1.4		0.1
Community Development		3.1		1.9		1.2
Principal		2.0		2.2		(0.2)
Interest		1.2		1.2		0.0
Total Expenditures	\$	46.4	¢	43.6	er.	2.8
Total Experiences	Ψ	40.4	Ψ	43.0	φ	2.0
Excess		2.3		3.7		(1.4)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(5.7)		(4.0)		(1.7)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3.4)		(0.3)		(3.1)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		19.2		19.5		(0.3)
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	15.8	\$	19.2	\$	(3.4)

The General Fund local revenues remained fairly constant from FY 13 to FY 14 with an increase of \$1.4 million due to an increase in the real estate tax rate from \$0.54 to \$0.59 during FY 13. There were no increases in other property taxes during FY14.

The general fund education expenditure was increased by \$1.2 million due to continued reductions in State and Federal school funding combined with increases in the Virginia Retirement System rates. Community Development expenditures increased by \$1.2 million due to an increase in transfers to the Pulaski County Industrial Development Authority for economic development. Overall, other expenditure categories remained fairly consistent in FY14 with FY13 figures.

All capital and school board unused appropriations from the 2013 fiscal year were carried over by the Board of Supervisors for use in FY 2014.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The following table presents revenues and expenditures for the General Fund only for FY 14 (in millions):

Revenues:		Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance
Property Taxes	S	23.8 \$	24.6 \$	24.6 \$	
Other Local Taxes	Ψ	23.0 g 6.9	7.0	24.0 p	(0.0)
Permits, Fees and Licenses		0.9			(0.2)
Fines and Forfeitures			0.1	0.1	-
		0.1	0.1	0.1	-
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		0.3	0.4	0.4	5
Charges for Services		0.5	0.6	0.5	(0.1)
Miscellaneous		0.0	0.1	0.1	-
Recovered Costs		1.5	1.8	8.0	(1.0)
Intergovermental		14.0	15.7	15.2	(0.5)
Other		1.3	1.3	9.8	8.5
Total	\$	48.5 \$	51.7 \$	58.4 \$	6.7
Expenditures and transfers:					
General Government Administration	\$	2.3 \$	2.6 \$	2.3 \$	0.3
Judicial Administration		1.8	1.8	1.8	0.0
Public Safety		7.8	9.1	8.3	0.8
Public Works		1.6	1.9	1.8	0.1
Health and Welfare		11.8	12.5	11.0	1.5
Education		13.0	13.8	13.3	0.5
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1.4	1.5	1.5	0.0
Community Development		2.1	7.7	3.1	4.6
Non-departmental		0.0	0.0	0.1	-0.1
Debt Service		2.8	2.8	12.8	-10.0
Transfers		3.9	10.4	namang)	
Total	\$	48.5 \$	The second secon	5.9	4.5
) Otal	Φ	40.0 \$	64.1 \$	61.9 \$	2.2

It should be noted that this schedule is shown on the budgetary basis. In comparing the original budget to the amended budget both revenues and expenditures increased with the amended budget. Most of this change can be attributed to carry-over appropriations for County construction projects and unused FY13 local funding for Component Unit (Schools). This trend will continue until building space needs are met by the renovation of the renovation of the County Administration building, the renovation of the County Garage facility and the renovation of office space for the Sheriff's office.

#### **Economic Factors and Future Budgets**

The primary factors affecting the financial viability of Pulaski are limited options for revenue increases, continued fluctuations in state and federal revenues, and continued decline in the national economy.

<u>Limited Revenue Options</u> - Community needs and inflationary pressures require that revenues or governmental efficiencies continue to increase in order to maintain and improve the quality of public services currently enjoyed by county residents. Locally generated revenues have historically increased at a rate of approximately 3% excluding the impact of reassessments. During FY13, the rate of increase was 6%, but there was no increase in overall local revenues during FY14. There are legal limits placed by the General Assembly on how counties can raise revenue to meet community needs. An analysis of options indicates that the primary remaining options for raising needed revenue are limited to real estate taxes and personal property taxes.

State Revenues - Currently, state funding is projected to account for 34%, or \$32.6 million, of the County and Component Unit (Schools) FY 2015 total budget, while local real estate taxes account for 32% percent of total County general fund revenues. A one percent change in state revenue results in a \$0.33 million change in the local budget, or the equivalent of a \$0.013 cent change on the real estate tax rate. Thus, changes in State revenue have a direct impact on the financial picture of the County and on its ability to meet the needs of County residents.

Other factors that are expected to impact future budgets include:

- 1. Future reassessed real estate property values projected to decline with the FY15 reassessment.
- Future anticipated GASB Statement #45 increases for currently unfunded other post employment benefits.
- Funding for the Capital Improvement Plan will need to address office space needs, funding of joint services, and equipment replacement.
- 4. The ability to maintain increasing operational costs will be dependent on revenue growth from business activity in the County and/or finding better ways of providing community services through joint services and other innovations.
- Funding of increasing healthcare costs and additional healthcare requirements in future budgets with the Affordable Care Act.
- 6. Funding of continually increasing costs for the regional jail, social services and State mandated comprehensive services provided to certain County youth.
- 7. The County will need to invest in new economic development initiatives including the purchase of the next industrial park and conceptualization of future "shell" buildings making possible rapid response to business and industrial needs for new facilities.
- 8. There remains a long-term need for reducing operational costs through joint services, initiatives in the provision of public safety services, tax and utility bill collections and improved property maintenance.
- 9. The condition of the local, regional, state and national economies and a resulting increase in demand for services should economic conditions continue their slow improvement.
- Anticipated GASB #68 implementation requirements of Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

#### Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the resources it receives and their uses. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the County Administrator, or the Finance Director, at 143 Third Street, NW, Pulaski, Virginia 24301, telephone (540) 980-7705. The County's website address is <a href="https://www.pulaskicounty.org">www.pulaskicounty.org</a>. We welcome the opportunity to present the financial status of the County to citizens, community groups and state agencies in that the resources of the County have a direct effect on the ability to improve the quality of life while addressing nationwide economic and social changes impacting the community.



#### County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

		June 30, 2014				
		Primary Government			Component Units	N - 7 - 88
		Governmental		School	Public Service	Industrial Development
1.0 mm/m		<u>Activities</u>		Board	<u>Authority</u>	Authority
ASSETS			1000	Mill Market and Commission (Commission Commission Commi		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	15,549,408	\$	1,416,050 \$	1,991,604 \$	
Investments		161,301				-
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):						
Taxes		9,688,839				
Accounts Receivable		2,473,113		-	1,423,540	194,999
Other Local Taxes and Fees		350,126			*	
Note Receivable		34		4.1	1,366,650	27,362,038
Rent Receivable				1.5		89,721
Interest Receivable		_ 🗐		Section 12	9	28,276
Prepaid Items		941		109,651	50	
Due from Primary Government				2,258,138		
Due from Other Governmental Units		2,592,273		1,314,301	0.0	2
Advances to Component Units		507,858		-	¥	
Restricted Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents		161,949		2.7	990,225	507,726
Cash and Cash Equivalents (in Custody of Others)		76,159		-		
Organization Expense (Net of Accumulated Amortization)		4		7.4	2,280	
Capital Assets:						
Land		2,527,073		528,360	127,700	1,047,434
Buildings and Improvements		40,848,843		3,681,825	2-24-3-5	9,430,355
Machinery and Equipment		2,441,472		2,346,809	997,227	5,658
Infrastructure				3	22,763,099	0,000
Construction in Progress		3,429,357		101,285	905,529	68,497
Total Assets	\$	80,807,771	\$	11,756,419 \$	30,567,854 \$	38,734,704
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Charges on Refunding	\$	446,403	\$	- \$	- \$_	401,932
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	897,417	\$	444,388 \$	652,936 \$	132,572
Accrued Wages		** 5 <b>3</b> ).		3,677,992	100000 Pool 1000	
Customer Deposits		3		7	120,341	-
Accrued Interest Payable		431,244		-	18,463	24,151
Due to Component Units		2,258,138			2/	,
Advances Due to Primary Government		-		-	40	507,858
Cash held for others		12		-		321,000
ong-Term Liabilities:						
Due Within One Year		2,231,043		171,070	349,935	1,566,913
Due in More Than One Year		25,670,648		2,443,225	11,471,001	18,722,441
Total Liabilities	\$	31,488,490	\$	6,736,675 \$	12,612,676 \$	20,953,935
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	7,863,744	\$	- \$	- \$	-
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	24,409,849	\$	6,658,279 \$	13,150,960 \$	8,961,711
Restricted	37	238,108	~	JOGOLEI D	990,225	6,801,711
Unrestricted (deficit)		17,253,983		(1,638,535)	3,813,993	D 220 000
Total Net Position	\$		€			9,220,990
TOTAL NET LOSITION	à.	41,901,940	\$	5,019,744 \$	17,955,178 \$	18,182,7

#### County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Pi	rogram Revenue				Net (Expense) i Changes in N		
				Operating	Capital	Primary Government			Component Unit	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities		School Board	Public Service Authority	Industrial Development <u>Authority</u>
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government Administration	\$	2,674,206 \$	1,493	303,491 \$	- \$	(2,369,222)	5	- \$	- \$	
Judicial Administration		1,444,538	110,509	1,794,710		460,681	100	200		
Public Safety		8,526,040	262,027	2,742,013	1	(5,522,000)		E(-		
Public Works		1,601,211	17,086	102,867	1	(1,481,258)				
Health and Welfare		11,482,125	3, 3	7,716,746		(3,765,379)				**
Education		14,300,540	2	711.1011.10		(14,300,540)		T		
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1,424,232	324,573	122,803	- 9	(976,856)		50		
Community Development		3,023,726	024,010	122,000	268,452			-		15
Interest		1,210,907	170		200,432	(2,755,274)			8.	
Total Primary Government	\$	45,687,525 \$	715,688 \$	12,782,630 \$	268,452 \$	(1,210,907)	\$	- \$	- \$	<del></del>
W		,, -					_			<del></del>
Component Units:	50%	CONTRACTOR STATE OF THE STATE O								
School Board	\$	45,521,278 \$	996,353 \$	30,723,986 \$	- \$		\$	(13,800,939) \$	- \$	22
Public Service Authority		8,942,852	8,966,278						23,426	
Industrial Development Authority	82	3,048,098	524,505	1,050,000	3 <del>.</del>	-		3.4°	20,120	(1,473,593)
Total Component Units	\$	57,512,228 \$	10,487,136 \$	31,773,986 \$	- \$		\$	(13,800,939) \$	23.426 \$	(1,473,593)
	100	Maria	4.0	W.		<del></del>		111/, 1		(1,410,030)
		ral Revenues:								
		neral Property Taxes			\$	24,368,213	\$	- \$	5	
	Oth	ner Local Taxes						- ***		
		Local Sales and Use				3,040,534				
		Consumers' Utility Ta	xes			646,052			100	1
		Business Licenses				607,730				T
		Consumption Taxes				118,291		- 20		
		Motor Vehicle Licensi	es			552,287				
		Bank Stock Taxes	71.07			29,473		1.5	-	
		Taxes on Recordation	and Wills			192,751				
		Hotel and Motel Roor						1,0.1		
		Restaurant Food Tax				352,562		-		
		restricted Revenues f		of Books		1,299,723		2750A44254A4		200
		cellaneous	rolli use di Money ar	іа Ргорепу		405,155		14,989	40,195	1,898
						127,828		60,330	138,079	185,830
		ments from Primary		news too				13,265,054	131,497	2,160,448
		ints and Contributions		pecific Programs		2,651,916		-	-	
		n on Disposal of Cap			No. of Contraction	-			<u> </u>	51,950
		Total General Revent	J <del>e</del> s		\$	34,392,515	\$	13,340,373 \$	309,771 \$	2,400,126
		ge in Net Position			\$	2,471,760	\$	(460,566) \$	333,197 \$	926,533
		osition - Beginning				39,430,180		5,480,310	17,621,981	17,256,168
	Net P	osition - Ending			\$	41,901,940	\$	5,019,744 \$	17,955,178 \$	18,182,701
								- Inches		10,702,701

#### County of Pulaski, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2014

		General		Other Governmental		Total
ASSETS						-
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	15,604,095	\$	582,631	\$	16,186,726
Investments		107,994		53,307		161,301
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):						
Taxes		9,688,839		=		9,688,839
Other Local Taxes and Fees		350,126		31		350,126
Due from Other Funds		162,976		493,911		656,887
Due from Other Governmental Units		2,374,218		218,055		2,592,273
Advances to Component Units		506,758		1,100		507,858
Total Assets	\$	28,795,006	\$	1,349,004	\$	30,144,010
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	463.692	\$	391,997	\$	855,689
Reconciled Overdraft	~	100,002	7	162,196	•	162,196
Due to Other Funds		614,544		102,100		614,544
Due to Component Units		2,258,138				2,258,138
Total Liabilities	\$	3,336,374	\$	554,193	\$	3,890,567
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	9,645,249	\$		\$	9,645,249
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable	\$	506,758	\$	7.	\$	506.758
Restricted		257,561	20.0	161,949	y <b>T</b>	419,510
Committed		303,568		666,754		970.322
Assigned		7,304,449		72		7.304.449
Unassigned		7,441,047		(33,892)		7,407,155
Total Fund Balances	\$	15,813,383	\$	794,811		16,608,194
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	28,795,006	\$	1,349,004		30,144,010

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	\$	16,608,194
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Land	\$ 2,527,073	
Building and Improvements	40,848,843	
Machinery and Equipment Construction in Progress	2,441,472 3,429,357	40 246 746
Condition in Frogress	3,428,007	49,246,745
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		1,781,505
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds.  The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in		
governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		2,152,028
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ (12,599,929)	
Lease Revenue Notes	(13,121,747)	
Note Payable Unamortized Bond Premiums	(305,631)	
Landfill Post-Closure Monitoring Costs	(471,810) (255,857)	
Net OPEB Obligation	(341,200)	
Deferred Charges on Refunding	446,403	
Compensated Absences	(805,517)	
Accrued Interest Payable	(431,244)	(27,886,532)
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	41,901,940

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		170			
		General	Other Govern-		
		<u>Fund</u>	mental Funds		Total
REVENUES					
General Property Taxes	\$	24,638,943 \$	達	\$	24,638,943
Other Local Taxes		6,839,403			6,839,403
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses		137,443			137,443
Fines and Forfeitures		97,337	-		97,337
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		404,834	321		405,155
Charges for Services		480,908	18		480,908
Miscellaneous		113,473	14,355		127,828
Recovered Costs		781,962	91,059		873,021
Intergovernmental:					35
Commonwealth		11,585,401	117,149		11,702,550
Federal Government	G	3,651,071	349,377		4,000,448
Total Revenues	\$	48,730,775 \$	572,261	\$	49,303,036
		*			
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General Government Administration	•	0.000.010.0		200	
Judicial Administration	\$	2,336,642 \$	423,864	\$	2,760,506
2000 - 10		1,763,092	<b>H</b>		1,763,092
Public Safety Public Works		8,332,136	2,612,436		10,944,572
Health and Welfare		1,804,257	1,386,349		3,190,606
		11,012,814	510,350		11,523,164
Education		13,280,823	277,996		13,558,819
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1,471,998	353,174		1,825,172
Community Development		3,105,571	244,874		3,350,445
Non-Departmental		62,946			62,946
Capital Projects Debt Service:		*	10,860		10,860
Principal Retirement		2,042,293	-		2,042,293
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		1,114,718	-		1,114,718
Bond Issuance Costs	_	78,745			78,745
Total Expenditures	\$	46,406,035 \$	5,819,903	\$	52,225,938
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	\$	2,324,740 \$	(5,247,642)	œ	(2.022.002)
	Ψ	Σ,024,140 ψ	(3,247,042)	φ	(2,922,902)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	\$	- \$	5,127,318	\$	5,127,318
Transfers Out		(5,907,115)	-,,	70	(5,907,115)
Issuance of refunding bonds		9,762,283	20		9,762,283
Debt service - principal		(3,587,291)			(3,587,291)
Payments to refunding escrow agent		(6,009,543)	¥1		(6,009,543)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(5,741,666) \$	5,127,318	\$	(614,348)
•	-	(=,=,=,===)	5,121,010	*	(017,070)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(3,416,926) \$	(120,324)	\$	(3,537,250)
Fund Balance - Beginning		19,230,309	915,135		20,145,444
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	15,813,383 \$	794,811	\$	16,608,194

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:				
Net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds			\$	(3,537,250)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlays  Depreciation expenses	\$	4,422,851 (1,971,478)		2,451,373
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Decrease (Increase) in unavailable renvenue - property taxes				(270,730)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales and donations) is to decrease net position.				(78,051)
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligation consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Debt issued or incurred:				
General obligation refunding Landfill post-closure monitoring costs	\$	(9,762,283) (3,533)		
Principal repayments: General obligation bonds Literary loans Lease revenue notes Note payable Debt payoff Carrying value of defeased debt	N-	1,364,567 430,000 190,000 57,726 3,587,291 5,474,306	-	1,338,074
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.				
(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in accrued interest payable Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums	\$	(56,577) (44,900) 30,103 446,403 41,287		416,316
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with			6	
governmental activities.				2,152,028
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$	2,471,760

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2014

ASSETS	Н	ealth Insurance Premiums <u>Fund</u>	T G Coi	nformation echnology, arage, and mmunication ervice Fund
Current Assets:				
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles): Accounts Receivable	\$	2,389,042	\$	84,071
Total Assets	\$	2,389,042	\$	84,071
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:     Accounts Payable     Due to Other Funds     Reconciled Overdraft	\$	-	\$	41,728 42,343
Total Liabilities	\$	237,014	\$	84,071
NET POSITION Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$ \$	2,152,028 2,152,028	\$ \$	04,071

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

OPERATING REVENUES	aranga	ith Insurance Premiums Fund	Co	Information Fechnology, Garage, and ommunication Service Fund
Charges for Services:	_			
Information Technology Charges	\$	-	S	185,375
Garage Charges				985,189
Communication Charges		176		102,803
Other Revenues:				
Miscellaneous Insurance Premiums				3,329
		7,016,997		
Total Operating Revenues	\$	7,016,997	\$	1,276,696
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Information Technology	\$	100	\$	537,634
Central Garage	·35	190	*	1,393,095
Communications				125,764
Insurance Claims and Expenses		4,864,969		-
Total Operating Expenses	\$	4,864,969	\$	2,056,493
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	2,152,028	\$	(779,797)
Transfer In	\$	<u> </u>	\$	779,797
Change in Net Position	\$	2,152,028	\$	197
Net Position - Beginning		95		
Net Position - Ending	<del>-</del> \$	2,152,028	\$	-
	Ψ	2,102,020	Ψ	= 1

#### County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

## For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Health Insurance Premiums <u>Fund</u>		Information Technology, Garage, and Communication Service Fund
Charges to County Department and other organizations	\$ 	\$	1,279,630
Other receipts (payments)	-	Ψ	3.329
Payments to suppliers for goods and services			(1,626,597)
Payments to employees for services	-		(436,159)
Receipts for insurance premiums	4,870,738		o.
Payments for insurance premiums	 (4,870,738)		
Total cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 	\$	(779,797)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Transfers from other funds	\$ -	\$	779,797
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 	\$	<u> </u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	\$ Text	\$	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$ 	\$	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 2,152,028	\$	(779,797)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (used for) Operating Activities:			
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	\$ (2,146,259)	\$	6,263
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(5,769)		(13,387)
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds	¥		7,124
Total Adjustments	\$ (2,152,028)	\$	727
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	\$ 	\$	(779,797)

Exhibit 10

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2014

ASSETS	Agency Funds
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 216,692
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Amounts Held for Others:	
Social Services Clients	\$ 20,361
Contractors	115,665
County Employees	80,666
Total amounts held for others	\$ 216,692
Total Liabilities	\$ 216,692

#### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity:

County of Pulaski, Virginia is a political subdivision governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities, for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations.

Blended Component Units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. The component units are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

The <u>Pulaski County School Board</u> operates the elementary and secondary schools in the County. School Board members are elected by popular vote. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type. The School Board does not issue a separate report.

The <u>Pulaski County Public Service Authority</u> provides water, sewer and garbage service to County residents. The Public Service Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County has issued several bonds payable by the Authority. In addition, the County Board of Supervisors appoints the Board of Directors. A copy of the Public Service Authority's report can be obtained from the Public Service Authority.

The <u>Pulaski County Industrial Development Authority</u> encourages and provides financing for industrial development in the County. The Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County. In addition, the Authority's Board is appointed by the County Board of Supervisors. A copy of the Industrial Development Authority's report can be obtained from the Industrial Development Authority.

Related Organizations - The County Board appoints board members to outside organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations do not extend beyond making the appointments.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense – the cost of "using up" capital assets – in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories – 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Budgetary comparison schedules demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget. It is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including the original budget and a comparison of final budget and actual results.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation:

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as deferred revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (continued)

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The County reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The general fund includes the activities of the Virginia Public Assistance, Prepaid Taxes, Comprehensive Services Act funds, and Debt Service funds for both the County and School Board.

The County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than those dedicated for debt service or major capital projects. The Tornado Relief Fund and Highway Maintenance Fund are reported as a nonmajor special revenue funds.

The School CIP fund is reported as one of the County's nonmajor capital projects fund. The fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to be used for the acquisition and construction of major school capital projects.

The County CIP fund is reported as another of the County's nonmajor capital projects fund. The fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to be used for the acquisition and construction of major County capital projects as well as acquisitions of other types of capital assets.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds (Proprietary funds) account for and report the financing of goods and services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The internal service funds consist of the Information Technology, Garage, and Communications Service Fund and the Health Insurance Premiums Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (continued)

Fiduciary funds (Trust and Agency funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The Special Welfare, Performance Bond, and Employee Benefit Flexible Funds are reported as agency funds.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The Pulaski County School Board reports the following major fund:

The school operating fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from charges for services, appropriations from County of Pulaski, Virginia and state and federal grants.

- D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/ Fund Balance:
  - 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

## Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

## 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

Investments for the County, as well as for its component unit school board, are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

#### 2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

#### 3. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the following year if they remain unpaid. Real estate taxes are payable on June 5<sup>th</sup> and December 5<sup>th</sup>. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on October 15<sup>th</sup>. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

#### 4. Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$971,875 at June 30, 2014 and is comprised solely of real estate taxes delinquent for 20 years and personal property taxes delinquent for 5 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

## Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

#### 5. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 6. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather that when purchased.

#### 7. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Type	Years
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	20-40
Structures, lines, and accessories	20-40
Machinery and equipment	4-30

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

#### 8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has only one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30<sup>th</sup>, and amounts prepaid on the 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30<sup>th</sup> and amounts prepaid on the 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

#### Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In accordance with the provisions of Government Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

## Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

## Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

#### 10. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

#### 10. Fund Balance

County of Pulaski, Virginia reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items and inventory or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund).

<u>Restricted</u> - amounts that are restricted by external parties such as creditors or imposed by grants, law or legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - amounts that have been committed (establish, modify, or rescind) by formal action by the entity's "highest level of decision-making authority"; which County of Pulaski, Virginia considers to be the Board of Directors.

<u>Assigned</u> - amounts that have been allocated by committee action where the government's intent is to use the funds for a specific purpose. County of Pulaski, Virginia considers this level of authority to be the Board of Directors or any Committee granted such authority by the Board of Directors.

<u>Unassigned</u> - this category is for any balances that have no restrictions placed upon them; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

#### 10. Fund Balance (continued)

The County's highest decision making level is the Board of Supervisors. Action from the Board of Supervisors is required to commit or release funds from commitment.

The County's Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved within the County fund balance policy.

#### 11. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

#### 12. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

## Note 2- Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

#### A. Budgetary Information:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

 Prior to April 1st, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All non-fiduciary funds have legally adopted budgets.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

## Note 2- Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability: (continued)

## A. Budgetary Information: (continued)

- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the functional level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's subcategories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and the General Capital Projects Fund. The School Fund and School Capital Projects Fund are integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a modified accrual basis.
- Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by Project. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during this fiscal year.
- 8. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year-end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

## B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations:

There were no departments that had an excess of expenditures over appropriations for fiscal year 2014.

#### C. Deficit Fund Balance:

At June 30, 2014, the Tornado Relief fund had a deficit fund balance.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 3- Deposits and Investments:

#### Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board.

Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

#### Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank of Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

#### Custodial Credit Risk: (Investments)

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2014 were rated by Standard and Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

Rated Debt Investments	Fair Qu	ality Ratings
	-	Aaam
LGIP	\$	108,002
SNAP		53,307

#### External Investment Pools:

The State Non-arbitrage Pool (SNAP) is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission

The fair value of the positions in the external investment pool, Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), is the same as the value of the pool shares. As this pool is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

# Note 4- Due From Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

	Primary Government		Component Unit- School Board	
Local governments				
Town of Pualski	\$	91,059	\$	1-
Virginia's First Regional IFA		372,146		12
Commonwealth of Virginia:				
State sales tax		575,054		787,587
Communication sales tax		139,630		
Non-categorical aid		78,101		*
Categorical aid-shared expense		273,022		_
Categorical aid-other		178,281		15,848
Categorical aid-VPA funds		174,176		
Categorical aid-CSA funds		412,616		-
Federal Government:				
Categorical aid-VPA funds		255,315		-
Categorical aid-other		42,873		510,866
Totals \$		2,592,273	5	1,314,301

## Note 5- Interfund Balances and Transfers:

Fund	Due to Due fron			
Primary Government:		1900		
General Fund	\$ 2,872,682	\$ 162,976		
County Construction Fund		380,727		
School Construction Fund		113,184		
Internal Services Fund	42,343	-		
Component Units:				
School Fund	E.	2,258,138		
Total	\$ 2,915,025	\$ 2,915,025		
	Transfers in	Transfers out		
Primary Government:				
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 5,907,115		
School Construction Fund	51,683	3		
County Construction Fund	5,075,635	*		
Internal Service Fund	779,797	<u> </u>		
Total	\$ 5,907,115	\$ 5,907,115		

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

## Note 5- Interfund Balances and Transfers: (continued)

Details of due from component unit amounts are as follows:

## Pulaski County Industrial Development Authority:

During fiscal year 1990-91, \$500,000 was advanced to the Authority for construction of a building for Renfro, Inc. This advance was made with no repayment terms.

#### Note 6- Long-Term Obligations:

# Primary Government- Governmental Activities Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2014.

	,	Balance July 1, 2013		Increases/ Issuances		Decreases/ Retirements	Balance June 30, 2014
General obligation bonds	\$	13,946,252	\$	1,035,536	\$	(2,381,859) \$	12,599,929
Literary loans		3,000,000		€		(3,000,000)	O mil
Lease revenue notes		9,860,000		8,726,747		(5,465,000)	13,121,747
Note payable		363,357		¥		(57,726)	305,631
Unamortized bond premiums		712,402				(240,592)	471,810
Landfill post-closure monitoring costs		252,324		3,533		-	255,857
Net OPEB obligation		296,300		78,600		(33,700)	341,200
Compensated absences	,	748,940	- :-	56,577	-	•/	805,517
Total	\$	29,179,575	\$ .	9,900,993	\$	(11,178,877)	27,901,691

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Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

## Note 6- Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obli	gati	on Bonds	Lease Revenue Notes			Note P	ayable	ayable		
June 30,	 Principal		Interest	Principal	Interest	F	Principal	In	terest		
2015	\$ 1,055,864		481,370	\$ 994,510	412,300	\$	58,830	\$	5,390		
2016	1,069,098		438,269	1,009,705	383,800		59,958	- 12	4,264		
2017	1,082,882		394,752	1,024,794	354,650		61,105		3,116		
2018	1,101,761		350,728	1,049,371	324,667		62,273		1,947		
2019	1,115,736		306,194	1,064,637	293,849		63.465		755		
2020-2024	4,364,588		919,004	4,552,825	1,010,798		==		*1		
2025-2029	2,295,000		333,266	3,425,905	295,768		-		-		
2030	515,000		10,429	12			_				
Totals	\$ 12,599,929	\$ -	3,234,012	\$ 13,121,747 \$	3,075,832	- ş —	305,631 \$	· —	15,472		

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Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

# Note 6- Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

General obligation bonds: GO bond VPSA GO bond GO bond	Interest Rates 4.975-5.85% 2.35-5.1% 3.175-4.05%	Date  11/16/2000 11/7/2002 1/13/2010	Final Maturity Date  2021 \$ 2023 2030	Amount of Original Issue 754,241 10,915,000 7,465,000	Balance Governmenta Activities  \$ 294,393 4,905,000 6,365,000	\$	Amount Due Within One Year  39,775 545,000 305,000
GO bond Subtotal GO bonds	1.81%	4/16/2014	2020	1,035,536	1,035,536 \$ 12,599,929		166,089
Unamortized bond premium Unamortized bond premium Total general obligation bonds	n/a n/a	11/7/2002 1/13/2010	2023 2030	436,841 40,136	196,579 31,105 \$ 12,827,613	- \$	21,842 2,007 1,079,713
Lease revenue notes: School lease revenue note School lease revenue note Lease revenue note School lease revenue note Subtotal lease revenue notes Unamortized bond premium Total lease revenue notes	5.10% 2.47-3.25% 2.47-3.25% 2.05% n/a	5/15/2008 12/6/2013 12/6/2013 12/6/2013 5/15/2008	2029 2027 2027 2021 2029	348,754	\$ 4,395,000 5,725,159 321,054 2,680,534 \$ 13,121,747 244,126 \$ 13,365,873	- *	200,000 380,256 21,324 392,930 994,510 17,438 1,011,948
Note Payable Note Payable	1.900%	4/30/2012	2019 \$	420,000	\$ 305,631	\$	58,830
Other obligations:  Landfill post-closure  monitoring costs  Net OPEB obligation  Compensated absences  Total other obligations	n/a n/a n/a	n/a n/a n/a	n/a n/a n/a	n/a n/a n/a	\$ 255,857 341,200 805,517 \$ 1,402,574		80,552 80,552
Totals					\$ 27,901,691	\$	2,231,043

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

# Note 7- Long-Term Obligations- Component Unit School Board:

# <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit- School Board-Indebtedness:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component-Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2014.

		Balance					Balance
		July 1, 2013	 Increases		Decreases	Jui	ne 30, 2014
Net OPEB obligation	\$	803,200	\$ 324,000	\$	(223,600) \$		903,600
Compensated absences	-	1,568,549	 142,146	-	,		1,710,695
Total	\$	2,371,749	\$ 466,146	\$	(223,600) \$		2,614,295

## **Details of Long-Term Indebtedness:**

	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Original Issue	Governmental Activites		e Within
Other obligations:		N		<u></u>			-
Net OPEB obligation	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$	903,600	\$ _
Compensated absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	la:	1,710,695	 171,070
Total other obligations				\$		2,614,295	\$ 171,070

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 8-Pension Plan:

#### A. Plan Description

Name of Plan:

Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan:

Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Pension Plan

Administering Entity:

Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as service credit in their plan.

Within the VRS Plan, the System administers three different benefit plans for local government employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each plan has different eligibility and benefit structures as set out below:

#### VRS - PLAN 1

- Plan Overview VRS Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a
  member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
  Employees are eligible for VRS Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they
  were vested as of January 1, 2013.
- 2. **Eligible Members** Employees are in VRS Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.
- 3. **Hybrid Opt-In Election** VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible VRS Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under VRS Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as VRS Plan 1 or ORP.

4. Retirement Contributions - Members contribute up to 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some school divisions and political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution; all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

## Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

#### VRS - PLAN 1 (continued)

- 5. Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.
- 6. Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

7. Calculating the Benefit - The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.

An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.

- 8. **Average Final Compensation** A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.
- 9. Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.7%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.7% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.
- 10. Normal Retirement Age Age 65.
- 11. Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Members who are not in hazardous duty positions are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.

Hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.

12. Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility - Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

## Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

#### VRS - PLAN 1 (continued)

- 13. Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.
- 14. Eligibility For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.

For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.

15. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates - The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:

The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.

The member retires on disability.

The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).

The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.

The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.

16. Disability Coverage - Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

#### VRS - PLAN 1 (continued)

17. Purchase of Prior Service - Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.

#### VRS - PLAN 2

- Plan Overview VRS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a
  member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
  Employees are eligible for VRS Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their
  membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.
- Eligible Members Employees are in VRS Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.
- Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible VRS Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under VRS Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as VRS Plan 2 or ORP.

- 4. Retirement Contributions Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 4.
- 5. Creditable Service Same as VRS Plan 1- Refer to Section 5.
- 6. Vesting Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 6.
- Calculating the Benefit Same as VRS Plan 1–Refer to Section 7.
- Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

#### VRS - PLAN 2 (continued)

- Service Retirement Multiplier Same as Plan1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.
- 10. Normal Retirement Age Normal Social Security retirement age.
- 11. Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Members who are not in hazardous duty positions are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit when they reach normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.

Hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.

- 12. Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.
- 13. Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.
- 14. Eligibility Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 14.
- 15. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 15.
- 16. Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

17. Purchase of Prior Service - Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 17.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

#### HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

 Plan Overview - The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (See "Eligible Members")

The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.

The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.

In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.

2. **Eligible Members** - Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:

State employees\*

School division employees

Political subdivision employees\*

Judges appointed or elected to an original term on or after January 1, 2014

Members in VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014

3. \*Non-Eligible Members - Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:

Members of the State Police Officers' Retirement System (SPORS)

Members of the Virginia Law Officers' Retirement System (VaLORS)

Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees

Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

#### **HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)**

4. Retirement Contributions - A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

#### 5. Creditable Service

Defined Benefit Component - Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Defined Contribution Component - Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

## 6. Vesting

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.

After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.

After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.

After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

#### **HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)**

#### 6. Vesting (continued)

Distribution is not required by law until age 701/2.

#### 7. Calculating the Benefit

Defined Benefit Component - Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 7.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.

- 8. Average Final Compensation Same as VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 8. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
- 9. Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is 1.0%.

For members that opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

#### 10. Normal Retirement Age

Defined Benefit Component - Same as VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 10.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

## 11. Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit when they reach normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

## 12. Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

#### **HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)**

#### 13. Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement

Defined Benefit Component - Same as VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 13.

Defined Contribution Component - Not Applicable.

- 14. Eligibility Same as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 14.
- 15. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates Same as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 15.
- 16. Disability Coverage Eligible political subdivision and school division members (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.

State employees (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) participating in the Hybrid Retirement Plan are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.

Hybrid members (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VSDP or VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

#### 17. Purchase of Prior Service

Defined Benefit Component - Same as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 17.

Defined Contribution Component - Not Applicable.

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2013-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2013-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

#### B. Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the County and School Board are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's and School Board's contribution rates for the fiscal year ended 2014 were 13.07% and 9.92% of annual covered payroll, respectively.

The School Board's contributions for professional employees were \$2,564,584, \$2,567,054 and \$1,342,616 to the teacher cost-sharing pool for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively and these contributions represented 11.66%, 11.66%, and 6.33% for 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively, of current covered payroll.

#### C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2014, the County's annual pension cost of \$1,323,303 and \$245,471 was equal to the County's and School Board's required and actual contributions for the County and the School Board Non-Professionals, respectively.

Thr	ee-Year Trend	Infor	mation			
	Fiscal		Annual	Percentage	N	let
	Year		Pension	of APC	Per	sion
	Ending	Co	ost (APC) (1)	Contributed	Oblig	ation
Primary Government:	***************************************					
County	6/30/2014	\$	1,323,303	100.00%	\$	9
	6/30/2013		1,243,272	100.00%		-
	6/30/2012		811,865	100.00%		~
Discretely Presented-Component Unit:						
School Board Non-Professional	6/30/2014	\$	245,471	100.00%	\$	196
	6/30/2013		190,592	100.00%		192
	6/30/2012		163,544	100.00%		-

<sup>(1)</sup> Employer portion only

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

#### C. Annual Pension Cost (continued)

The FY 2014 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2011 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.00%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees, 3.75% to 6.20% per year for teachers, and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year for Plan 1 employees and 2.25% for Plan 2 employees. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County's and School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County's and School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 30 years.

#### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County's plan was 78.44% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$46,393,731, and the actuarial value of assets was \$36,390,190, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$10,003,541. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$9,653,732 and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 103.62%.

As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the School Board's plan was 81.45% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$9,583,439, and the actuarial value of assets was \$7,805,309, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,778,130. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,427,811 and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 73.24%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 9- Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:

#### A. Plan Description

The Pulaski Post-Retirement Medical Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the County. The Plan provides health insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. To be eligible, employees must meet the age and service criteria for immediate retirement benefits under VRS, which requires that the employee be age 50 with 10 years of service or permanently, totally disabled and injured in the line of duty. Additionally, the employee must be of full-time status in VRS and must be covered by the active plan at the time of retirement or disability. The benefit provisions, including employer and employee contributions, are governed by the County and can be amended through County action. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

#### B. Funding Policy

The County establishes employer medical contribution rates for all medical plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The County also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will be partially funded or fully funded in the upcoming fiscal year.

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the County. For fiscal year 2014, the County and School Board contributed (implicit subsidy) \$33,700 and \$223,600, respectively, for current costs of the Plan.

For retirees of both the County and School Board, 100 percent of premiums for both the employee and spouse are the responsibility of the retiree. Coverage under the plan ceases when the employee reaches age 65. Premiums under the Plan are shown below:

	County							School Board					
	 POS	F	PPO	De	ental		POS	F	PPO	De	ental		
Employee Only	\$ 726	\$	528	\$	28	\$	726	\$	528	\$	28		
Employee and Spouse	1,463		1,030		46		1,463		1,030		46		
Employee and Child	1,421		1,061		52		1,421		1,061		52		
Family	2,039		1,480		84		2,039		1,480		84		

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

## Note 9- Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (continued)

## C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the County's and School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's and School Board's net OPEB obligation:

School

		SCHOOL	
	County	Board	Total
Annual required contribution	\$ 79,100	\$325,300	\$ 404,400
Interest on net OPEB obligation	11,900	32,100	44,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(12,400)	(33,400)	(45,800)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	78,600	324,000	402,600
Contributions made (implicit subsidy)	(33,700)	(223,600)	(257,300)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	44,900	100,400	145,300
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	296,300	803,200	1,099,500
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$341,200	\$903,600	\$1,244,800

The County's and School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended			Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation		
County:			¥1			
6/30/2014	\$	78,600	43%	\$	341,200	
6/30/2013		75,600	31%		296,300	
6/30/2012		81,700	47%		243,900	
School Board:						
6/30/2014		324,000	69%		903,600	
6/30/2013		315,300	61%		803,200	
6/30/2012		431,900	66%		679,200	

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

## Note 9- Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (continued)

## D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan (County and School Board combined) as of July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, was as follows:

	County	School Board	Total
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 944,000	\$ 3,900,000	\$ 4,844,000
Actuarial value of plan assets		=	
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 944,000	\$ 3,900,000	\$ 4,844,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 7,018,201	\$ 29,736,727	\$ 36,754,928
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	13.45%	13.12%	13.18%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5 percent investment rate of return per annum. An annual healthcare cost trend rate of 10 percent initially, reduced by decrements of 0.5 percent until an ultimate rate of 5 percent is reached. Dental costs are assumed to increase 5 percent initially, decreasing by 0.5 percent yearly until and ultimate rate of 3 percent is reached. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining amortization period, which at July 1, 2012, was 30 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 10- Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit:

#### County:

#### A. Plan Description

The County participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is an agent and cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

An employee of the County, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$1.50 per year of creditable service up to a maximum monthly credit of \$45. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive the maximum monthly health insurance credit of \$45.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 8.

#### B. Funding Policy

As a participating local political subdivision, the County is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's contribution rate was 0.27% of covered payroll.

#### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The locality is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

## Note 10- Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

#### County: (continued)

#### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: (continued)

For 2014, the County's contribution of \$10,252 was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 and the two preceding years is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost (APC)		Percentage of APC Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation	
County:					
June 30, 2012	\$	10,833	100%	-3	
June 30, 2013		10,252	100%		
June 30, 2014		10,252	100%	20	

#### Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

	County
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 224,512
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 137,189
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 87,323
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	61.11%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 4,327,776
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	2.02%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

## Note 10- Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

#### County: (continued)

## E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.00% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.50%, and a payroll growth rate of 3.00%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining open amortization period at July 1, 2012 was 30 years.

Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

#### A. Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

#### B. Funding Policy

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.11% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$244,147 and equaled the required contributions.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

## Note 11- Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

## **Primary Government:**

		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:	-				
Capital assets, not being depreciated	1:				
Land	\$	2,564,600 \$	40,524 \$	(78,051) \$	2,527,073
Construction in progress		1,641,639	2,741,879	(954, 161)	3,429,357
Total capital assets not being	_			-	
depreciated	\$	4,206,239 \$	2,782,403 \$	(1,032,212) \$	5,956,430
	-				
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	\$	53,691,762 \$	1,137,970 \$	(591,260) \$	54,238,472
Machinery and equipment		11,670,380	1,456,639	(237,510)	12,889,509
Total capital assets being depreciate	d\$_	65,362,142 \$	2,594,609 \$	(828,770) \$	67,127,981
					<del></del> %
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	\$	(12,643,400) \$	(1,337,489) \$	591,260 \$	(13,389,629)
Machinery and equipment	12. 1	(10,051,558)	(633,989)	237,510	(10,448,037)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(22,694,958) \$	(1,971,478) \$	828,770 \$	(23,837,666)
Total capital assets being				3	
depreciated, net	\$	42,667,184 \$	623,131 \$	- \$	43,290,315
	-	<u></u>	,		.0,200,010
Governmental activities capital					
assets, net	\$	46,873,423 \$	3,405,534 \$	(1,032,212) \$	49,246,745
	-	<del></del>			

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Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

## Note 11- Capital Assets: (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 38,129
Judicial administration	1,303
Public safety	588,619
Public works	178,816
Health and welfare	19,714
Education	1,008,857
Parks, recreation and cultural	112,053
Community development	23,987

Total depreciation expense-governmental activities \$ 1,971,478

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

		Beginning		1004			Ending
	_	Balance		Increases		Decreases	Balance
School Board:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	533,184	\$	-	\$	(4,824) \$	528,360
Construction in progress		98,928		46,920		(44,563)	101,285
Total capital assets not being			-			<del>-</del> 3 - <del>1</del> 35 - <del>3</del> 36	
depreciated	\$_	632,112	\$_	46,920	\$_	(49,387) \$	629,645
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	19,789,551	\$	44,138	\$	(196,114) \$	19,637,575
Machinery and equipment		7,787,898		565,402		(141,508)	8,211,792
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	27,577,449	\$	609,540	\$	(337,622) \$	27,849,367
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	(15,796,012)	\$	(355,852)	\$	196,114 \$	(15,955,750)
Machinery and equipment		(5,525,732)		(480,759)		141,508	(5,864,983)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(21,321,744)	\$	(836,611)	\$	337,622 \$	(21,820,733)
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net	\$_	6,255,705	\$_	(227,071)	\$_	\$	6,028,634
School Board capital							
assets, net	\$_	6,887,817	\$_	(180,151)	\$_	(49,387) \$	6,658,279

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 12- Risk Management:

The County and its component unit- School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and its component unit- School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability and auto insurance with the Virginia Association of Counties (VACO). Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and its component unit- School Board pay the VACO contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion in which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its component unit- School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### **Note 13- Contingent Liabilities:**

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 14- Surety Bonds:

#### Primary Government:

Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety		
Maetta H. Crewe, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	145,000
Melinda Worrell, Treasurer		500,000
Trina Rupe, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
James A. Davis, Sheriff		30,000
The above constitutional officers' employees - blanket bond		50,000
All Social Services employees - blanket bond		100,000
VACo Risk Management Programs		
All County employees - blanket bond	\$	250,000
United States Fidelty and Guaranty		
Peter M. Huber, County Administrator	\$	2,000
Componenet Unit - School Board:		
VACo Risk Management Programs	<u></u>	
All School Board employees - blanket bond	\$	250,000

#### Note 15- Landfill Liability:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The County closed its landfill at Cloyd's Mountain in 1989. At June 30, 2014, the total post-closure care liability (which represents the 7 years remaining) was \$255,857 representing what it would cost to perform all post-closure care in fiscal year 2014. Actual costs for both post-closure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of environmental Quality in accordance with section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

## Note 16- Unavailable Revenue:

Unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Unavailable revenue totaling \$9,699,225 is comprised of the following:

<u>Unavailable Prepaid Property Taxes</u> - Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2014, but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$181,109 at June 30, 2014.

<u>Unavailable Property Taxes Revenue</u> – Unavailable revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$9,518,116 at June 30, 2014.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

Note 17- Fund Balance Classifications:	2	
	Gei	neral Fund
Nonspendable:	-	
Advances to Component Units	\$	506,758
Restricted:		
Commonwealth Attorney Seized Assets	\$	25,561
Sheriff Seized Assets		5,879
Community Corrections		43,493
Beans & Rice Mico Solution Grant		182,628
Total Restricted	\$	257,561
Committed:		726
Baskerville Housing Project Phase 1	\$	219,021
Draper Corridor ARC Grant		84,547
Total Committed	\$	303,568
Assigned:		3-34
Outstanding Encumbrances 06/30/14 - Various Departments	\$	171,167
Sheriff Firearms		24,284
E911 GIS Mapping Equipment		30,000
Court Services Unit CE Richardson Grant		2,663
Cleaning Service Machinery and Equipment		206
Visitor's Center Advertising		10,333
Cooperative Extension Vista Program Grant Match		4,779
Transfer to Capital Improvements Fund		3,457,563
Transfer to School Capital Improvements Fund		83,635
Transfer to Industrial Development Authority		3,454,645
Transfer to Internal Service Fund		65,174
Total Assigned	\$	7,304,449
Unassigned	\$	7,441,047
Total Fund Balance	\$	15,813,383

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 17- Fund Balance Classifications: (continued)

	Gov	Other Governmental Funds			
Restricted:					
School Construction	\$	161,949			
Committed:					
NRCC Entrance	\$	666,754			
Unassigned	\$	(33,892)			
Total Fund Balance	\$	794,811			

## Note 18- Upcoming Pronouncements:

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, and Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Statement No. 68 will require governments with defined benefit pension plans to disclose a "net pension liability" on their balance sheets. That liability equals the difference between the total pension liability and the value of assets set aside in a pension plan to pay benefits. The statement calls for immediate recognition of more pension expense than is currently required. This includes immediate recognition of annual service cost and interest on the pension liability, plus the effect of changes in benefit terms on the net pension liability. These standards will be effective for fiscal years ending June 30, 2014 (67) and June 30, 2015 (68). The County believes the implementation of Statement No. 68 will significantly impact the County and Component Unit School Board's net position; however no formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.



### County of Pulaski, Virginia General Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budget Amounts							Variance with
REVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual Amounts		Final Budget Pos (Neg)
General Property Taxes	\$	23,798,645	\$	24,636,053	¢.	24,638,943	\$	2,890
Other Local Taxes	*	6,838,400	000	6,943,868	Ψ.	6,839,403	Ψ	(104,465)
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses		137,000		137,000		137,443		443
Fines and Forfeitures		82,300		142,850		97,337		(45,513)
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		342,000		373,100		404,834		31,734
Charges for Services		527,070		614,006		480,908		(133,098)
Miscellaneous		13,800		106,160		113,473		7,313
Recovered Costs		1,492,645		1,803,595		781,962		(1,021,633)
Intergovernmental:		10 10 100				70.,000		(1,021,000)
Commonwealth		10,456,694		11,401,203		11,585,401		184,198
Federal Government		3,583,790		4,282,530		3,651,071		(631,459)
Total Revenues	\$	47,272,344	\$	50,440,365	\$	48,730,775	\$	(1,709,590)
EXPENDITURES: Current:				· -				
General Government Administration	\$	2,252,394	\$	2,554,838	\$	2,336,642	\$	218,196
Judicial Administration		1,755,893		1,832,506		1,763,092		69,414
Public Safety		7,813,707		9,145,937		8,332,136		813,801
Public Works		1,560,738		1,867,788		1,804,257		63,531
Health and Welfare		11,819,056		12,454,296		11,012,814		1,441,482
Education		13,052,415		13,880,609		13,280,823		599,786
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1,380,815		1,523,963		1,471,998		51,965
Community Development		2,082,593		7,728,739		3,105,571		4,623,168
Non-Departmental		**		B#4		62,946		(62,946)
Debt Service:								<b>V</b> /
Principal Retirement		1,734,908		1,603,345		2,042,293		(438,948)
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		1,063,795		1,199,524		1,114,718		84,806
Bond Issuance Costs		17		_		78,745		(78,745)
Total Expenditures	\$	44,516,314	\$	53,791,545	\$	46,406,035	\$	7,385,510
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	2,756,030	s	(3,351,180)	\$	2.324,740	\$	5,675,920
		2,100,000	Ψ	(0,001,100)	Ψ	2,024,140	Ψ	3,073,820
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In	\$	1,338,611	\$	1,338,611	\$	(10)	\$	(1,338,611)
Transfers Out		(3,924,450)		(10,415,874)		(5,907,115)		4,508,759
Issuance of refunding bonds		41		60,500		9,762,283		9,701,783
Debt service - principal		ė.		:=		(3,587,291)		(3,587,291)
Payments to refunding escrow agent		-				(6,009,543)		(6,009,543)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(2,585,839)	\$	(9,016,763)	\$	(5,741,666)	\$	3,275,097
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	170,191	s	(12,367,943)	\$	(3,416,926)	¢	8,951,017
Fund Balance - Beginning		(170,191)	*	12,342,703	Ψ	19,230,309	Ψ	6,887,606
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	(110,101)	\$	(25,240)	S	15,813,383	\$	15,838,623
est accessment constant accessment accessment accessment. Many accessment acc	-		_	(=0,210)	4	10,010,000	4	10,000,020

### County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Pension and OPEB Funding Progress For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	For the Fis	cal Year Ended	June 30, 2014		
ent: County Reti	rement Plan			7-9	
Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3)-(2)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
36,390,190 \$ 35,052,313 35,363,975	45,455,459	10,403,146	78.44% \$ 77.11%	9,653,732 9,274,552	103.62% 112.17%
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		0,402,000	60.09%	9,050,092	93.42%
n-Professional R	etirement Plan				
Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3)-(2)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
7,805,309 \$ 7,548,706	9,594,410	2,045,704	81.45% \$ 78.68%	2,427,811 2,357,449	73.24% 86.78%
7,607,630	9,114,867	1,507,237	83.46%	2,151,682	70.05%
ent: Post-Retiren	nent Medical Plan				
Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4) / (6)
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
\$ = - -	\$ 944,000 1,557,770 909,733	\$ 944,000 1,557,770 909,733	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$ 7,018,201 8,082,191 5,744,151	13.45% 19.27% 15.84%
st-Retirement Me	dical Plan				
Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4) / (6)
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		some productive and appropria		20	
\$ - - -	\$ 3,900,000 4,338,412 3,023,800	\$ 3,900,000 4,338,412 3,023,800	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$ 29,736,727 22,509,012 24,910,406	13.12% 19.27% 12.14%
-	4,338,412	4,338,412 3,023,800	0.00% 0.00%	22,509,012	19.27%
-	4,338,412 3,023,800	4,338,412 3,023,800	0.00% 0.00%	22,509,012	19.27% 12.14%
ent: Virginia Reti Actuarial Value of Assets	4,338,412 3,023,800 rement System - Hea Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	4,338,412 3,023,800 with Insurance Cred Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	0.00% 0.00% it Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	22,509,012 24,910,406 Covered Payroll	19.27% 12.14% UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4) / (6)
ent: Virginia Reti Actuarial Value of	4,338,412 3,023,800 rement System - Hea Actuarial Accrued	4,338,412 3,023,800 with Insurance Cred Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	0.00% 0.00% it Funded Ratio	22,509,012 24,910,406 Covered	19.27% 12.14% UAAL as a % of Covered
	Actuarial Value of Assets (2)  36,390,190 \$ 35,052,313 35,363,975 ad Component Unin-Professional R Actuarial Value of Assets (2)  7,805,309 \$ 7,548,706 7,607,630 ant: Post-Retirem Actuarial Value of Assets (2)  \$ actuarial Value of Assets (2)  \$ actuarial Value of Assets (2)	Actuarial   Actu	Actuarial Value of Assets Liability (AAL)  Actuarial Value of Assets Liability (AAL)  (2)  (3)  36,390,190 \$ 46,393,731 \$ 10,003,541 35,052,313 45,455,459 10,403,146 35,363,975 43,826,661 8,462,686 ad Component Unit:  In-Professional Retirement Plan  Actuarial Value of Assets Liability (AAL)  (2)  (3)  (4)  7,805,309 \$ 9,583,439 \$ 1,778,130 (4)  7,805,309 \$ 9,583,439 \$ 1,778,130 (4)  7,607,630 9,114,867 1,507,237  Pent: Post-Retirement Medical Plan  Actuarial Value of Accrued Liability (AAL)  (2)  (3)  (4)  1,507,237  Pent: Post-Retirement Medical Plan  Actuarial Value of Accrued Liability (AAL)  (3) - (2)  (3)  (4)  S = 944,000 \$ 944,000	### Actuarial Value of Assets   Liability (AAL)   Captured Assets   Liability (AAL)   Captured Assets   Captured Captured Assets   Captured Captured Assets   Captured Capture	Actuarial Value of Assets Liability (AAL) (3)-(2) (2)/(3) (6) (6) (7),805,309 \$ 9,583,439 \$ 1,778,130



### County of Pulaski, Virginia Nonmajor Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2014

		Special Rever	nue	Fund		Capital P	ojec	ts Funds		
	-	Tornado Relief Fund		Highway Maintenance Fund		School CIP Fund		County CIP Fund		Total
ASSETS				E00.004	•		•		\$	582,631
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$		\$	582,631	Ф	- 62 207	\$	1.5	Ф	53,307
nvestments		_		*		53,307 113,184		380,727		493,911
Due from Other Funds		400.000		04.400		113,104		300,727		218,055
Due from Other Governmental Units		133,932		84,123				1,100		1,100
Advances to Component Units Total Assets	\$	133,932	\$	666,754	\$	166,491	\$	381,827	\$	1,349,004
				<del></del>						
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities										
Accounts Payable	\$	5,628	2	_	\$	4,542	\$	381,827	S	391,997
Reconciled Overdraft	37	162,196	200		37	500 E.	37	0 (4)		162,198
Total Liabilities	\$		\$		\$	4,542	\$	381,827	\$	554,193
Fund Balances:										
Restricted:										
Construction	- 1	-	\$		\$	161,949	\$	£	\$	161,949
Committed:										
NRCC entrance		¥.		666,754		¥				666,754
Unassigned		(33,892)						-		(33,892
Total Fund Balances	\$	(33,892)		666,754	\$	161,949	\$		-\$	794,811
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	133,932	\$	666,754	\$	166,491	\$	381,827	\$	1,349,004

## County of Pulaski, Virginia Nonmajor Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Special R	ever	nue Funds		Capital Pr	oiec	ts Funds		
		Tornado Relief Fund		Highway Maintenance		School CIP Fund	0,000	County CIP Fund		Total
REVENUES										
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	0.7	\$	224	\$	97	\$	15	5	321
Miscellaneous		14,355				-				14,355
Recovered Costs		91,059		27		9				91,059
Intergovernmental:										3.5
Commonwealth		56		90.033				27,116		117,149
Federal Government		324.696		100 100 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000		+-		24.681		349,377
Total Revenues	\$	430,110	\$	90,257	\$	97	\$	51,797	\$	572,261
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
General Government Administration	\$	4	\$		\$	-	5	423,864	\$	423,864
Public Safety		8	-	2	3.00		*	2,612,436		2,612,436
Public Works		-		174,174		27		1,212,175		1,386,349
Health and Welfare		466,818		12(3)(3)(1)		47		43,532		510,350
Education				27				277,996		277,996
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		_				-		353,174		353,174
Community Development		591				30		244,874		244,874
Capital Projects		-		Ell.		10,860		244,014		10,860
Total Expenditures	\$	466,818	\$	174,174	\$	10,860	\$	5,168,051	\$	5,819,903
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)										
Expenditures	\$	(36,708)	\$	(83,917)	\$	(10,763)	\$	(5,116,254)	\$	(5,247,642)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers In	\$	Pt.	\$		\$	51,683	\$	5,075,635	\$	5,127,318
Net Change in Fund Balance	s	(36,708)	S	(83,917)	\$	40,920	s	(40,619)	s	(120,324)
Fund Balance - Beginning	575%	2,816	94.50	750,671	S180	121,029	1950	40,619	-96	915,135
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	(33,892)	\$	666,754	\$	161,949	\$		\$	794,811
I UIV Dalatice - Etality	2	(33,692)	ф	000,754	\$	761,949	\$	-	5	794,

### County of Pulaski, Virginia Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Tornado Rel	lef Fund				Highway Maint	enance Fund		_						
	_	Budget Amo	unts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	_	Budget Amo	unts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	_	Budget Amo	ounts	***	Variance with		
REVENUES		Original	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	Pos (Neg)		Original	Final	Amounts	Pos (Neg)		Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Pos (Neg)		
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	S	- \$	- \$	- \$		3	- 1	- S	224 \$	224	S	- \$	- \$	224 \$	224		
Miscellaneous	20		14,355	14,355					1804 61	-	100		14,355	14,355			
Recovered Costs Intergovernmental:		-		91,059	91,059			-	8.7	- 1		Ã.		91,059	91,059		
Commonwealth			AT 18 AND ADD AND A	25.47.420.420.42					90,033	90,033		9.0	N. F.	90,033	90,033		
Federal Government	-	19 <del>4</del> 5	503,767	324,696	(179,071)			9	or sounds	-		. 2	503,767	324,696	(179,071)		
Total Revenues	\$	- \$	518,122 \$	430,110 \$	(88,012)	\$	- \$	- \$	90,257 \$	90,257	\$	- \$	518,122 \$	520,367 \$	2,245		
EXPENDITURES: Current: Public Works		- \$	- \$	- \$		s	- s	752,184 \$	174,174 \$	578,010		. \$	752,184 \$	174,174 \$	578,010		
Health and Welfare			482,722	466,618	15,904	-	_ *	.02,101 0	33.43.4	570,010	*		482,722	466,818	15,904		
	\$	- \$	482,722 \$	466,818 \$	15,904	\$	- \$	752,184 \$	174,174 \$_	578,010	\$	- \$	1,234,906 \$	640,992 \$	593,914		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	- \$	35,400 \$	(36,708) \$	(72,108)	\$	- \$	(752,184) \$	(83,917) \$	668,267	\$	- <b>s</b>	(716,784) \$	(120,625) \$	596,159		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out	\$	- \$	(35,400) \$	- \$	35,400	\$	- \$	- \$	÷ \$		\$	- \$	(35,400) \$	- \$	35,400		
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning	\$	- \$	- \$	(36,708) \$ 2,816	(36,708) 2.816	\$	- \$	(752,184) \$ 752,184	(83,917) \$ 750,671	668,267 (1,513)	\$	- \$	(752,184) \$ 752,184	(120,625) \$ 753,487	631,559 1,303		
Fund Balance - Ending	S	- \$	- S	(33,892) \$	(33,892)	\$	- \$	- S	666,754 \$	666,754	8	- 5	- \$	632,862 \$	632,862		

## County of Pulaski, Virginia Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund-School Construction Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	_	Budget	Amou	unts				Variance with		
REVENUES		Original		<u>Final</u>		Actual Amounts		Final Budget Pos (Neg)		
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	_	\$		\$	97	S	97		
Total Revenues	\$	-	\$		\$	97	\$	97		
EXPENDITURES										
Capital Projects	\$	-	S	130,805	\$	10.860	\$	119,945		
Total Expenditures	\$		\$	130,805		10,860	\$	119,945		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	¥	\$	(130,805)	\$	(10,763)	\$	120,042		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						(1-11-07)		120,012		
Transfers In	\$	-	\$	130.805	\$	51,683	\$	(79,122)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$		\$	130,805		51,683	\$	(79,122)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	40,920	\$	40,920		
Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	2	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	Ø.	121,029	œ.	121,029		
rana balance - Enemy	Ф	-	Ψ	-	\$	161,949	\$	161,949		

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund-County CIP Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budget Ar	no	unts		521.00	700° 1771 - 20				
REVENUES		Original		<u>Final</u>		Actual Amounts		Final Budget Pos (Neg)			
Intergovernmental:											
Commonwealth	\$	- \$		873,715	¢	27,116	œ	(846,599)			
Federal Government	4			900,000	Ψ	24.681	Ψ				
Total Revenues	\$		\$	1,773,715	\$	51,797	\$	(875,319) (1,721,918)			
EXPENDITURES:											
Current:											
General Government Administration	\$	230,000	S	1,386,911	S	423.864	\$	963,047			
Public Safety		1,517,763	*	4,172,523		2,612,436	Ψ	1,560,087			
Public Works		7,011,100		2,224,276		1,212,175		1,012,101			
Health and Welfare		7.5		925,000		43.532		881.468			
Education		282.000		282,000		277,996		4.004			
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		58.000		704.356		353,174		351,182			
Community Development		130,000		400.543		244.874		155,669			
Total Expenditures	\$		\$	10,095,609	\$	5,168,051	\$	4,927,558			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)											
Expenditures	\$	(2,217,763)	\$	(8,321,894)	\$	(5,116,254)	\$	3,205,640			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers In	\$	2,217,763	\$	8,321,894	\$	5,075,635	\$	(3,246,259)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	_ {	S	-	\$	(40,619)	\$	(40,619)			
Fund Balance - Beginning	. <del></del>		-	-	-	40,619	Ψ	40,619			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	- 3	6		\$	40,010	\$	40,019			

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2014

	 	Αç	ency Funds			
ASSETS	Special Welfare		Performance <u>Bond</u>	Employee Flexible Benefits		<u>Total</u>
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 20,361	\$	115,665	\$ 80,666	\$	216,692
Total Assets	\$ 20,361	\$	115,665	\$ 80,666	\$	216,692
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Amounts Held for Others:						
Social Services Clients	\$ 20,361	\$	=	\$ -	\$	20,361
Contractors			115,665	-	i i	115,665
County Employees	-		151	80,666		80,666
Total amounts held for others	\$ 20,361	\$	115,665	\$ 80,666	\$	216,692
Total Liabilities	\$ 20,361	\$	115,665	\$ 80,666	\$	216,692

## County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

ASSETS Current Assets:	5	Balance July 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2014
Cash and Cash Equivalents:					
Special Welfare Fund	\$	28,482	\$ 46,800	\$ 54,921	\$ 20,361
Performance Bond Fund		98,776	21,889	5,000	115,665
Employee Flexible Benefits Fund	45	81,105	47,629	48,068	80,666
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	208,363	\$ 116,318	\$ 107,989	\$ 216,692
Total Assets	\$	208,363	\$ 116,318	\$ 107,989	\$ 216,692
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Amounts Held for Others:					
Special Welfare Fund	\$	28,482	\$ 46,800	\$ 54,921	\$ 20,361
Performance Bond Fund		98,776	21,889	5,000	115,665
Employee Flexible Benefits Fund		81,105	47,629	48,068	80,666
Total amounts held for others	\$	208,363	\$ 116,318	\$ 107,989	\$ 216,692
Total Liabilities	\$	208,363	\$ 116,318	\$ 107,989	\$ 216,692

### DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT- SCHOOL BOARD

### **MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND**

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - The School Operating Fund accounts for the operations of the County's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the General Fund of the County. The Cafeteria and Governor's School Funds have been merged for reporting purposes.

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Balance Sheet June 30, 2014

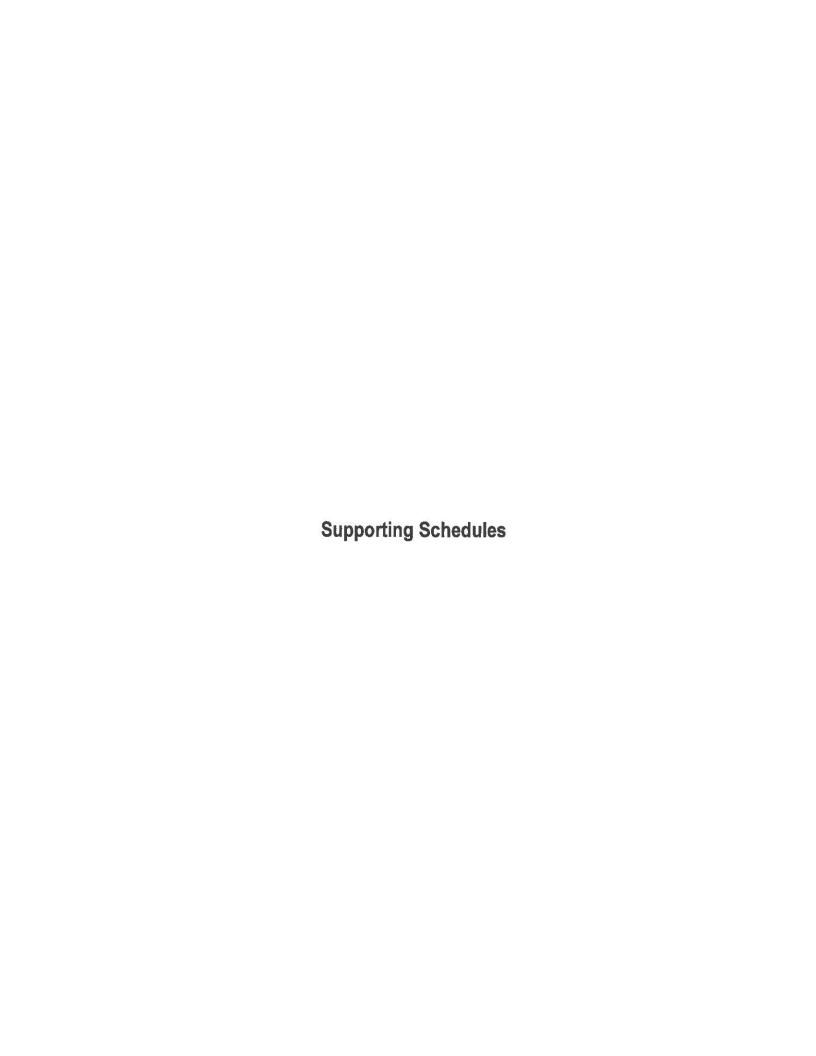
ASSETS				School Operating Fund
Cash and Cash Equivalents			\$	1,416,050
Prepaid items			Ψ	109,651
Due from Primary Government				2,258,138
Due from Other Governmental Units				1,314,301
Total Assets			\$	5,098,140
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities				
Accounts Payable			\$	444,388
Accrued Wages				3,677,992
Total Liabilities			\$	4,122,380
Fund Balances Committed			2	
Total Fund Balances			\$	975,760
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances			\$	975,760
Total Clabilities and Fund Balances			\$	5,098,140
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:				
Total fund balances - per above			\$	975,760
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Land	\$	528,360		
Building and System	Ψ	3,681,825		
Machinery and Equipment				
Construction in Progress		2,346,809		
		101,285	-00	6,658,279
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences and net OPEB obligation are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
	\$	(1,710,695)		
Net OPEB Obligation		(903,600)		(2,614,295)
Net position of governmental activities - component unit school board			\$	5,019,744

## County of Pulaski, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Op	School erating Fund
REVENUES				
Revenue from Use of Money and Property			\$	14,989
Charges for Services				996,353
Miscellaneous				60,330
Recovered Costs				1,191,120
Intergovernmental:				
Local Government				13,265,054
Commonwealth				26,364,625
Federal Government				4,359,361
Total Revenues			\$	46,251,832
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Education			\$	46,240,314
Total Expenditures			\$ \$	46,240,314
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures			\$	11,518
Net Change in Fund Balance			\$	11.518
Fund Balance - Beginning				964,242
Fund Balance - Ending		3	\$	975,760
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:				
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds - per above			\$	11,518
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.				
Capital Outlay	\$	611,897		
Depreciation		(836,611)		(224,714)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales and donations) is to decrease net position.				(4.004)
(i.e., sales and donations) is to decrease het position.				(4,824)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditure in governmental funds.				
(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences	\$	(142,146)		
(Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation	3.5	(100,400)		(242,546)
Change in net position of governmental funds - component unit school board	ŶS.		<u>.</u> –	(400 500)
on any on the position of governmental futures - component that school board			\$ _	(460,566)

# County of Pulaski, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budget	Amo	unts		25 87 862		Variance with		
REVENUES		Original		<u>Final</u>		Actual Amounts		Final Budget Pos (Neg)		
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	8	44.000	•	44.000	•	44.000		272.22		
Charges for Services	2	11,900	Ф	11,900	\$	14,989	\$	3,089		
Miscellaneous		1,213,786		1,213,786		996,353		(217,433)		
Recovered Costs		114,500		137,450		60,330		(77,120)		
		1,148,738		1,180,223		1,191,120		10,897		
Intergovernmental:		10.000.010				1002-1202-1200				
Local Government		13,036,646		13,864,840		13,265,054		(599,786)		
Commonwealth		26,096,223		26,190,984		26,364,625		173,641		
Federal Government		5,017,126		5,312,150		4,359,361		(952,789)		
Total Revenues	\$	46,638,919	\$	47,911,333	\$	46,251,832	\$	(1,659,501)		
EXPENDITURES: Current:										
Education	\$	45,811,781	\$	47,084,195	\$	46,240,314	\$	843,881		
Total Expenditures	\$	45,811,781	\$	47,084,195	\$	46,240,314	\$	843,881		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	827,138	œ.	827,138	¢	14 540	œ	(945 630)		
Experiences		027,130	φ	021,130	Ď.	11,518	Ф	(815,620)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	827,138	\$	827,138	\$	11,518	\$	(815,620)		
Fund Balance - Beginning		(827,138)		(827,138)		964,242		1,791,380		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$		\$	975,760	\$	975,760		



Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government:								
General Fund:								
Revenue from Local Sources:								
General Property Taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	15,695,092	\$	15,701,092	\$	15,550,978	\$	(150,114)
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		770,278		684,017		788,267		104,250
Personal property taxes		4,186,075		4,738,744		4,724,038		(14,706)
Mobile home taxes		-		-		42,071		42,071
Machinery and tools taxes		2,815,000		2,963,000		2,962,286		(714)
Merchant's capital taxes		470.000		27,000		24,146		(2,854)
Penalties		170,000		213,000		222,501		9,501
Interest Collection fees		150,000 12,200		237,000 72,200		244,297 80,359		7,297 8,159
Total General Property Taxes	\$	23,798,645	5	24,636,053	\$	24,638,943	\$	2,890
Total Selicial Property Taxes	Ψ	20,130,040	Ψ	24,030,033	Ψ	24,000,040	Ψ	2,000
Other Local Taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	S	3,100,000	\$	3,100,000	\$	3,040,534	\$	(59,466)
Consumers' utility taxes		662,000		662,000	•	646,052		(15,948)
Business licenses		540,000		607,500		607,730		230
Consumption taxes		98,400		114,768		118,291		3,523
Motor vehicle licenses		560,000		560,000		552,287		(7,713)
Bank stock taxes		35,000		35,000		29,473		(5,527)
Taxes on recordation and wills		170,000		191,600		192,751		1,151
Hotel and motel room taxes		373,000		373,000		352,562		(20,438)
Restaurant food taxes		1,300,000		1,300,000		1,299,723		(277)
Total Other Local Taxes	\$	6,838,400	\$	6,943,868	\$	6,839,403	\$	(104,465)
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses:		AW 666		aw 000	2	00.400		44.000
Animal licenses	\$	27,000	\$	27,000	\$	22,198	5	(4,802)
Land use application fees		500		500		259		(241)
Transfer fees		1,000		1,000		1,046		46
Zoning and subdivision permits		7,500 1,000		7,500 1,000		6,250 850		(1,250)
Erosion and sediment control permits  Building permits		100,000		100,000		106,840		(150) 6,840
Total Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses	\$	137,000	\$	137,000	\$	137,443	\$	443
Total Totalito, Titalogo Total Tragalatory Electrons	-9	107,000		101,000	-	107,110	Ψ.	1.0
Fines and Forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	79,300	\$	139,850	\$	91,829	\$	(48,021)
Interest on local fines		3,000		3,000		5,508		2,508
Total Fines and Forfeitures	\$	82,300	\$	142,850	\$	97,337	\$	(45,513)
Revenue from Use of Money and Property:			1.00					
Revenue from use of money	\$	320,000	\$	348,000	\$	379,153	\$	31,153
Revenue from use of property	-	22,000		25,100	_	25,681	-	581
Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	342,000	\$	373,100	\$_	404,834	\$	31,734
Charman for Carriages								
Charges for Services:	\$	8,000	S	8,000	S	7,454	•	(E40)
Charges for clerk coples Charges for courthouse maintenance	Ф	1537	Φ	20,500	Ф	17,086	D.	(546)
Charges for courthouse maintenance  Charges for courthouse security		20,500 83,000		83,000		74,334		(3,414) (8,666)
Fees of Sheriff		2,500		3,416		3,087		(329)
Share of seized property		2,000		23,673		22,000		(1,673)
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		3,000		5,800		5,718		(82)
Miscellaneous jall and inmate fees		5,200		5,839		6,518		679
Concealed handgun permits		6,000		11,400		11,200		(200)
Sale of maps and publications		300		1,300		1,023		(277)
Town tax book preparation		470		470		470		V/
Charges for parks and recreation		323,500		375,300		301,905		(73,395)
Charges for animal pound		9,000		9,000		7,445		(1,555)
Charges for landfill		40,600		40,600		-		(40,600)
Charges for library	-	25,000		25,708		22,668		(3,040)
Total Charges for Services	\$	527,070	\$	614,006	\$	480,908	\$	(133,098)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)								
General Fund: (continued)								
Revenue from Local Sources: (continued)								
Miscellaneous:								
Miscellaneous	\$	13,800	\$	106,160	\$	113,473	\$	7,313
Recovered Costs:								
Administrative fees	\$	85,000	4	92,903	æ	100,266	•	7,363
	Ф	180,201	Ф		Φ	185,854	Ф	
Airport recoveries Juror costs		6,500		194,201 16,260		15,150		(8,347) (1,110)
		12,250		12,250		15,150		(12,250)
Circuit court secretary CSA recoveries		1.049.503		1,049,503		138,475		(911,028)
		1,048,505						
Insurance recoveries				104,259		110,414		6,155
Parks and recreation		***		91,507		93,621		2,114
Public safety recoveries		151,416		158,416		79,970		(78,446)
Health department recoveries		7,775		7,775		William Control of		(7,775)
Other recoveries				76,521		58,212		(18,309)
Total Recovered Costs	\$	1,492,645	\$	1,803,595	\$	781,962	\$	(1,021,633)
Total Revenue from Local Sources	\$	33,231,860	\$	34,756,632	\$	33,494,303	\$	(1,262,329)
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Noncategorical Ald:								
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$	45,324	S	49,424	\$	48,654	\$	(770)
Mobile home titling tax	Ψ	40,000	4	59,500	Ψ	16,053	Ψ	(43,447)
Motor vehicle rental tax		1,200		2,900		3,602		702
Grantor's tax								
		100,000		125,700		133,419		7,719
Telecommunication taxes		862,000		862,000		828,630		(33,370)
Personal property tax relief funds	-	1,594,000	-	1,594,000	•	1,594,530		530
Total Noncategorical Aid	\$	2,642,524	\$	2,693,524	\$	2,624,888	\$_	(68,636)
Categorical Aid:								
Shared Expenses:								
Commonwealth's Attorney	\$	614,315	\$	614,315	S	614,602	S	287
Sheriff	-	1,717,077	-	1,717,077		1,746,707		29,630
Commissioner of the Revenue		130,054		130,054		130,386		332
Treasurer		107,506		107,506		107,102		(404)
Registrar/Electoral Board		57,685		57,685		41,322		(16,363)
Clerk of the Circuit Court		342,152				367,896		(28,511)
Total Shared Expenses	\$	2,968,789	\$	396,407 3,023,044	\$	3,008,015	\$	(15,029)
Total Shared Expenses	Φ.	2,900,709	Ψ	3,023,044	Φ	3,000,010	φ	(10,029)
Other Categorical Aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	370,826	\$	970,826	\$	2,112,660	\$	1,141,834
Comprehensive Services Act (CSA)		3,126,029		3,126,029		2,451,785		(674,244)
Victim's assistance grant		120,405		126,497		61,407		(65,090)
Litter control grant		12,000		12,834		12,834		+
DMV animal friendly plates		12		17		690		690
Library grant		119,126		122,803		122,803		-
Pretrial services grant		795,416		813,423		812,212		(1,211)
Commission on the arts		5,000		5,000		+		(5,000)
Fire programs		60,000		60,000				(60,000)
Virginia Juvenile Commission Crime Control		28,608		28,608		21,321		(7,287)
Domestic violence DCJS grant		40,000		40,000		40,000		, , , ,
Public safety answer grant		40,000		40,000		172,682		132,682
DEQ grant		500		500		356		(144)
VDEM Derecho Reimbursement		000		31,043		31,042		(1)
DCJS Equipment Communication Grant		100		30,997		30,997		(1)
						18.549		IC AEAS
2012 SHSP Citizens Corporation Grant				25,000				(6,451)
DCJS School Resource Officer		407.451		120,004		63,160		(56,844)
Other categorical aid		127,471	#	131,071	Φ.	E 050 400	6	(131,071)
Total Other Categorical Ald	\$	4,845,381	\$	5,684,635	\$	5,952,498	\$	267,863
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	10,456,694	\$	11,401,203	\$	11,585,401	\$	184,198
. The contract of the second o	4	,,	-	,	-4	,500,.51	-	10.11.00

			_		_	
	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	-	Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
\$	18,000	\$ 18,000	\$	27,028	\$	9,028
\$	3 548 886	\$ 3548.886	¢	3 152 301	Œ	(396,585)
•	0,040,000	-,,	Ψ		Ψ	(309,080)
	16.904					And the second control of the second
	10,004	50				(1) 8,209
	9	12,000		50		61,406
	- 0	6 700				\$1000 BB \$1000 BB
						6
	-					(4.033)
	(*)			60,342		(1,977)
•	0.666.700	The second secon	6		-	(2,465)
9	3,565,790	4,264,530	\$	3,624,043	\$	(640,487)
\$	3,583,790	4,282,530	\$	3,651,071	\$	(631,459)
\$	47,272,344	50,440,365	\$	48,730,775	\$	(1,709,590)
\$	- 3	14,355	\$	14,355	\$	
ď						
\$		-	\$	91,059	\$	91,059
\$	- (	14,355	\$	105,414	\$	91,059
\$	- 5	503,767	\$	324,696	\$	(179,071)
\$	- 5	503 767	\$	324 696	2	(179,071)
e						
φ	- 3	518,122	4	430,110	\$	(88,012)
\$	- 9		\$	224	8	224
				And T	·	SALT
22						
\$	- 9		\$	90,033	\$	90,033
\$	_ 0	_	9	Q0 257	•	90,257
				acceptant towards		W Profession
\$	- \$	518,122	\$	520,367	\$	2,245
	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 18,000 \$ 3,548,886 16,904 \$ 3,583,790 \$ 47,272,344 \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$	\$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 \$ 3,548,886 \$ 3,548,886	\$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 \$  \$ 3,548,886 \$ 3,548,886 \$ 577,532   16,904 \$ 39,968   12,035   6,700   14,625   62,319   2,465   \$ 3,565,790 \$ 4,264,530 \$ \$  \$ 3,583,790 \$ 4,282,530 \$ \$  \$ 47,272,344 \$ 50,440,365 \$ \$  \$ - \$ 14,355 \$ \$  \$ - \$ 503,767 \$ \$  \$ - \$ 503,767 \$ \$  \$ - \$ 518,122 \$  \$ - \$ - \$	\$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 \$ 27,028  \$ 3,548,886 \$ 3,548,886 \$ 3,152,301	\$ 18,000 \$ 18,000 \$ 27,028 \$ \$ 3,548,886 \$ 3,548,886 \$ 3,152,301 \$ \$ 7577,532 268,452 16,904 39,968 39,967 12,035 20,244 6,6700 6,706 6,706 6,706 6,706 6,706 6,2319 60,342 2,465 2,465 2,465 3,583,790 \$ 4,282,530 \$ 3,651,071 \$ \$ 47,272,344 \$ 50,440,365 \$ 48,730,775 \$ \$ - \$ 14,355 \$ 105,414 \$ \$ - \$ 503,767 \$ 324,696 \$ \$ - \$ 503,767 \$ 324,696 \$ \$ - \$ 503,767 \$ 324,696 \$ \$ - \$ 518,122 \$ 430,110 \$ \$ - \$ 518,122 \$ 430,110 \$

10 Rest-1 (20)			-	_	* **		
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
			1000000		Hotour		1 03 (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)							
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds: School Construction Fund:							
Revenue from Local Sources:							
Revenue from Use of Money and Property:							
Revenue from use of money	•						
restrict north abe of money	\$	- \$		\$	97	\$	97
Total School Construction Fund	\$	- \$		\$	97	\$	97
County CIP Fund:							
Intergovernmental:							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Other Categorical Aid:							
E-911 wireless grant	\$	- \$	150,000	\$	-	\$	(150,000)
VDOT grants		į.	723,715	- 10	27,116	0.50	(696,599)
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	- \$	873,715	\$	27,116	\$	(846,599)
B					-		
Revenue from the Federal Government: Categorical Aid:							
Other categorical aid	Ø.			_	202 20 17		
Other Categorical aid	<u> </u>	- \$	900,000	\$	24,681	\$	(875,319)
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	\$	- \$	900,000	\$	24,681	\$	(875,319)
Total County CIP Fund	\$	- \$	1,773,715	\$	51,797	\$	(1,721,918)
73.10				88			
Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	\$	- \$	1,773,715	\$	51,894	\$	(1,721,821)
Total Primary Government	\$	47,272,344 \$	52,732,202	\$	49,303,036	\$	(3,429,166)
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board:							
School Operating Fund:							
Revenue from Local Sources:							
Revenue from Use of Money and Property:							
Revenue from use of money	\$	9,500 \$	9,500	\$	10,109	\$	609
Revenue from use of property		2,400	2,400		4,880		2,480
Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	11,900 \$	11,900	\$	14,989	\$	3,089
Charges for Services:							
Charges for education	\$	144,500 \$	144 500	•	400,000		(44 107)
Cafeteria sales	Φ		144,500	Ф	133,063	\$	(11,437)
Total Charges for Services	\$	1,069,286 1,213,786 \$	1,069,286	0	863,290	<u></u>	(205,996)
Total Oldiges to Services	Φ	1,213,100 \$	1,213,786	\$	996,353	\$	(217,433)
Miscellaneous:							
Miscellaneous	\$	114,500 \$	137,450	\$	60,330	\$	(77,120)
Recovered Costs:							
Medicaid reimbursements		00.000					
	\$	60,000 \$	60,000	\$	97,550	\$	37,550
Insurance recoveries Joint services reimbursements		040 500	040 70-		626		626
Salary reimbursements		212,532	212,532		242,154		29,622
School activity reimbursements		405.000	405.000		92,928		92,928
Title I Indirect costs		125,000	125,000		16,865		(108,135)
Governor's school reimbursements		70,000	70,000		22,101		(47,899)
Other recoveries		481,206	481,206		386,614		(94,592)
Total Recovered Costs	4	200,000	231,485		332,282		100,797
TOTAL MECOVERED COSTS	\$	1,148,738 \$	1,180,223	\$	1,191,120	\$	10,897
Total Revenue from Local Sources	\$	2,488,924 \$	2,543,359	\$	2,262,792	•	(280,567)
	4	-1 10010E-7 W	2,070,000	Ψ	2,202,102	Ψ	(£00,007)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board: (continued)							
School Operating Fund: (continued)							
Intergovernmental:							
Revenue from Local Governments:							
Contribution from County of Pulaski, Virginia-General Fund	\$	13,036,646	\$ 13,864,840	\$	13,265,054	\$	(599,786)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical Aid:							
At risk four-year olds	S	362.686	\$ 362,686	Q.	358,391	¢	(4,295)
At risk payments	•	532,514	 532,514	Ψ	535.840	Φ	3.326
Adult Education		6,164	6,164		333,640		
Basic school aid		12,447,343	12,447,343		12,640,309		(6,164)
Career technology education		42,300	42,300				192,966
Early reading intervention		73.754	73.754		5,412		(36,888)
English as a second language		920000000000000000000000000000000000000			91,108		17,354
Gifted and talented		12,843	12,843		12,014		(829)
GLI instructional		137,294	137,294		138,132		838
Governor's School		53,724	53,724		54,052		328
Homebound education		345,932	345,932		350,765		4,833
ISAEP		49,211	49,211		55,436		6,225
		15,717	15,717		17,418		1,701
Mentor teaching program			-		2,272		2,272
Special education jail		10,369	10,369		0.50		(10,369)
National board certified teacher bonus					2,500		2,500
Preschool social services			-		2,855		2,855
Primary class size		603,821	603,821		616,198		12,377
Project graduation					20,689		20,689
Remedial education		510,376	510,376		513,491		3,115
Remedial summer education		109,437	109,437		101,550		(7,887)
Retirement		1,692,922	1,692,922		1,701,466		8,544
School food		48,789	48,789		43,707		(5,082)
Share of state sales tax		4,671,790	4.671.790		4,508,217		(163,573)
Social security		838,687	838,687		843,806		5,119
Special education		2,032,548	2,032,548		2,044,954		12,406
Special education - foster care		23,251	23,251		2,011,001		
Standards of learning algebra readiness		73,236	73,236		73.339		(23,251)
Textbook payment		267,813	267,813				103
Vocational education-equipment		207,010	201,013		269,448 11,376		1,635
Vocational occupational preparedness							11,376
Vocational standards of quality payments		420,836	400.000		32,697		32,697
VPSA technology grant		284.000	420,836		423,405		2,569
Readiness and emergency management			284,000		258,000		(26,000)
VTSF Virginia tobacco settlement		50,968	50,967		32,821		(18,146)
Expansion grant feasibility study		59,100	59,045		63,093		4,048
VA workplans modified a skills		T.	-		100,000		100,000
VA workplace readiness skills		7	( a)		3,935		3,935
Race to GED grant		7	45,492		43,282		(2,210)
Plugged in VA grant		9	49,325		51,674		2,349
Math and science teacher recruitment		430000	120		15,000		15,000
Compensation supplement		318,798	318,798		323,273		4,475
Other categorical aid					2,700		2,700
Total Categorical Aid	\$	26,096,223	\$ 26,190,984	\$	26,364,625	\$	173,641
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	26,096,223	\$ 26,190,984	\$	26,364,625	\$	173,641

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board: (continued) School Operating Fund: (continued)							
Intergovernmental: (continued)							
Revenue from the Federal Government:							
Categorical Aid:							
Forest reserve funds	\$	-	\$		\$ 20,494	S.	20,494
Advanced placement grant	16.50	0+0		+3	630	Ψ	630
Gear up access Virginia				99,276	99.276		000
Title i		1,449,119		1,404,325	1,040,798		(363,527)
Title VI-B, special education		1,404,769		1,285,533	903,871		(381,662)
Title VI-B, pre-school - ARRA		31,761		31,761	36,056		4,295
Vocational education		89,770		83,063	77,768		(5,295)
Title III, LEP		1,840		2,003	*		(2,003)
Title II, Part A-Teacher quality grant		358,308		359,630	230,937		(128,693)
Response to intervention Title IV, Part 21		60,747		60,747	60,747		35
School food		272,462		637,462	380,342		(257,120)
School food-Summer program		1,348,350		1,348,350	1,420,807		72,457
Nutrition grant		7		-	65,731		65,731
Emergency management performance grant		-		•	5,000		5,000
Total Categorical Aid	•	5,017,126	S	E 040 450	16,904		16,904
Total Outogorious Aid	Φ	5,017,126	Đ.	5,312,150	\$ 4,359,361	\$	(952,789)
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	\$	5,017,126	\$	5,312,150	\$ 4,359,361	\$	(952,789)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board	\$	46,638,919	\$	47,911,333	\$ 46,251,832	\$	(1,659,501)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government:								
General Fund:								
General Government Administration:								
Legislative:		Process are not recognize	20405					
Board of Supervisors	\$	146,573	\$	216,490	\$	215,406	\$	1,084
General and Financial Administration:								
County Administrator	\$	257,207	\$	399,460	\$	310,108	\$	89,352
Assistant County Administrator		186,460		210,801	3000	201,149	1800	9,652
County Attorney		30,600		36,830		37,753		(923)
Operations		96,976		107,612		104,803		2,809
Independent Auditor		70,050		70,050		65,812		4,238
Commissioner of the Revenue		432,441		480,753		418,061		62,692
Treasurer		496,831		502,121		478,190		23,931
Management Services		122,950		131,226		123,693		7,533
Director of Finance		149,529		149,752		147,692		2,060
Other General and Financial Administration		104,866	-	91,832		81,573		10,259
Total General and Financial Administration	\$	1,947,910	\$	2,180,437	\$	1,968,834	\$	211,603
Board of Elections:								
Electoral Board	\$	59,306	\$	59,306	·	57,299	œ	2,007
Registrar		98,605	96.	98,605	·Ψ	95,103	Ψ	3,502
Total Board of Elections	\$	157,911	\$	157,911	\$	152,402	\$	5,509
	17200			107,011		102,102		0,000
Total General Government Administration	\$	2,252,394	\$	2,554,838	\$	2,336,642	\$	218,196
Judicial Administration: Courts:								
Circuit Court	\$	64,966	\$	73,266	S	67,390	S	5.876
General District Court		2,810		5,476	56	4,135	- 50	1,341
Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court		3,585		5,704		4,770		934
Clerk of the Circuit Court		576,609		605,916		581,200		24,716
Law Library		12,100		12,100		6,041		6,059
Victim's Witness Assistance		144,212		150,304		144,035		6,269
Domestic Relations Legal Services		40,000		40,000		40,000		-
Womens Resource Victims Assistance	120949	22,000		22,000		22,000		-
Total Courts	\$	866,282	\$	914,766	\$	869,571	\$	45,195
Commence the last the commence of the commence								
Commonwealth's Attorney: Commonwealth's Attorney	S	000.044	•	047.740	er.	000 504	m	0.1.040
Commonwealtrs Attorney	- 4	889,611	\$	917,740	\$	893,521	\$	24,219
Total Judicial Administration	\$	1,755,893	\$	1,832,506	\$	1,763,092	\$	69,414
Public Safety								
Law Enforcement and Traffic Control:								
Sheriff	\$	3,708,554	\$	4,032,993	\$	3,858,384	\$	174,609
2 no 0 1		**********		************	-		and a	
Fire and Rescue Services:	<u>st</u>		. 2					
E-911	\$	125,445	\$	568,575	\$	188,910	\$	379,665
Wireless E-911		78,355		78,355		26,189		52,166
Forest Fire Protection		7,793		9,213		9,212		1
Volunteer Fire Departments		261,550		310,418		247,540		62,878
Western Virginia EMS		7,352		7,352		7,352		-
Contribution to REMSI  Total Fire and Rescue Services	\$	106,891 587,386	\$	1,080,804	\$	106,891 586,094	\$	494,710
	_ *	237,000	-	Toologa	-	550,054	*	-107 <sub>1</sub> 110
Correction and Detention:	020		-		027			
Regional Jail Payments	\$	1,926,292	\$	2,142,093	\$	2,142,300	\$	(207)
Court Services		5,300		11,391		4,461		6,930
Pretrial Services Grant		298,057		378,526		342,338		36,188
NRV Juvenile Detention Home		143,270		143,270		143,270		week and the second
Community Corrections		519,359		508,022		495,150		12,872
Total Correction and Detention	\$	2,892,278	\$	3,183,302	\$	3,127,519	\$	55,783

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued) General Fund: (continued) Public Safety (continued)								
Inspections: Building Inspections	\$	179,006	œ	180,006	\$	470.000	e.	337
Code Enforcement	J	69,883	Φ	69,883	Φ	179,669 68,476	Ф	1,407
Total Inspections	\$	248,889	\$	249,889	\$	248,145	\$	1,744
Other Protection:								
Animal Control	\$	259,299	\$	317,949	\$	316,206	\$	1,743
Medical Examiner	5	1,000	85	1,000	800	680	988	320
Emergency Management		109,319		144,751		124,235		20,516
Emergency Services Grants	_	6,982		135,249		70,873		64,376
Total Other Protection	\$	376,600	\$	598,949	\$	511,994	\$	86,955
Total Public Safety	\$	7,813,707	\$	9,145,937	\$	8,332,136	\$	813,801
Public Works:								
Sanitation and Waste Removal:								
General Engineering	\$	141,268	\$	141,268	\$	122,431	\$	18,837
Landfill		79,900		114,900		95,665		19,235
Clean Community Council Total Sanitation and Waste Removal	\$	29,863	Φ.	30,697		24,924	_	5,773
Total Samiation and waste Removal	2	251,031	\$	286,865	\$	243,020	\$	43,845
Maintenance of General Building and Grounds:								
General Properties	\$	817,923	\$	1,009,594	\$	997,602	\$	11,992
Cleaning Services		170,926		177,271		173,411		3,860
NRV Airport Salaries and Benefits Reimbursement		263,945		277,945		185,853		92,092
NRV Airport Maintenance Contribution		-		**		91,945		(91,945)
Natural disaster cleanup Property cleanup		31,913		91,113		83,593		7,520
Total Maintenance of General Buildings and Grounds	\$	25,000 1,309,707	\$	25,000 1,580,923	\$	28,833 1,561,237	\$	(3,833) 19,686
		1,000,101	Ψ	1,000,020	Ψ_	1,001,201	Ψ	19,000
Total Public Works	\$	1,560,738	\$	1,867,788	\$	1,804,257	\$	63,531
Health and Welfare: Health:								
Supplement of Local Health Department	\$	309,054	\$	314,818	\$	314,818	\$	- 5
		-						
Mental health and mental Retardation:	ds	07 050		000 000			_	
Community Services Board	\$	87,853	\$	87,853	\$	87,853	\$	
Welfare:								
Public Assistance	\$	2,364,610	\$	2,964,610	\$	2,680,104	\$	284,506
Welfare Administration		69,554		69,554		25,340	-	44,214
Comprehensive Services Act-Administration		4,022,133		4,022,133		3,432,631		589,502
Comprehensive Services Act		4,471,240		4,471,240		3,946,434		524,806
Area Agency on Aging		15,758		15,758		15,758		(#
Office on Youth Pulaski Area Transit		106,802		129,253		132,011		(2,758)
New River Community Action		62,000 51,700		62,000 51,700		62,000		1
NRV Disability Services		10,280		10,280		51,700 10,280		
Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime		66,648		72,348		72,255		93
Fairview District Home		85,688		86,013		86,011		2
Brain Injury Services of SWVa		2,500		2,500		2,500		
RSVP Program		12,886		12,886		12,886		-
Big Brothers/Sisters Mentoring Program		35,000		35,000		35,000		-
Beans and Rice		7,000		7,000		7,000		-
NRV Cares		4,600		4,600		4,600		14

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual		Variance with Final Budget-
Primary Government: (continued) General Fund: (continued) Health and Welfare: (continued)								
Welfare: (continued) Free Clinic of Pulaski County	\$	27.000	\$	27,000	\$	27,000	\$	
Commission on Children and Families		1,250		1,250		133		1,117
Contributions to Other Local Organizations Total Welfare	\$	5,500 11,422,149	\$	6,500 12,051,625	\$	6,500 10,610,143	\$	1,441,482
Total Wellate	Ψ	11,422,143	Ψ	12,051,025	φ	10,010,143	Φ	1,441,402
Total Health and Welfare	\$	11,819,056	\$	12,454,296	\$	11,012,814	\$	1,441,482
Education:								
Other Instructional Costs:								
Contribution to New River Community College	\$	15,769	\$	15,769	\$	15,769	\$	-
Contribution to Pulaski County School Board	_	13,036,646	Φ.	13,864,840	_	13,265,054		599,786
Total Education	\$	13,052,415	\$	13,880,609	\$	13,280,823	\$	599,786
Parks, Recreational and Cultural:								
Parks and Recreation:			1000				100	
Parks Recreation	\$	20,080	\$	35,941	\$	33,035	\$	2,906
Friends of Claytor Lake		334,692 37,378		391,589 102,940		380,126 101,966		11,463 974
Randolph Park		296,725		296,725		287,432		9,293
Claytor Lake Aquatic Restoration		10,000		10,000		201,102		10,000
Claytor Lake Celebration		10,000		10,000		9,500		500
Total Parks and Recreation	\$	708,875	\$	847,195	\$	812,059	\$	35,136
Cultural Enrichment:								
Fine Arts Center	\$	20.050	\$	20,050	S	20,050	¢	2.0
Historical Landmarks	•	6,000		6,000	Ψ	6,000	Ψ	
Friends of the Pulaski Theater		5,000		5,000		5,000		-
Friends of SW Virginia		9,000		9,000		9,000		4
Jamestown 2007 Celebration		50		50		26		24
Total Cultural Enrichment	\$	40,100	\$	40,100	\$	40,076	\$	24
Library:								
Library Administration	\$	512,714	\$	513,865	\$	511,495	\$	2,370
Library State Aid		119,126		122,803		108,368		14,435
Total Library	\$	631,840	\$	636,668	\$	619,863	\$	16,805
Total Parks, Recreation and Cultural	_\$	1,380,815	\$	1,523,963	\$	1,471,998	\$	51,965
Community Development:								
Planning and Community Development:								
Community Development	\$	114,961	\$	114,961	\$	63,677	\$	51,284
Economic Development		54,407		66,150		351,742		(285,592)
Chamber of Commerce		10,000		10,000		10,000		
Industrial Park Maintenance Visitors' Center		625 100,079		625 100,079		125 95,633		500
Planning and Zoning		128,035		145,560		145,209		4,446 351
NRV Planning District Commission		29,065		29,065		29,065		-
Baskerville Housing Project				497,066		292,486		204,580
NRV Home Consortium		2,280		2,280		-		2,280
NR Highland RC&D		700		700		700		19
NRV Business Center		32,200		34,200		27,893		6,307
I 81 Corridor Coalition		5,000		5,000		5,000		64.545
Tourism		5,000		84,547				84,547

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget	*2	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued) General Fund: (continued) Community Development: (continued) Planning and Community Development: (continued)						
Loan to Town of Dublin Contribution to Pulaski County IDA Contribution to Pulaski County PSA	\$	1,481,381 -	5	6,510,305	\$ (19,100) 1,849,737 131,497	\$ 19,100 4,660,568 (131,497)
Total Planning and Community Development	\$	1,963,733	\$	7,600,538	\$ - Web.	\$ 4,616,874
Environmental Management: Contribution to Soil and Water District	_\$	12,637	\$	12,637	\$ 12,637	\$ 
Cooperative Extension Program: Extension Office	\$	106,223	\$	115,564	\$ 109,270	\$ 6,294
Total Community Development	\$	2,082,593	\$	7,728,739	\$ 3,105,571	\$ 4,623,168
Non-Departmental: Revenue Refunds	\$		\$		\$ 62,946	\$ (62,946)
Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Other Fiscal Charges Bond Issuance Costs Total Debt Service	\$	1,734,908 1,063,795		1,603,345 1,199,524	 2,042,293 1,114,718 78,745	 (438,948) 84,806 (78,745)
Total Debt Service	\$	2,798,703	\$	2,802,869	\$ 3,235,756	\$ (432,887)
Total General Fund	\$	44,516,314	\$	53,791,545	\$ 46,406,035	\$ 7,385,510
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Tornado Relief Fund: Health and Welfare: Welfare:						
Tornado relief cleanup	\$		\$	482,722	\$ 466,818	\$ 15,904
Total Tomado Relief Fund	\$		\$	482,722	\$ 466,818	\$ 15,904
Highway Maintenance Fund: Public Works: Streets and Highways:						 *
NRCC New Road Entrance	\$		\$	752,184	\$ 174,174	\$ 578,010
Total Highway Maintenance Fund	\$		\$	752,184	\$ 174,174	\$ 578,010
Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	\$		\$	1,234,906	\$ 640,992	\$ 593,914
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds: School Construction Fund: Capital Projects:						
Pulaski County High School Middle Schools School Administrative Office	\$	2	\$	130,805	\$ 236 6,044 4,542	\$ (236) 124,761 (4,542)
Miscellaneous		=		<u>i</u>	38	(4,542)
Total Capital Projects	\$		\$	130,805	\$ 10,860	\$ 119,945
Total School Construction Fund	\$		\$	130,805	\$ 10,860	\$ 119,945

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued) Nonmajor Capital Project Funds: (continued) County CIP Fund: General Government Administration:								
General and Financial Administration: County Administrator	\$		\$	114,295	\$	-	\$	114,295
Treasurer				9,469		40.040		9,469
Information Technology Communications		30,000		309,600 224,423		40,046 67,911		269,554 156,512
Property Assessment		200,000		264,353		264,104		249
Commissioner of Revenue		-	_	464,771		51,803		412,968
Total General Government Administration	\$	230,000	\$	1,386,911	\$_	423,864	\$	963,047
Public Safety								
Law Enforcement and Traffic Control:	2		0.					
Sheriff	_\$	384,300	\$	2,680,736	\$	2,034,967	\$	645,769
Fire and Rescue Services:								
Volunteer Emergency Operations	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	-	\$	20,000
Volunteer Fire Departments Total Fire and Rescue Services	\$	1,097,463	\$	1,427,900	\$	534,864 534,864	m	893,036
Total File and Nescue Services	<u> </u>	1,117,463	Ф	1,447,900	Ф	534,864	\$	913,036
Inspections:	27							
Building Inspection	_\$	-	\$	18,911	\$	20,164	\$	(1,253)
Other Protection:								
Animal Control	_\$	16,000	\$	24,976	\$	22,441	\$	2,535
Total Public Safety	\$	1,517,763	s	4,172,523	\$	2,612,436	S.	1,560,087
EST MANY SECURITY TO		1,017,1100		1,112,020		2,012,100	Ψ	1,000,007
Public Works:  Maintenance of Highways, Streets, Bridges, and Sidewalks								
Maintenance	\$		\$	462,593	\$	67,200	\$	395,393
Maintenance of General Building and Grounds:								
General Properties	\$		\$	1,761,683	\$	1,144,975	\$	616,708
Total Public Works	\$		\$	2,224,276	s	1,212,175	2	1,012,101
AMERICANA CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR			Ψ	Say Sada Tida I U	Ψ	1,212,170	Ψ	1,012,101
Health and Welfare: Welfare:								
Public Assistance	\$	_	\$	925.000	S	43,532	\$	881,468
				020,000	-	10,002	Ψ	001,100
Education:								
Other Instructional Costs: School Buses	\$	282,000	S	282.000	\$	277,996	¢	4,004
		Loziogo	Ψ	202,000		211,000	Ψ.	4,004
Parks, Recreational and Cultural:								
Parks and Recreation: Parks	\$		\$	10,000	e.		\$	10,000
Recreation	Ψ.	10,000	*	300,610	Ψ	9,211	Ψ	291,399
Friends of Claytor Lake				189,938		189,937		1
Loving field NRV Fair		28,000		154,550		74,557		79,993
Historical landmarks		20,000		28,000 1,258		68,619		(40,619) 1,258
Total Parks and Recreation	\$	38,000	\$	684,356	\$	342,324	\$	342,032
Cultural Enrichment:	V7 200			7				
Cultural Enrichment: Library	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	10,850	\$	9,150
anacidus.		20,000	Ψ	20,000	W	10,000	Ψ	3,130
Total Darks Dears-Nove-1 C. Novel	m	F0 000	m	7610-				924 1292 (949 PAPE)
Total Parks, Recreation and Cultural	_ \$	58,000	э	704,356	Þ	353,174	\$	351,182

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued) Nonmajor Capital Project Fund: (continued) County CIP Fund: (continued) Community Development:								
Planning and Community Development: Planning and Zoning	\$		\$	00 500	e e	443	•	00.504
County building improvements	Φ	50,000	Φ	22,500 123,168	Ф	(1)	Ф	22,501 123,168
Other community development		30,000		34.875		24,875		10,000
Contribution to REMSI		80,000		220,000		220,000		-
Total Community Development	\$	130,000	\$	400,543	\$	244,874	\$	155,669
Total County CIP Fund	\$	2,217,763	\$	10,095,609	\$	5,168,051	\$	4,927,558
Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	_\$_	2,217,763	\$	10,226,414	\$	5,178,911	\$	5,047,503
Total Primary Government	\$	46,734,077	\$	65,252,865	\$	52,225,938	\$	13,026,927
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board: School Operating Fund: Education:								
Administration of schools:								
Administration, health and attendance	\$	2,046,954	\$	2,027,142	\$	2,184,659	\$	(157,517)
Instructional:								
Instruction	\$	32,062,311	\$	32,475,175	\$	31,966,040	\$	509,135
Other operating costs								
Pupil transportation	S	2.282.686	\$	2,296,940	\$	2,275,992	\$	20,948
Operation and maintenance of school plant	- 1	4,960,940	5	4,966,498	75	5,060,162		(93,664)
Food services		2,475,925		2,475,925		2,433,330		42,595
Technical resources		1,982,965		2,013,452		1,889,536		123,916
Facilities		-		829,063		430,595		398,468
Total other operating costs	\$	11,702,516	\$	12,581,878	\$	12,089,615	\$	492,263
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board	\$	45,811,781	\$	47,084,195	\$	46,240,314	\$	843,881



### County of Pulaski, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Eight Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Government Administration	Judicial Administration	Public Safety	Public Works	Health and Welfare	Education	Parks, Recreation, and Cultural		Community Development		Interest on Long- Term Debt		Total
2013-14 \$	2,674,206	\$ 1,444,538	\$ 8,526,040	\$ 1,601,211	\$ 11,482,125	\$ 14.300.540	\$ 1,424,232	5	3,023,726	\$	1.210.907	\$	45.687.525
2012-13	3,029,596	1,663,626	8,279,912	2,457,115	11,585,645	12,845,614	1,676,018	177	1,872,699	ē.	1,135,681	3.7	44,545,906
2011-12	2,733,560	1,594,599	8,092,547	1,701,286	11,078,762	14,686,128	1,457,169		7,503,176		1,145,941		49,993,168
2010-11	2,354,362	1,598,836	7,767,882	1,631,480	10,646,521	12,492,540	1,461,399		4,730,543		938,678		43,622,241
2009-10	2,227,515	1,548,396	7,995,638	1,480,384	11,030,808	10,321,494	1,345,770		5,006,587		1.661.533		42,618,125
2008-09	2,645,693	1,483,884	6,411,555	1,426,527	10,201,396	13,587,527	1,411,956		3,808,164		1,289,490		42,266,192
2007-08	2,232,051	1,292,617	7,349,363	208,747	9,705,772	12,024,573	1,405,132		1,642,552		1,378,323		37,239,130
2006-07	2,103,757	1,238,375	7,335,947	682,855	8,562,139	10,531,127	1,411,041		963,542		764,711		33,593,494

### County of Pulaski, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Eight Fiscal Years

0		Pro	gram Revenues		2000			G	eneral Reveni	Jes				
Fiscal Year	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	©.	General Property Taxes	Other Local Taxes		Unrestricted Investment Earnings		Miscellaneous	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs		Total
2013-14 \$	715,688	S	12,782,630	\$ 268,452	\$	24,368,213	\$ 6,839,403	\$	405,155	\$	127,828	\$ 2.651.916 \$	ŝ	48,159,285
2012-13	715,424		12,238,191	366,974		23,279,472	6,581,448		433,446		118,247	3.572.616		47,305,818
2011-12	725,715		12,511,682	72,633		21,993,777	6,523,924		379,141		391,985	2,514,364		45,113,221
2010-11	1,256,990		11,842,138	1,766,976		21,623,192	5,617,664		329,563		394,290	1,040,960		43,871,773
2009-10	1,212,825		12,010,339	3,682,304		21,173,271	5,171,842		297,227		208,630	2,631,288		46,387,726
2008-09	1,236,901		12,077,362	-		20,175,233	6,565,919		540,453		526,812	2,143,390		43,266,070
2007-08	476,063		11,410,564	90		19,521,565	6,775,619		1,498,977		18,634	1,863,623		41,565,045
2006-07	640,715		10,311,656	81,476		18,839,172	6,580,583		1,167,434		57,658	1,868,491		39,547,185

### County of Pulaski, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Go	General overnment ministration	Judicial ministration	Public Safety	Public Works	1	Health and Welfare	E	ducation (2)	Parks, Recreation, nd Cultural	Community evelopment	Dep	Non- artmental	:	Debt Service (3)	Total
2013-14	\$	2,760,506	\$ 1,763,092	\$ 10,944,572	\$ 3,190,606	\$	11,523,164	\$	46,534,079	\$ 1,825,172	\$ 3,350,445	\$	62,946	\$	3,235,756	\$ 85,190,338
2012-13		3,022,341	1,658,842	8,687,200	2,945,057		11,833,951		46,184,157	1,779,669	1,987,979		48,676		3,392,643	81,540,515
2011-12		2,290,446	1,620,149	8,029,761	1,812,147		11,360,061		46,334,107	1,604,803	7,635,743		( <del>-</del> )		3,366,806	84,054,023
2010-11		2,127,956	1,581,628	7,775,675	1,542,354		10,859,550		44,568,538	1,547,452	4,840,124		*		3,185,949	78.029.226
2009-10		1,982,852	1,547,625	7,370,735	1,408,091		11,192,888		47,643,617	1,397,056	5,571,584		*		11,032,436	89.146,884
2008-09		2,583,215	1,479,967	7,241,921	1,468,888		10,394,049		48,062,018	1,825,172	3,350,445		62,946		3,293,977	79,762,598
2007-08		2,121,307	1,330,527	7,030,814	1,268,510		9,669,237		46,646,147	1,399,957	1,596,685		1#1		2,634,931	73,698,115
2006-07		2,102,862	1,270,573	7,521,231	1,142,631		8,532,401		45,176,749	1,336,274	1,025,802		+		2,003,993	70,112,516
2005-06		1,760,609	1,123,294	6,704,826	1,099,401		8,386,534		42,441,597	1,425,356	4,371,013		7,818		2,295,970	69.616.418
2004-05		1,674,073	1,080,946	5,560,193	952,694		7,707,076		41,485,801	1,281,964	474.394		100000		2,452,233	62,669,374

Includes Primary Government (excluding School Construction) and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.
 Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.
 Debt service increased in fiscal year 2009-10 due to repayment of the IDA lease revenue note in the amount of \$7,735,000.

### County of Pulaski, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Property Taxes	Other Local Taxes	Priv R	Permits, vilege Fees, egulatory Licenses	Fo	Fines and rfeitures	ti M	venue from ne Use of oney and Property	Charges for Services	Mis	cellaneous	ı	Recovered Costs	gov	Inter- ernmental (2)	Total
2013-14	\$ 24,638,943	\$ 6,839,403	\$	137,443	\$	97,337	\$	420,047	\$ 1,477,261	S	188,158	\$	2,064,141	\$	46,426,984	\$ 82,289,717
2012-13	23,174,130	6,581,448		135,413		72,758		445,996	1,618,580		130,309		3,557,119		47,237,838	82,953,591
2011-12	21,788,104	6,523,924		129,393		35,874		398,689	1,706,348		430,075		1,829,882		47,272,325	80,114,614
2010-11	21,658,330	5,617,664		692,279		37,738		340,570	1,594,988		529,614		1,853,759		45,719,285	78,044,227
2009-10	20,836,110	5,171,842		664,789		31,439		311,542	1,528,819		222,348		1,947,692		52,933,326	83,647,907
2008-09	20,112,490	6,565,919		708,997		24,895		562,575	1,551,254		536,379		1,558,694		49,182,768	80,803,971
2007-08	19,158,479	6,775,619		704,918		34,685		1,540,511	1,567,349		26,151		1,219,985		46.144.874	77.172.571
2006-07	18,762,559	6,580,583		125,564		46,158		804,624	1,571,533		337,750		1,523,869		45,088,763	74,841,403
2005-06	18,162,045	5,972,264		131,295		41,858		443,408	1,546,531		248,459		1,087,512		41,256,945	68,890,317
2004-05	18,104,757	5,393,167		128,038		42,290		132,667	1,451,416		324,965		988,947		39,864,833	66,431,080

Includes Primary Government (excluding School Construction) and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.
 Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.

## County of Pulaski, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy (1)	Co	Current Tax ollections (1)	Perc of Le Collec	evy	elinquent Tax Ilections (1)	(	Total Tax Collections	Perce Total Collect to Tax	Tax tions	D	utstanding Jelinquent Taxes (1)	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2013-14	\$ 25,423,667	\$	24,353,550		95.79%	\$ 1,332,766	\$	25,686,316	10	1.03%	\$	2,978,078	11.71%
2012-13	25,044,163		24,190,958		96.59%	160,657		24,351,615	9	7.23%		2,434,494	9.72%
2011-12	24,009,139		22,561,415		93.97%	761,290		23,322,705	9	7.14%		2,612,718	10.88%
2010-11	23,286,597		22,070,924		94.78%	540,891		22,611,815	9	7.10%		2,970,797	12.76%
2009-10	22,938,080		22,037,293		96.07%	82,243		22,119,536	9	6.43%		2,468,936	10.76%
2008-09	21,519,644		21,160,816		98.33%	120,144		21,280,960	9	8.89%		2,571,593	11.95%
2007-08	19,683,092		18,819,285		95.61%	80,471		18,899,756	9	6.02%		2,400,211	12.19%
2006-07	20,591,949		19,426,752		94.34%	629,228		20,055,980	9	7.40%		2,356,776	11.45%
2005-06	20,067,829		19,084,868		95.10%	507,414		19,592,282	9	7.63%		2,529,481	12.60%
2004-05	19,428,887		18,455,844		94.99%	818,692		19,274,536	9	9.21%		2,672,458	13.76%

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes penalty and interest.

## County of Pulaski, Virginia Assessed Value (1) of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Real Year Estate			70000	Personal Property and Mobile Home	Machinery and Tools		hants' tal (3)	Public Service (2)		Total
2013-14	\$	2,771,466,000	\$	309,328,321	\$ 187,946,761	\$	*	\$ 132,601,989	\$	3,401,343,071
2012-13		2,855,125,100		309,328,321	187,946,761		_	134,148,506	- 45	3,486,548,688
2011-12		2,749,057,900		283,251,757	173,603,157		=	132,152,095		3,338,064,909
2010-11		2,607,713,654		277,054,341	186,011,482			132,610,234		3,203,389,711
2009-10		2,627,789,925		285,048,023	182,554,833		2	129,791,012		3,225,183,793
2008-09		2,286,209,060		311,944,879	127,627,258		10.00	91,287,377		2,817,068,574
2007-08		1,984,287,485		288,718,297	174,231,700	5,33	30,647	95,857,158		2,548,425,287
2006-07		1,913,504,855		273,746,922	177,909,011	5,08	39,159	104,176,431		2,474,426,378
2005-06		1,814,259,150		288,658,112	153,283,772	5,20	2,461	104,039,526		2,365,443,021
2004-05		1,780,786,569		248,618,931	170,603,751	6,24	16,179	123,962,648		2,330,218,078
2003-04		1,529,881,242		250,882,360	190,311,291	7,61	9,766	80,403,745		2,059,098,404

- (1) Assessments at 100% of fair market value.
- (2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.
- (3) The County stopped collecting merchants' capital taxes in fiscal year 2008-09.

### County of Pulaski, Virginia **Property Tax Rates (1)**

Table 7

## **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Personal Property	Machinery and Tools	Merchants' Capital (7)	Mobile Homes
2013-14 (6) \$	0.54/0.59 \$	2.14 \$	1.50 \$	<b>\$</b>	0.54
2012-13 (5)	0.54/0.59	2.14	1.50		0.54
2011-12	0.54	2.14	1.50	14	0.54
2010-11	0.54	2.14	1.50	-	0.54
2009-10 (4)	0.50/0.54	2.14	1.50	2	0.50
2008-09 (3)	0.62/0.50	2.14	1.50	=	0.50
2007-08	0.62	2.00	1.50	4.80	0.62
2006-07	0.62	2.00	1.50	4.80	0.62
2005-06	0.62	2.00	1.50	4.80	0.62
2004-05	0.62	2.00	1.50	4.80	0.62

- (1) Per \$100 of assessed value.
- (2) Real estate/mobile home rates decreased from \$0.66 to \$0.62 beginning with the first half 2004.
- (3) Real estate rates decreased from \$0.62 to \$0.50 beginning with the first half 2009.
- (4) Real estate rates increased from \$0.50 to \$0.54 beginning with the first half 2010.
- (5) Real estate rates increased from \$0.54 to \$.59 beginning with the first half 2013
- (5) Real estate rates increased from \$0.54 to \$.59 beginning with the first half 2014
- (6) The County stopped collecting merchants' capital taxes in fiscal year 2008-09.

County of Pulaski, Virginia

Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Population (1)		Assessed Value (in ousands) (2)		Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Bo De	Net onded bt per apita
2013-14	34,872	\$ 3,401,343	\$	25,721,676	\$ 25,721,676	0.76%	\$	738
2012-13	34,872	 3,486,549	•	26,807,252	 26,807,252	0.77%	**	769
2011-12	34,872	3,338,065		28,919,439	28,919,439	0.87%		829
2010-11	34,872	3,203,390		30,994,428	30,994,428	0.97%		889
2009-10	35,127	3,225,184		33,006,407	33,006,407	1.02%		940
2008-09	35,127	2,817,069		35,315,701	35,315,701	1.25%		1,005
2007-08	35,127	2,548,425		36,984,070	36,984,070	1.45%		1,053
2006-07	35,127	2,474,426		30,478,933	30,478,933	1.23%		868
2005-06	35,127	2,365,443		15,478,557	15,478,557	0.65%		441
2004-05	35,127	2,330,218		16,917,563	16,917,563	0.73%		482

<sup>(1)</sup> Bureau of the Census.

<sup>(2)</sup> Assessments at 100% of fair market value.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill post-closure monitoring, capital lease and compensated absences.

Table 9
County of Pulaski, Virginia
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General
Governmental Expenditures (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

			 110 110	-	0		49	
Fiscal Year	M.	Principal	 Interest		Total Debt Service	40 <u>00</u> 00	Total General overnmental xpenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
2013-14	\$	2,042,293	\$ 1,114,718	\$	3,157,011	\$	85,190,338	3.71%
2012-13		2,169,831	1,222,812		3,392,643		81,540,515	4.16%
2011-12		2,074,988	1,291,818		3,366,806		84,054,023	4.01%
2010-11		2,094,711	1,091,238		3,185,949		78,029,226	4.08%
2009-10		9,442,120	1,590,316		11,032,436		89,146,884	12.38%
2008-09		1,757,773	1,536,795		3,294,568		79,762,598	4.13%
2007-08		1,269,450	1,365,481		2,634,931		73,698,115	3.58%
2006-07		1,198,429	805,564		2,003,993		70,112,516	2.86%
2005-06		1,573,874	722,096		2,295,970		69,616,418	3.30%
2004-05		1,661,203	791,030		2.452.233		62 669 374	3 91%

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes Primary Government (excluding School Construction) and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.



### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Supervisors County of Pulaski, Virginia Pulaski, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Pulaski, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise County of Pulaski, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2014.

### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Pulaski, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rollinson, James, Ly Associates Blacksburg, Virginia December 22, 2014

### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To the Board of Supervisors County of Pulaski Pulaski, Virginia

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Pulaski, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. County of Pulaski, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Pulaski, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States*, *Local Governments*, and *Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Pulaski, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of Pulaski, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rollinson, James, la Associates Blacksburg, Virginia December 22, 2014

### County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Page-Proces  Programmers   Page-Proces  Programs   Page-Proces  Programs   Page-Proces  Programs   Page-Proces  Program   Page-Proces	Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditure
Department of Social Services   1,004.6   1,005.6   1,	Department of Health and Human Services:			
Chick Care and Development Block Grant Chick Care and Development Pland Chick Care and Development Pland Chick Care Mandethy and Matching Plands of the Chick Care and Development Fund Signature Promoting Safe and States feathers Temporary Assistance for Network Plantilles (TAMF) Temporary Assistance for Network Plantilles (TAMF) Temporary Assistance State Activities for Network Plantilles (TAMF) Temporary Assistance State (TAMF) Temporary Assis				
Child Care Mandationy and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund Phomoling State of Stable Premiser Temporary Assistance for Neady Families (TANF)  Refugee and Entrent Assistance - Stabe Administrated Programs Low-Income Forms Energy Assistance State Office State Sta		00 575	00545	8
Promoting Sate and State's Parnises   90.257, 90.009, 90.0076   20.568   10.009, 90.0076   10.009, 90.00				0000 2007 <b>3</b> 00
Primording sinds and Stables Families   \$3.555   \$2.0249, 990900   \$2.0881   \$7.000000000000000000000000000000000000	The state of the s	00,000		80,087
Relisque and Enhant Assistance - Salea Administrand Programs		93.556		20,869
Reliupe and Entrant Assistance - State Administrant Programs   \$3.56   \$0.911, \$0.12, \$0.22, \$0.227, \$0.225, \$0.227, \$0.225, \$0.227, \$0.225, \$0.227, \$0.225, \$0.227, \$0.225, \$0.227, \$0.225,	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558		478,613
Section   Chains				
Reflage and Eritard Assistance - Solate Administratory Programs				
	Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566		3.036
Fosier Cere - Title IV-E		93.568		54,180
				3,594
March   Marc	Poster Care - Title IV-E	93.658		812,989
Adaption Assistance				
Adoption Assistance				
Adoption Assistance  Social Services Block Grant  Social Services Block Grant  Social Services Block Grant  Chairee Foster Care Independence Program  Chairee Foster Care Independence Program  Chairee Foster Care Independence Program  Social Services Block Grant  Social Services Block Grant Services Block Grant  Social Services Block Grant Services B				
Social Services Block Grant  93.67  90120, 901222, 901223, 902430 331,404  Childree Foster Care Independence Program S3.777  903777  903777  903777  903777  901010, 200222, 200243, 90028, 900390  13.488  Medical Assistance Program 90.3699  90.3637  71,168  20288, 80401, 90446, 807701  90.9058  20288, 80401, 90446, 807701  90.9059  20288, 80401  90.9059  20288, 80401  90.9059  20288, 80401  90.9059				
Social Services Block Grant  Social Services Block Grant  93.676  0102.0, 90122, 90123, 90224, 90334, 90224  903425, 903226, 90339, 90300  903426, 903226, 903326, 90320, 90330  903426, 903226, 903326, 903326, 90320  13.488  Children's Health Insurance Program  Children's Health Insurance Program  93.677  Chaifee Education and Training Vouchers Program  93.698  10 Expartment of Health and Muman Services  10 Expartment of Health and Muman Services  10 Expartment of Agriculture:  Pass-brough Payments:  Department of Scial Services  National School Lunch Program (Note 3) (Child Nutrition Cluster)  National School Lunch Program (Note 3) (Child Nutrition Cluster)  National School Lunch Program (Note 3) (Child Nutrition Cluster)  Pass-brough Payments:  Department of Scial Services:  10.565  10	Adoption Assistance	93.659		421,107
Section   Sect	Sacial Services Black Const			2000
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program   93.674   93.674   90.6224   90.7022   90.7022   90.702   9	Social Scivices Dioux Cignit	93.667		331,404
Chiefer Foste Care Independence Program 93.776 90224 90202, 90202				
Children's Health Insurance Program Medical Asstetance Program (93.76 8010), 60222, 90402, 90702 48,8508 Medical Asstetance Program (93.77 8010), 60146, 90273, 90221 48,8508 Medical Asstetance Program (93.569 80401, 90446, 90701 903268, 80401, 90446, 90701 903268, 80401, 90446, 90701 903268, 80401, 90446, 90701 903268, 80401, 90446, 90701 903268, 80401, 90446, 90701 903268, 80401, 90446, 90701 903268, 80401, 90446, 90701 903268, 80401, 90446, 90701 903268, 80401, 90446, 90701 903268, 80401, 90446, 90701 903268, 80401, 90446, 90701 903268, 80401, 90446, 90701 903268, 80401, 90446, 90701 903268, 80401, 90446, 90701 903268, 80401, 90446, 90701 903268, 80401, 90446, 90701 903268, 80401, 90446, 90701 903268, 90401, 907	Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674		13.495
Medical Assistance Program  Medical Assistance Program  Chifese Education and Training Vouchers Program  Residunce of Medical Assistance Program  Residual Residua				
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program   93.599   90353   7.186	Medical Assistance Program	93.778	90101, 90146, 90213, 90221	428,508
Charles Education and Training Vouchers Program   93.599   90353   7.186   2.6770.121   2.6770				
Separation of Agriculture:   \$2,670,121	Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program	02 500		- 111
artment of Agriculture: Pass-Prough Payments: Department of Agriculture: Summer Food Service Program for Children (Child Nutrition Cluster) 10.559 Unknown 5.65,731 Taean Nutrition Grants 2.5 119,843 5.000 National School Lunch Program (Note 3) (Child Nutrition Cluster) 10.555 40623 \$119,843 5.000 National School Lunch Program (Note 3) (Child Nutrition Cluster) 10.555 40623 \$119,843 5.000 Department of Education: 8.000		95.099	80303	
Pass-Intrough Payments:   Department of Agriculture:   Summer Food Service Program for Children (Child Nutrition Cluster)   10.559	I Department of Health and Human Services			\$ 2,670,121
Department of Agriculture:				
Summer Food Service Program for Children (Child Nutrition Cluster) 10.559   Unknown 10.576   Not available 10.500   National School Lunch Program (Note 3) (Child Nutrition Cluster) 10.555   40623   \$119,843   5,000   National School Lunch Program (Note 3) (Child Nutrition Cluster) 10.555   40623   \$119,843   119,				
Team Nurtition Grants   10.574   Not available   5.000   10.500		440000		
Department of Education:   10,555   40623   \$ 119,843				
Department of Education:   National School Lunch Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)   10.555   40823   880,490   1.100.333   School Breakfast Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)   10.565   40823   40591   320,474   School Breakfast Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)   10.565   43841   20.494   320,474   School Breakfast Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)   10.565   43841   20.494   320,474   320,				
National School Lunch Program (Child Nutrition Cluster) 10.555 40623 960,490 1.100,333 School Breakfasts Program (Child Nutrition Cluster) 10.563 40591 10.665 43841 20,484 20,48	( one realist sugger)	10.000	40023	119,043
School Breakfast Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)				
Schools and Roads - Grants to States   10.865   43841   20,4384				980,490 1,100,333
Department of Social Services:  State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program  al Department of Agriculture  partment of Justice:  Pass-through Payments:  Department of Criminal Justice Services:  Crime Victim Assistance  partment of Transportation:  Pass-through payments:  Department of Motor Vehicles:  Alcohol Open Container Requirements  State and Community Highway Safety  and Co				320,474
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program   10.561   90103, 90104, 90212, 90223   30224, 90403, 90404, 90703   90224, 90403, 90404, 90703   90224, 90403, 90404, 90703   90224, 90403, 90404, 90703   90404, 90404, 90703   90404, 90703   90404, 90703   90404, 90703   90404, 90703   90404, 90703   90404, 90703   90404, 90703   90404, 90	Scribbia and rigads - Statics to States	10.665	43841	20,494
al Department of Agriculture  all Department of Justice:  Pass-through Payments:  Department of Transportation:  Pass-through payments:  Department of Motor Vehicles:  Action Open Container Requirements  Action Open Container Requirements  State and Community Highway Safety  20,600 RS - 2011 51382 4324  11,035  all Department of Education:  Pass-through Payments:  Department of Education Cluster:  Special Education Cluster:  Special Education - Grants to States  Special Education - Freschool Grants  Special Education - Freschool Grants  Title I: Grants to Local Education Agencies  Special Education - Freschool Grants  Special Education - Freschool Grants  The Advanced Placement Program  Advanced Placement Program  Advanced Placement Program  Advanced Placement Grants  School Improvement Sections and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs  Advanced Placement Grants  Safe and Drup-free Schools and Communities National Program  Bay 1,040  1,040	Department of Social Services:			
al Department of Agriculture  al Department of Justice:  partment of Justice:  Department of Criminal Justice Services:  Crime Victim Assistance  artment of Transportation:  Pass-through payments:  Department of Motor Vehicles:  Department of Motor Vehicles:  Department of Motor Vehicles:  Actoriol Open Container Requirements  Al Condition Open Container Requirements  al Department of Education Container Requirements  Be Department of Education:  Pass-through Payments:  Department of Education:  Title I: Grants to Local Education Agencies  Special Education - Grants to States  Special Education - Grants to States  Special Education - Frants of States  Advance Education - Preschool Grants  Special Education - Preschool Grants  Special Education - Preschool Grants  Through Payments:  Special Education - Preschool Grants	State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	90103, 90104, 90212, 90223	\$ 482,180
all Department of Agriculture  artment of Justice:  Pass-through Payments:  Department of Criminal Justice Services:  Crime Victim Assistance  Pass-through peyments:  Department of Transportation:  Pass-through peyments:  Department of Motor Vehicles:  Alcohol Open Container Requirements  State and Community Highway Safety  20,600 RS - 2010 50357 3977 \$ 15,915  State and Community Highway Safety  20,600 RS - 2011 61382 4324 11,035  Sartment of Education:  Pass-through Payments:  Department of Education:  Pass-through Payments:  Department of Education Cluster:  Special Education Cluster:  Special Education - Grants to States  Special Education - Freschool Grants  Special Education - Preschool Grants  Special Education - Preschool Grants  Special Education - Preschool Grants to States  Trently-first Century Community Learning Centers  Advanced Placement Program  Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs  School Improvement Grants  School Improvement Grants  S4,337 4,3040  S6,0747  Safe and Drup-free Schools and Communities National Program  B4,317 4,3040  S6,0747  Safe and Drup-free Schools and Communities National Program  B4,317 4,3040  B6,0747  Safe and Drup-free Schools and Communities National Program  B4,3184 Unknown  18,904  18,9				
Pass-through Payments:   Department of Criminal Justice Services:   Crime Victim Assistance   16.575   09VAGX0007   \$ 61,406	al Department of Addiculture		90704	=
Pass-through Payments:   Department of Criminal Justice Services:   Crime Victim Assistance   16.575   09VAGX0007   \$ 61,406	Apple of the Control			\$ 1,994,212
Department of Criminal Justice Services:   Crime Victim Assistance   16.575   09VAGX0007   \$ 61,406     Pass-through payments:   Department of Motor Vehicles:   Alcohol Open Container Requirements   20.607   \$C-2010 50357 3977   \$ 15,915     State and Community Highway Safety   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     Alcohol Open Container Requirements   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     Alcohol Open Container Requirements   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     Alcohol Open Container Requirements   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     Alcohol Open Container Requirements   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     Alcohol Open Container Requirements   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     Alcohol Open Container Requirements   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     Alcohol Copen Container Requirements   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     Alcohol Copen Container Requirements   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     Alcohol Copen Container Requirements   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     Alcohol Copen Container Requirements   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     Alcohol Copen Container Requirements   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     Alcohol Copen Container Requirements   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     Alcohol Copen Container Requirements   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     Alcohol Copen Container Requirements   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     Alcohol Copen Container Requirements   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     Alcohol Copen Cope				
Crime Victim Assistance   16.575   09VAGX0007   \$ 61,406				
Pass-through payments:  Department of Motor Vehicles:  Alcohol Open Container Requirements State and Community Highway Safety  all Department of Transportation  all Department of Transportation  all Department of Transportation  all Department of Transportation  all Department of Education:  Pass-through Payments:  Department of Education:  Title I: Grants to Local Education Agencies  Special Education Cluster:  Special Education - Grants to States  Special Education - Freschool Grants  Special Education - Passic Grants to States  44.027 43071 903.871  Special Education - Preschool Grants  Special Education - Preschool Grants  Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States  Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers  44.287 60585 336.342  Advanced Placement Program  Gailning Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs  School Improvement Grants  84.337 43040 66.747  Safe and Drug-free Schools and Communities Netional Program  84.367 61480 230.937		18 576	001/4GV0007	8 04 400
Pass-through peyments: Department of Motor Vehicles: Alcohol Open Container Requirements State and Community Highway Safety 20.600 RS - 2011 51382 4324 11,035 Al Department of Trensportation  aritment of Education: Pass-through Payments: Department of Education: Title I: Grants to Local Education Agencies Spacial Education Cluster: Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants Special Education - Preschool Grants Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers Advanced Placement Program Gailing Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs School Improvement Grants Set and Drup-free Schools and Communities National Program Handler Community State Grants Set and Drup-free Schools and Communities National Program Handler Community State Grants Handler Community State Grants Handler Community Handler Program Handler Community Handler Program Handler Community Handler Program Handler Community Handler Program Handler Handler Communities National Program Handler	300 300000000	10:010	NANVOVANIL	3 01,406
Department of Motor Vehicles:   Alcohol Open Container Requirements   20.607   SC-2010 50357 3977   \$ 15,915     State and Community Highway Safety   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     State and Community Highway Safety   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     State and Community Highway Safety   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     State and Community Highway Safety   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     State and Community Highway Safety   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     State and Community Highway Safety   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     State and Community Highway Safety   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035     State and Community Highway Safety   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   10,40,798     State and Community Highway Safety   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   10,40,798     State and Community Highway Safety   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   10,40,798     State and Community Highway Safety   20.600   RS - 2011 51382 4324   10,40,798     State and Community Highway Safety   20.600   20.600   20.600     State and Community Highway Safety   20.600   20.600   20.600     State and Community Highway Safety   20.600   20.600   20.600     State and Community Highway Safety   20.600				
Alcohol Open Container Requirements				
State and Community Highway Safety   20,600 RS - 2011 51382 4324   11,035		DD 00=	00 0040 00000 0000	4
al Department of Transportation  apartment of Education:  Pass-through Payments:  Department of Education:  Title I: Grants to Local Education Agencies  Special Education Cluster:  Special Education - Grants to States  Special Education - Grants to States  Special Education - Preschool Grants  Special Education - Preschool Grants  Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States  Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers  Advanced Placement Program  Gailning Early Aweriness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs  School Improvement Grants  School Improvement Grants  Set and Drug-free Schools and Communities National Program  Hand Communities National Program  Set and Drug-free Schools and Communities N	State and Community Highway Safety			
Pass-through Payments:  Department of Education:  Title I: Grants to Local Education Agencies  Special Education Cluster:  Special Education - Grants to States  Special Education - Preschool Grants  Special Education - Preschool Grants  Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States  Refuge States  Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers  Advanced Placement Program  Gailing Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs  School Improvement Grants  School Improvement Grants  Safe and Drug-free Schools and Communities National Program  Benefit State Grants  School Improving Teacher Quality State Grants  Safe Safe Safe Safe Safe Safe Safe Safe	volumency riginary delacy	∠0.000	NO - 2011 01382 4324	11,035
Pass-through Payments:  Department of Education Court of Education Agencies  Special Education Cluster:  Special Education - Grants to States  Special Education - Preschool Grants  Special Education - Preschool Grants  Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States  Title 1: 36,056  Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States  Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers  Advanced Placement Program  Gailing Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs  School Improvement Grants  Safe and Drug-free Schools and Communities National Program  84,334  N/A  99,276  School Improving Teacher Quality State Grants  84,367  61480  230,937	al Department of Transportation			\$ 26,950
Pass-through Payments:       Department of Education of Education Agencies       84.010       42892, 42901       1,040,798         Special Education Cluster:       Special Education - Grants to States       84.027       43071       903,871         Special Education - Preschool Grants       84.173       62521       36,056         Carreer and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States       84,048       61095       77,788         Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers       84,287       60585       380,342         Advanced Placement Program       84,330       630       630         Gailning Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs       84,334       N/A       99,276         School Improvement Grants       84,377       43040       60,747         Safe and Drug-free Schools and Communities National Program       84,184       Unknown       18,904         Improving Teacher Quality State Grants       84,367       61480       230,937	partment of Education:			
Title I: Grants to Local Education Agencies       84.010       42892, 42901       1,040,798         Spacial Education Cluster:       903,871       903,871         Special Education - Grants to States       84.027       43071       903,871         Special Education - Preschool Grants       84.173       62521       36,056         Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States       84.048       61095       77,768         Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers       84.287       60585       380,342         Advanced Placement Program       84.330       630       630         Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs       84.334       N/A       99,276         School Improvement Grants       84.337       43040       60,747         Safe and Drug-free Schools and Communities National Program       84.184       Unknown       16,904         Improving Teacher Quality State Grants       84.367       61480       230,937	Pass-through Payments:			
Special Education Cluster:         84.027         43071         903,871           Special Education - Freschool Grants         84.173         62521         36,056           Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States         84.048         61095         77,768           Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers         84.287         60585         380,342           Advanced Placement Program         84.330         630         630           Gailing Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs         84.334         N/A         99,276           School Improvement Grants         84.377         43040         60,747           Safe and Drug-free Schools and Communities National Program         84.184         Unknown         16,904           Improving Teacher Quality State Grants         84.367         61480         230,937				
Special Education - Grants to States   84.027   43071   903,871   Special Education - Preschool Grants   84.173   62521   36,056   36,05		84.010	42892, 42901	1,040,798
Special Education - Preschool Grants   S4.173   62521   36,055		04 00=	40074	Na Carlotte
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States   84.048   51095   77,768				
Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers         84.287         60585         380,342           Advanced Placement Program         84,930         630           Galining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs         84,334         N/A         99,276           School Improvement Grants         84,377         43040         60,747           Safe and Drug-free Schools and Communities National Program         84,184         Unknown         16,904           Improving Teacher Quality State Grants         84,367         61480         230,937				
Advanced Placement Program 84.330 630 Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs 84.334 N/A 99,276 School Improvement Grants 84.377 43040 60,747 Safe and Drug-free Schools and Communities National Program 84.184 Unknown 16,904 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants 84.367 61480 230,937				
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs 84.334 N/A 99,276 School Improvement Grants 84.377 43040 60,747 Safe and Drug-free Schools and Communities National Program 84.184 Unknown 16,904 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants 84.367 61480 230,937	Advanced Placement Program			
School Improvement Grants 84.377 43040 60,747 Safe and Drug-free Schools and Communities National Program 84.184 Unknown 16,904 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants 84.367 61480 230,937		84.334		99,276
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants 84.367 61480 230,937			43040	60,747
Ellipson of Education				16,904
al Department of Education	improving readiler quality state Grants	84.367	61480	230,937
	al Department of Education			\$ 2,847,329

### County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Housing and Community Development:			
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	50797	\$ 617,829
Department of Homeland Security:			
Pass-through Payments:			
Department of Emergency Management:			
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	52749	\$ 39,967
State Homeland Security Program	97.073		74,967
Total Department of Homeland Security			\$ 114,934
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 8,332,781

### Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Note 1 — Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of County of Pulaski, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2014. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of County of Pulaski, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of County of Pulaski, Virginia.

### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

  (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

### Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2014, the County had no food commodities in inventory.

### Note 4 - Relationship to the Financial Statements:

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows: Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary Government:	
General Fund	3,651,071
County CIP Fund	24,681
Tornado Relief Fund	324,696
Less: Payments In Lieu of Taxes	(27,028)
Total Primary Government	\$ 3,973,420
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund	\$ 4,359,361
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 8,332,781

### County of Pulaski, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2014

### Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

### Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No

Significant deficiency(ies)?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

No

### Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No

Significant deficiency(ies)?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133,

Section .510 (a)?

No

### Identification of major programs:

CFDA#	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.553/10.555/10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster
10.561	State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program
84.027/84.173	Special Eudcation Cluster
84.287	Twenty-first Centruy Community Learning Centers
93.558	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families
93.658	Foster Care - Title IV-E
93.659	Adoption Assistance
93.667	Social Services Block Grant

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A

and Type B programs

\$300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

No

### Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There are no financial statement findings to report.

### Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

### Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported